MAX211 5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER WITH +15-KV ESD PROTECTION

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	OLEOGOTE 1	
 RS-232 Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds ±15 kV Using Human-Body Model (HBM) 	DB OR DW (TOP)	
 Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU v.28 Standards 		28] DOUT4 27] RIN3
 Operates at 5-V V_{CC} Supply 		26 ROUT3
• Four Drivers and Five Receivers	RIN2 🛛 4	25 SHDN
Operates Up To 120 kbit/s	ROUT2 🛛 5	24 🛛 EN
 Low Supply Current in Shutdown 	DIN2 🛛 6	23 RIN4
Mode 1 μ A Typical	DIN1 🛛 7	22 ROUT4
	ROUT1 🛛 8	21 🛛 DIN4
• External Capacitors 4 \times 0.1 μ F	RIN1 🛛 9	20 🛛 DIN3
 Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per 	GND 🛿 10	19 ROUT 5
JESD 78, Class II	V _{CC} [11	¹⁸ RIN5
Applications	C1+ [12	17 🛛 V-
 Battery-Powered Systems, PDAs, 	V+ 🚺 13	16 🛛 C2–
Notebooks, Laptops, Palmtop PCs, and	C1- 🚺 14	15 C2+
Hand-Held Equipment]

description/ordering information

The MAX211 device consists of four line drivers, five line receivers, and a dual charge-pump circuit with \pm 15-kV ESD protection pin to pin (serial-port connection pins, including GND). The device meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and provides the electrical interface between an asynchronous communication controller and the serial-port connector. The charge pump and four small external capacitors allow operation from a single 5-V supply. The devices operate at data signaling rates up to 120 kbit/s and a maximum of 30-V/µs driver output slew rate.

The MAX211 has both shutdown (SHDN) and enable control (\overline{EN}). In shutdown mode, the charge pumps are turned off, V+ is pulled down to V_{CC}, V– is pulled to GND, and the transmitter outputs are disabled. This reduces supply current typically to 1 μ A. \overline{EN} is used to put the receiver outputs into the high-impedance state to allow wired-OR connection of two RS-232 ports. It has no effect on the RS-232 drivers or the charge pumps.

TA	PACKAGE [†]		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
		Tube of 20	MAX211CDW	
000 to 7000	SOIC (DW)	Reel of 1000	MAX211CDWR	MAX211C
0°C to 70°C		Tube of 50	MAX211CDB	MAYOMA
	SSOP (DB)	Reel of 2000	MAX211CDBR	MAX211C
		Tube of 20	MAX211IDW	
4000 10 0500	SOIC (DW)	Reel of 1000	MAX211IDWR	MAX211I
–40°C to 85°C		Tube of 50	MAX211IDB	MAX211I
	SSOP (DB)	Reel of 2000	MAX211IDBR	IVIAAZ I II

ORDERING INFORMATION

[†] Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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Function Tables

INPUTS SHDN EN										
		DRIVER	RECEIVER	DEVICE STATUS						
L	L	All active	All active	Normal operation						
L	Н	All active	Z	Normal operation						
н	Х	Z	Z	Shutdown						

X = don't care, Z = high impedance

EACH DRIVER

TS	OUTPUT			
SHDN	DOUT	DRIVER STATUS		
L	Н	Manual an and an		
L	L	Normal operation		
Н	Z	Powered off		
	SHDN L L H	SHDN DOUT		

X = don't care, Z = high impedance

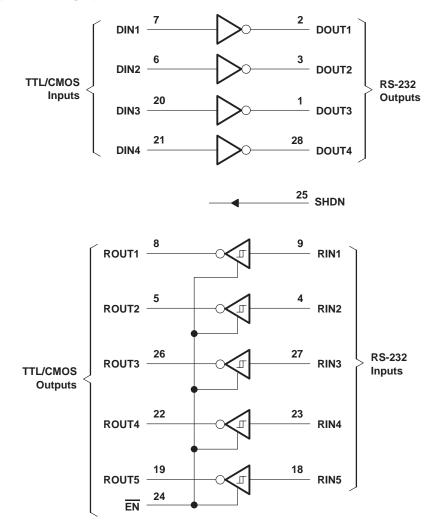
EACH RECEIVER

INP	UTS					
RIN	EN	ROUT	RECEIVER STATUS			
L	L	Н				
н	L	L	Normal operation			
Х	Н	Z	Powered off			

