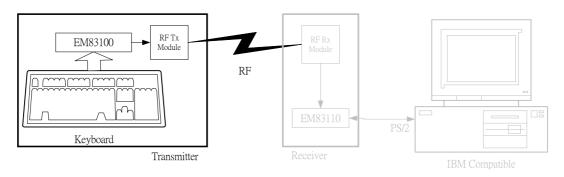


## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

In RF keyboard system, that is divided into two parts (the transmitter and the receiver). The EM83100A micro-controller is dedicated to a RF keyboard encoder for single channel RF transmitter module. The EM83100A is scanning keyboard state, encode key data and rely on RF Tx module to transmit data.



## **FEATURES**

- Low cost eliminate need external components.
- Phantom key detect.
- Resonator oscillator (2.00 MHz)
- Low power CMOS device technology
- Internal pull-up resistor.
- Tri-state outputs for easy board application.
- Built-in 4K ROM.
- Support WINDOWS<sup>TM</sup> 95, 98, 2000 kevs.
- 104/107 keys with multi-media or other special keyboard encoder.
- Support RF transmit module sleep mode (Sleep current under 10µA).
- Warm-up time of RF Tx modules: 7.2μ sec
- Using the device ID to identify which receiver was connected.
  - DIP switch to select. (8 sets ID)
  - Random generate ID (255 sets ID) and store in EEPROM (93LC46)
- Package: 40-pins PDIP, 44-pins QFP

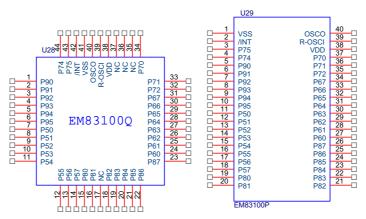
## **APPLICATION**

- Support the single channel or two channels RF transmitter module.
- IBM PC AT or compatible machine keyboard.
- IBM PS/2 model 30,50,60,80 or compatible machine keyboard.
- Japanese keyboard.
- Korean keyboard.
- Brazilian keyboard.
- European keyboard.

<sup>\*</sup> This specification are subject to be changed without notice.



# **PIN ASSIGNMENT**



## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Symbol	I/O	Function		
P50	О	Column 3 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P51	О	Column 4 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P52	О	Column 5 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P53	О	Column 6 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P54	О	Column 7 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P55	О	Column 14 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P56	О	Column 13 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P57	О	Column 12 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P80	О	Column 11 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P81	О	Column 15 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P82	О	Column 10 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P83	О	Column 8 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P84	О	Column 9 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P85	О	Column 0 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P86	О	Column 16 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P87	О	Column 17 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P91	О	Switch DIP control line or Random ID connect bottom		
P90	I	Switch DIP for Device ID bit 2 or connect with DO pin of EEPROM		
P70	О	Connect with CS pin of EEPROM		
P74	I/O	Switch DIP for Device ID bit 1 or connect with SK pin of EEPROM		
P75	I/O	Switch DIP for Device ID bit 0 or connect with DI pin of EEPROM		
P92	О	Channel Control line for RF Transmitter Module		
P93	О	Data Output for RF Transmitter Module connection		
P94	О	Column 1 Low output scan line, 3-state		
P95	О	Column 2 Low output scan line, 3-state		
VSS	I	Ground		
P60	I	Row 0 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		
P61	I	Row 1 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		
P62	I	Row 2 Input Scan line, internal pull high $(17K\Omega)$		
P63	I	Row 3 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		
P64	I	Row 4 Input Scan line, internal pull high $(17K\Omega)$		
P65	I	Row 5 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		
P66	I	Row 6 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		
P67	I	Row 7 Input Scan line, internal pull high (17K $\Omega$ )		

<sup>\*</sup> This specification are subject to be changed without notice.



