



1.0 Hz to 100 kHz  
Fixed Frequency

16 Pin DIP  
4-Pole Filters

## Description

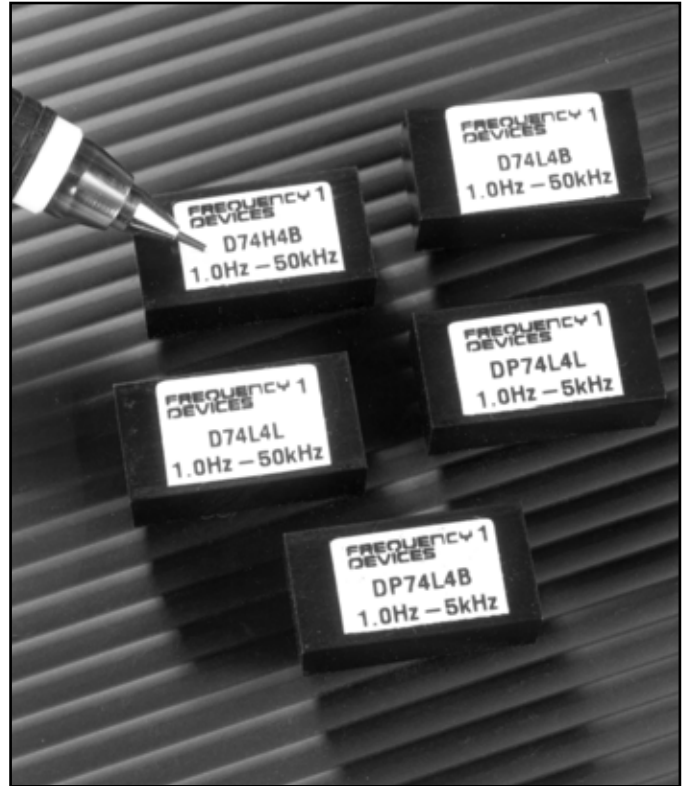
The D74 and DP74 Series of low-power, fixed-frequency, linear active filters are high performance, 4-pole filters in a compact package. These Butterworth and Bessel low-pass and Butterworth high-pass filters (D74 only) combine linear active filter design with the space savings of a 16-pin dual in-line package (DIP). Each model comes factory tuned to a user-specified corner frequency between 1 Hz and 100 kHz (DP74, 1 Hz to 5kHz). These fully self-contained units require no external components or adjustments and operate with dynamic input voltage range from non-critical  $\pm 5V$  to  $\pm 18V$  power supplies.

## Features/Benefits:

- Low cost solution for low frequency signal conditioning
- Compact DIP design minimizes board space requirements
- Plug-in ready-to-use, reducing engineering design and manufacturing time
- Factory tuned, no external clocks or adjustments needed saving time and labor of other discrete assembly solutions
- Low harmonic distortion and wide signal-to-noise ratio to 12 bit resolution

## Applications

- Anti-alias filtering
- Vibration & shock analysis
- Automatic test equipment
- Aerospace, navigation and sonar
- Communication systems
- Medical electronics
- Sound and vibration testing
- Noise elimination
- Process control



## Available Low-Pass Models:

<b>D74L4B</b>	4-pole Butterworth	.....	.2
<b>DP74L4B</b>	4-pole Butterworth (Low Power)	.....	.2
<b>D74L4L</b>	4-pole Bessel	.....	.2
<b>DP74L4L</b>	4-pole Bessel (Low Power)	.....	.2

## Available High-Pass Models:

<b>D74H4B</b>	4-pole Butterworth	.....	.2
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## General Specifications:

Pin-out/package data & ordering information	... 3
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Model	D74L4B & DP74L4B	D74L4L & DP74L4L	Model	D74H4B
<b>Product Specifications</b>	<b>Low-Pass</b>	<b>Low-Pass</b>		<b>High-Pass</b>
<b>Transfer Function</b>	4-Pole, Butterworth	4-Pole, Bessel	<b>Transfer Function</b>	4-Pole, Butterworth
<b>Size</b>	0.88" x 0.46" x 0.375"	0.88" x 0.46" x 0.375"	<b>Size</b>	0.88" x 0.46" x 0.375"
<b>Range <math>f_c</math></b> <b>D74</b> <b>DP74</b>	1 Hz to 100 kHz 1 Hz to 5 kHz	1 Hz to 100 kHz 1 Hz to 5 kHz	<b>Range <math>f_c</math></b>	1 Hz to 100 kHz
<b>Theoretical Transfer Characteristics</b>	Appendix A Page 7	Appendix A Page 2	<b>Theoretical Transfer Characteristics</b>	Appendix A Page 27
<b>Passband Ripple</b> (theoretical)	0.0 dB	0.0 dB	<b>Passband Ripple</b> (theoretical)	0.0 dB
<b>DC Voltage Gain</b> (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB typ.	0 ± 0.1 dB typ.	<b>Voltage Gain</b> (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB to 100 kHz
<b>Stopband Attenuation Rate</b>	24 dB/octave	24 dB/octave	<b>Stopband Attenuation Rate</b>	24 dB/octave
<b>Power Bandwidth</b>			<b>Power Bandwidth</b>	120 kHz
<b>Small Signal Bandwidth</b>			<b>Small Signal Bandwidth</b>	(-6 dB) 1 MHz
<b>Cutoff Frequency Stability</b> <b>Amplitude</b> <b>Phase</b>	$f_c$ ± 2% max. ± 0.03% /°C -3 dB -180°	$f_c$ ± 2% max. ± 0.03% /°C -3 dB -121°	<b>Cutoff Frequency Stability</b> <b>Amplitude</b> <b>Phase</b>	$f_c$ ± 2% max. ± 0.03% /°C -3 dB -180°
<b>Filter Attenuation</b> (theoretical)	0.67 dB      0.80 $f_c$ 3.01 dB      1.00 $f_c$ 60.0 dB      5.62 $f_c$ 80.0 dB      10.0 $f_c$	1.86 dB      0.80 $f_c$ 3.01 dB      1.00 $f_c$ 60.0 dB      8.48 $f_c$ 80.0 dB      15.12 $f_c$	<b>Filter Attenuation</b> (theoretical)	80 dB      0.10 $f_c$ 60 dB      0.18 $f_c$ 3.01 dB      1.00 $f_c$ 0.00 dB      4.00 $f_c$
<b>Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz</b> <b>D74</b> <b>DP74</b>	<-70 dB <-70 dB	<-70 dB <-70 dB	<b>Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz</b> <b>D74</b>	<-70 dB
<b>Wide Band Noise</b> (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu$ Vrms typ.	200 $\mu$ Vrms typ.	<b>Wide Band Noise</b> (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	400 $\mu$ Vrms typ.
<b>Narrow Band Noise</b> (20 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu$ Vrms typ.	50 $\mu$ Vrms typ.	<b>Narrow Band Noise</b> (20 Hz - 100 kHz)	100 $\mu$ Vrms typ.
<b>Filter Mounting Assembly</b>	FMA-01A	FMA-01A	<b>Filter Mounting Assembly</b>	FMA-01A



## Specification

(25°C and Vs ± 15 Vdc)

## Pin-Out and Package Data Ordering Information

### Analog Input Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Impedance	10 kΩ min.
Voltage Range	± 10 Vpeak
Max. Safe Voltage	± Vs

### Analog Output Characteristics

Impedance	1 Ω
Linear Operating Range	± 10 V
Maximum Current <sup>2</sup>	
D74	± 10 mA
DP74	± 5 mA
Offset Voltage	10 mV max. 3 mV typ.
Offset Temp. Coeff.	20 μV / °C

### Power Supply (±V)

Rated Voltage	± 15 Vdc
Operating Range	± 5 to ± 18 Vdc
Maximum Safe Voltage	± 18 Vdc
Quiescent Current <b>D74</b>	

5 mA max.  
3 mA typ.

### Quiescent Current **DP74**

1 mA max.  
600 μA typ.

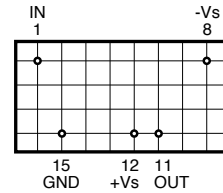
### Temperature

Operating	0 to + 70 °C
Storage	- 25 to + 85 °C

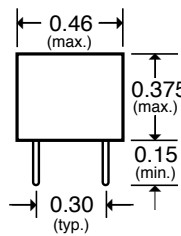
#### Notes:

1. Input and output signal voltage referenced to supply common.
2. Output is short circuit protected to common.  
DO NOT CONNECT TO ±Vs.