## Preliminary

VDD	I	I +3V Battery power supply			
OSCO	О	CLOCK output			
OSCI	I	Connect with 2.00MHz Resonator Oscillation			

## **FUNCTION DESCRIPTION**

#### **Encoder buffer**

The EM83100A will buffer 24 bytes first-in-first-out order when the system is able to receive scan codes from the keyboard. The EM83100A generate RF data frame according to FIFO and keyboard status. Then, modulation the data frame into serial signal to RF Tx module. When key pressed, the EM83100A will generate a make code into FIFO. If key not released, EM83100A will generate a make code into FIFO every 200ms. When key released, the EM83100A will generate a break code into FIFO.

#### **Device ID**

The EM83100A has support two device ID mode:

- 1. Controllable ID mode: Using the 3 bits DIP switch to control the device ID.
- 2. Random generate ID mode: Using the push bottom to generates a random device ID (255 sets) and restores in EEPROM (93LC46). The EM83100A will broadcast 10 seconds the new device ID after push bottom released. When battery exchange or reset, the device ID will recovery from EEPROM.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Sym.	Ratings
Temperature under bias	$T_{OPR}$	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature	$T_{STR}$	-65°C to 150°C
Input Voltage	$V_{\rm IN}$	-0.3V to +6V
Output Voltage	$V_{ m OUT}$	-0.3V to +6V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$I_{IL}$	Input Leakage current	$V_{IN}=V_{DD}, V_{SS}$			±1	mA
$V_{ m IH}$	Input High Voltage		2.0			V
$ m V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage				0.8	V
$V_{IHX}$	Clock Input High voltage	OSCI	3.5			V
$V_{ILX}$	Clock Input Low voltage	OSCI			1.5	V
$V_{OH1}$	Output High voltage (Ports 5,6,8,9 and P74,P75)	I <sub>OH</sub> =-12.0mA	2.4			V
$V_{\mathrm{OH2}}$	Output High voltage (P70~P72)(S7=0)	I <sub>OH</sub> =-10.0mA		2		V
$V_{OH3}$	Output High Voltage (P70~P72)(S7=0)	I <sub>OH</sub> =-10.0mA	2.4			V
$V_{OL1}$	Output Low Voltage (ports 5,6,8,9 and P74~P75)	I <sub>OL</sub> =5.0mA			0.4	V
$V_{OL2}$	Output Low voltage (P70~P72)(S7=0)	I <sub>OL</sub> =12.0mA			0.4	V
$V_{OL3}$	Output Low Voltage (P70~P72)(S7=1)(P76~P77)	$I_{OL}=10.0$ mA		3		V
$I_{PH}$	Pull-high current	Pull-high active, input pin at $V_{SS}$	-250	-400	-500	μΑ
$I_{SB}$	Power-down current	All input and I/O pin at V <sub>DD</sub> , output pin floating, WDT enabled			10	mA

<sup>\*</sup> This specification are subject to be changed without notice.



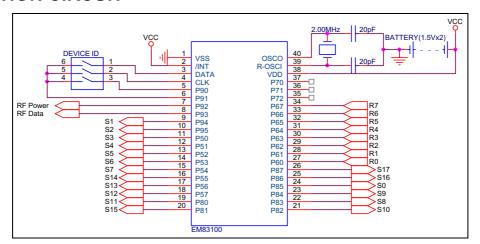
# **Preliminary**

Γ		Operating supply current	/RESET=High			
	$I_{CC1}$	(V <sub>DD</sub> =5.0V) at two cycles/two	Fosc=2.00Mhz(CK2="0"), output		3	mA
		clocks	pin floating			

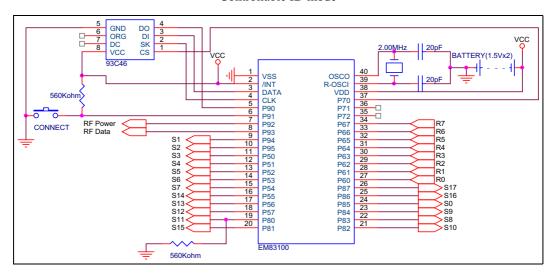
# AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC(Ta=0°C~70°C, VDD=5V, VSS=0V)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$D_{CLK}$	Input CLK duty cycle		45	50	55	%
$T_{TCC}$	TCC input period		(Tins+20)/N			ns
$T_{WDT}$	Watchdog timer period	Ta=25°C		18		ns
$T_{DRH}$	Device reset hold period	Ta=25°C		18		ns