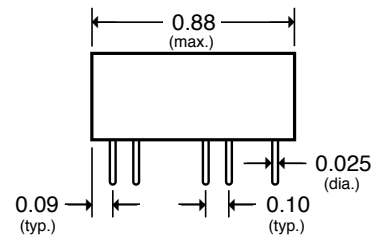
All dimensions are in inches  
All case dimensions ± 0.01"  
Grid Dimensions 0.1" x 0.1"



BOTTOM VIEW



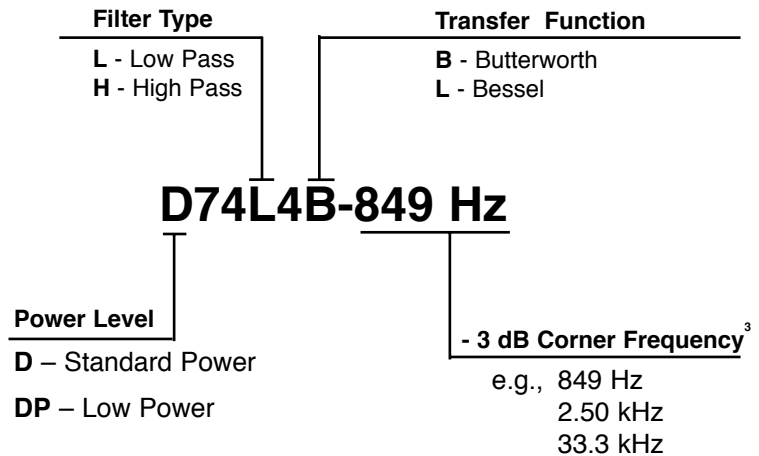
FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Filter Mounting Assembly-See FMA-01A

## Ordering Information



3. How to Specify Corner Frequency:  
Corner frequencies are specified by attaching a three digit frequency designator to the basic model number. Corner frequencies can range from 1 Hz to 100 kHz.

We hope the information given here will be helpful. The information is based on data and our best knowledge, and we consider the information to be true and accurate. Please read all statements, recommendations or suggestions herein in conjunction with our conditions of sale which apply to all goods supplied by us. We assume no responsibility for the use of these statements, recommendations or suggestions, nor do we intend them as a recommendation for any use which would infringe any patent or copyright. IN-00D74-01

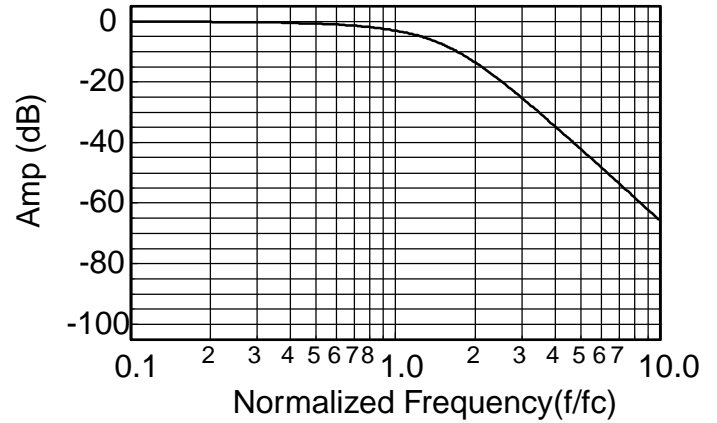


**Appendix A**

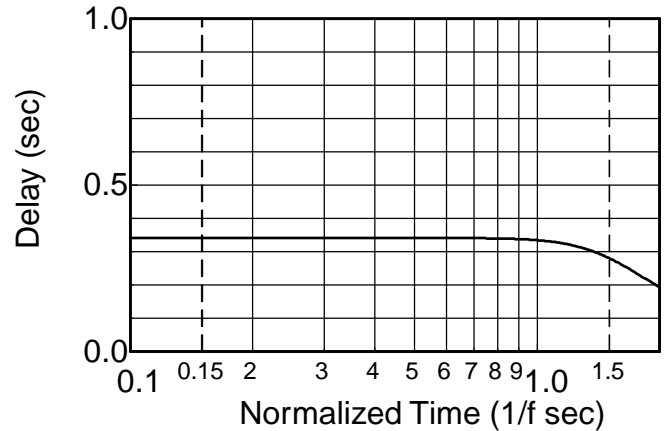
**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.336
0.10	-0.028	-12.1	.336
0.20	-0.111	-24.2	.336
0.30	-0.251	-36.3	.336
0.40	-0.448	-48.4	.336
0.50	-0.705	-60.6	.336
0.60	-1.02	-72.7	.336
0.70	-1.41	-84.8	.336
0.80	-1.86	-96.8	.335
0.85	-2.11	-103	.334
0.90	-2.40	-109	.333
0.95	-2.69	-115	.332
1.00	-3.01	-121	.330
1.10	-3.71	-133	.325
1.20	-4.51	-144	.318
1.30	-5.39	-156	.308
1.40	-6.37	-166	.295
1.50	-7.42	-177	.280
1.60	-8.54	-187	.263
1.70	-9.71	-195	.246
1.80	-10.9	-204	.228
1.90	-12.2	-212	.211
2.00	-13.4	-219	.194
2.25	-16.5	-235	.158
2.50	-19.5	-248	.129
2.75	-22.4	-259	.107
3.00	-25.1	-267	.089
3.25	-27.6	-275	.076
3.50	-30.0	-281	.065
4.00	-34.4	-291	.049
5.00	-41.9	-305	.031
6.00	-48.1	-315	.021
7.00	-53.4	-321	.016
8.00	-58.0	-326	.012
9.00	-62.0	-330	.009
10.0	-65.7	-333	.008

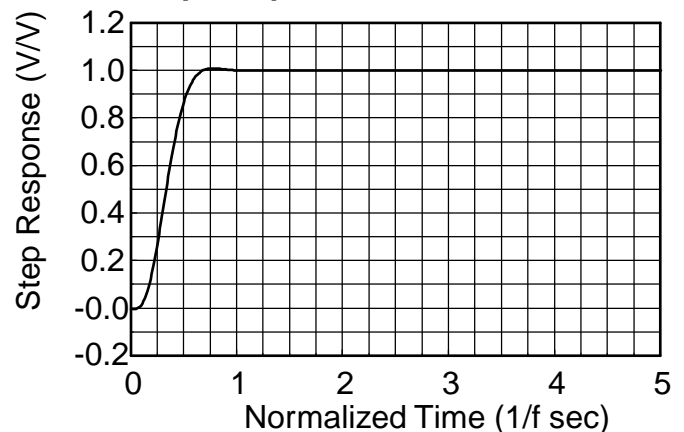
**Frequency Response**



**Delay (Normalized)**



**Step Response**



**1. Normalized Group Delay:**

The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

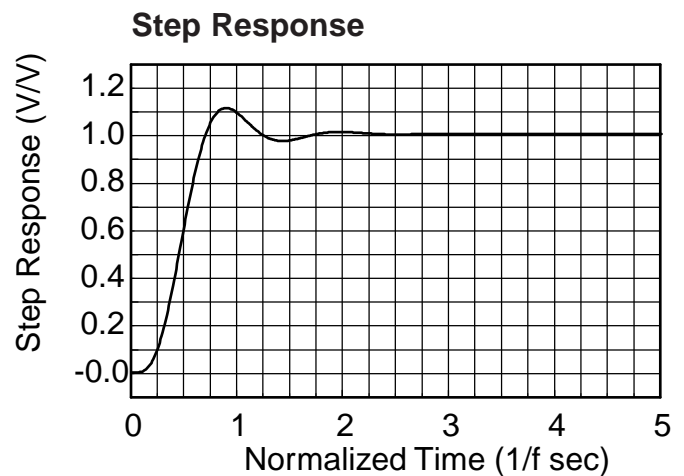
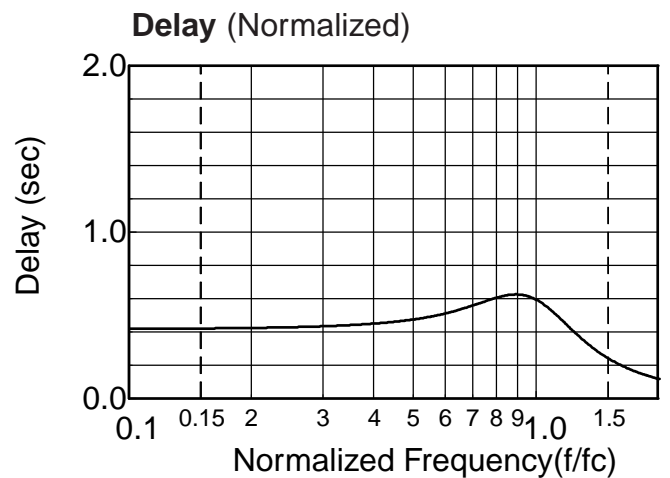
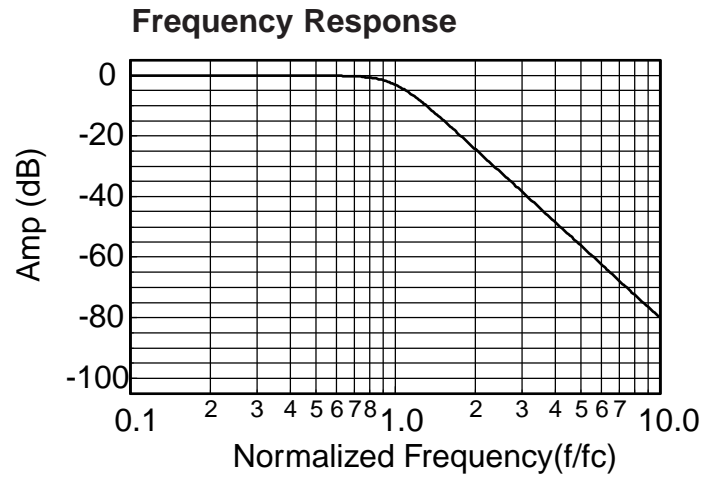
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$