## **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**



Controllable ID mode



Random generate ID mode

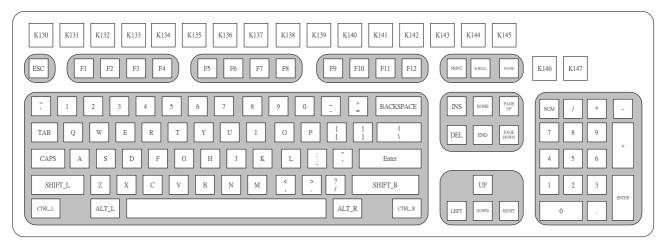


# **KEYBOARD ARRANGE MAP**

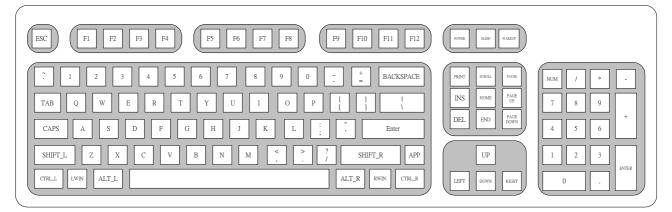
	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7
C0	PAUSE	POWER		SLEEP	CTRL-R	WAKE UP CTRL-L		F5
	126				064		058	116
C1	Q	TAB	A	ESC	Z	N-CHG	`(~)	1(!)
	017	016	031	110	046	131	001	002
C2	W	CAP	s	K45	X	CHG	F1	2(@)
	018	030	032	045	047	132	112	003
С3	E	F3	D	F4	C	ROMA	F2	3(#)
	019	114	033	115	048	133	113	004
C4	R	T	F	G	V	В	5 (%)	4(\$)
	020	021	034	035	049	050	006	005
C5	U	Y	J	Н	M	N	6(^)	7(&)
	023	022	037	036	052	051	007	008
С6	I	1(})	K	F6	,(<)	K56	+'(=)	8(*)
	024	028	038	117	052	056	013	009
<b>C</b> 7	О	F7	L		.(>)	APP	F8	9('(')
	025	118	039		054	APP		010
C8	P	(})]	;(:)	'(")	K42	/(?)	_(-)	0 (')')
	026	027	040	041	042	055	012	011
С9	SCROLL			ALT-L		ALT-R		PRINT
	125			060		062		124
C10	K14		\( )	F11		F12 F9		F10
	014	015	029	122	043	123	120	121
C11	7	4	1	SPACE	NUM	↓	DEL	POWER
	(K) 091	(K) 092	(K) 093	061	090	084	076	
C12	8	5	2	0	/	<b>→</b>	INS	SLEEP
	(K) 096			(K) 099	` ′			
C13	9	6	3	•	*	-		PageDown
	(K) 101					(K) 105		086
C14	+(K)	K107	ENTER(K)	<b>↑</b>	Play/Pause	←	HOME	END
	106		108			079	080	
C15	WAKEUP	SHIFT-L	SHIFT-R	Volume-	Volume+	NextTrack	PrevTrack	Media
		004						
C16	Mail	WIN-L	WWWForward	WWWStop	WWWBack	WWWRefresh	Mute	WWWSearch
C17		WWWFavorites	WIN-R	MyComputer	Stop	Calculator	Web/Home	K151
	(KC-L)							(KC-R)



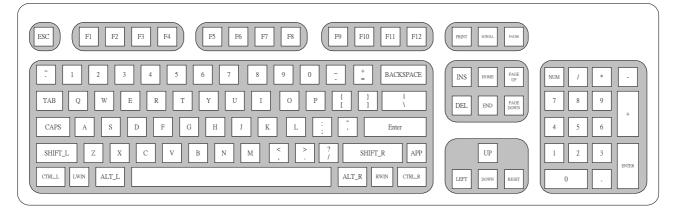
## **KEYBOARD LAYOUT**



The Windows 2000 keyboard layout.



The 107-key keyboard layout



The 104-key keyboard layout