**Appendix A**

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.416
0.10	0.00	-15.0	.418
0.20	0.00	-30.1	.423
0.30	-0.00	-45.5	.433
0.40	-0.003	-61.4	.449
0.50	-0.017	-78.0	.474
0.60	-0.072	-95.7	.511
0.70	-0.243	-115	.558
0.80	-0.674	-136	.604
0.85	-1.047	-147	.619
0.90	-1.555	-158	.622
0.95	-2.21	-169	.612
1.00	-3.01	-180	.588
1.10	-4.97	-200	.513
1.20	-7.24	-217	.427
1.30	-9.62	-231	.350
1.40	-12.0	-242	.289
1.50	-14.3	-252	.241
1.60	-16.4	-260	.204
1.70	-18.5	-266	.175
1.80	-20.5	-272	.152
1.90	-22.3	-277	.134
2.00	-24.1	-282	.119
2.25	-28.2	-291	.091
2.50	-31.8	-299	.072
2.75	-35.1	-304	.059
3.00	-38.2	-309	.049
3.25	-41.0	-313	.041
3.50	-43.5	-317	.035
4.00	-48.2	-322	.027
5.00	-55.9	-330	.017
6.00	-62.3	-335	.012
7.00	-67.6	-339	.009
8.00	-72.2	-341	.007
9.00	-76.3	-343	.005
10.0	-80.0	-345	.004



**1. Normalized Group Delay:**

The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

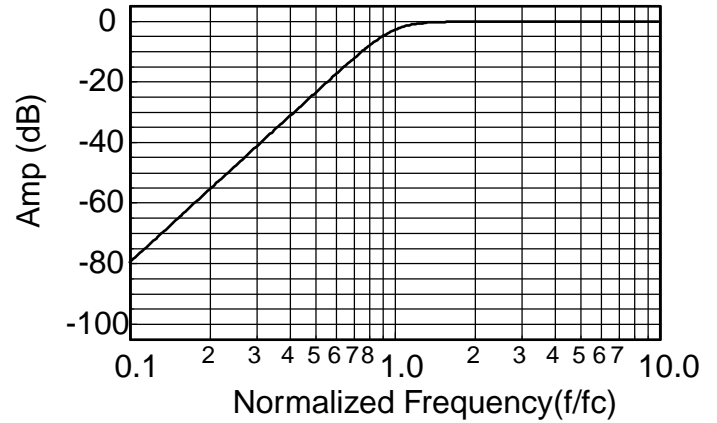
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$



**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.10	-80.0	345	.418
0.20	-55.9	330	.423
0.30	-41.8	314	.433
0.40	-31.8	299	.449
0.50	-24.1	282	.474
0.60	-17.8	264	.511
0.70	-12.6	245	.558
0.80	-8.43	224	.604
0.85	-6.69	213	.619
0.90	-5.22	202	.622
0.95	-3.99	191	.612
1.00	-3.01	180	.588
1.20	-0.908	143	.427
1.40	-0.285	118	.289
1.60	-0.100	100	.204
1.80	-0.039	87.6	.152
2.00	-0.017	78.0	.119
2.50	-0.003	61.4	.072
3.00	-0.001	50.7	.049
4.00	0.00	37.8	.027
5.00	0.00	30.1	.017
6.00	0.00	25.1	.012
7.00	0.00	21.4	.009
8.00	0.00	18.8	.007
9.00	0.00	16.7	.005
10.0	0.00	15.0	.004

**Frequency Response**



**1. Normalized Group Delay:**

The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$