X = don't care, Z = high impedance



logic diagram (positive logic)





MAX211 5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER WITH $\pm 15\text{-kV}$ ESD PROTECTION

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	–0.3 V to 6 V
Positive charge pump voltage range, V+ (see Note 1)	V _{CC} – 0.3 V to 14 V
Negative charge pump voltage range, V- (see Note 1)	0.3 V to –14 V
Input voltage range, V _I : Drivers	
Receivers	±30 V
Output voltage range, V _O : Drivers	$\dots V0.3 \text{ V to V} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Receivers	$-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Short-circuit duration: DOUT	Continuous
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Notes 2 and 3): DB package	62°C/W
Operating virtual junction temperature, T _J	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to network GND.

- 2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of T_J(max), θ_{JA} , and T_A. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is P_D = (T_J(max) T_A)/ θ_{JA} . Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4 and Figure 4)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
	Driver high-level input voltage	DIN	2			V
VIH	Control high-level input voltage	N, SHDN	2.4			V
VIL	Driver and control low-level input voltage	DIN, EN, SHDN			0.8	V
	Driver and control input voltage	DIN, EN, SHDN	0		5.5	V
VI	Receiver input voltage		-30		30	V
т.		MAX211C	0		70	
TA	Operating free-air temperature	MAX211I	-40		5.5 30	°C

NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	typ‡	MAX	UNIT
ICC	Supply current	No load,	See Figure 6		14	20	mA
	Shutdown supply current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$,	See Figure 1		1	10	μΑ

[‡] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.



DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	TIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VOH	High-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND		5	9		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND			-9		V
	Driver high-level input current	$DIN = V_{CC}$			15	200	•
ΙН	Control high-level input current	EN, SHDN = V _{CC}			3	10	μA
	Driver low-level input current	DIN = 0 V			-15	-200	
ΙL	Control low-level input current	EN, SHDN = 0 V			-3	-10	μA
los‡	Short-circuit output current	V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	$V_{O} = 0 V$		±10	±60	mA
r _o	Output resistance	V_{CC} , V+, and V- = 0 V,	$V_{O} = \pm 2 V$	300			Ω

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, and T_A = 25° C.

[‡] Short-circuit durations should be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power dissipation ratings, and not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT
	Maximum data rate	C _L = 50 pF to 1000 pF, One DOUT switching,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ to 7 kΩ, See Figure 2	120			kbit/s
^t PLH (D)	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	C _L = 2500 pF, All drivers loaded,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$, See Figure 2		2		μs
^t PHL (D)	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C _L = 2500 pF, All drivers loaded,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$, See Figure 2		2		μs
^t sk(p)	Pulse skew [§]	$C_{L} = 150 \text{ pF} \text{ to } 2500 \text{ pF},$	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ to 7 kΩ, See Figure 3		300		ns
SR(tr)	Slew rate, transition region (see Figure 2)	C _L = 50 pF to 1000 pF, V _{CC} = 5 V	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ to 7 kΩ,	3	6	30	V/µs

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

§ Pulse skew is defined as $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$ of each channel of the same device. NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

ESD protection

PIN	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
D _{OUT} , R _{IN}	Human-Body Model	±15	kV



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RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4 and Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
Vон	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$		3.5	V _{CC} -0.4V		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA				0.4	V
V_{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.7	2.4	V
V_{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	0.8	1.2		V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis (V _{IT+} – V _{IT} _)			0.2	0.5	1	V
r _i	Input resistance	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	3	5	7	kΩ
	Output leakage current	$\overline{EN} = V_{CC},$	$0 \leq ROUT \leq V_{CC}$		±0.05	±10	μA

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

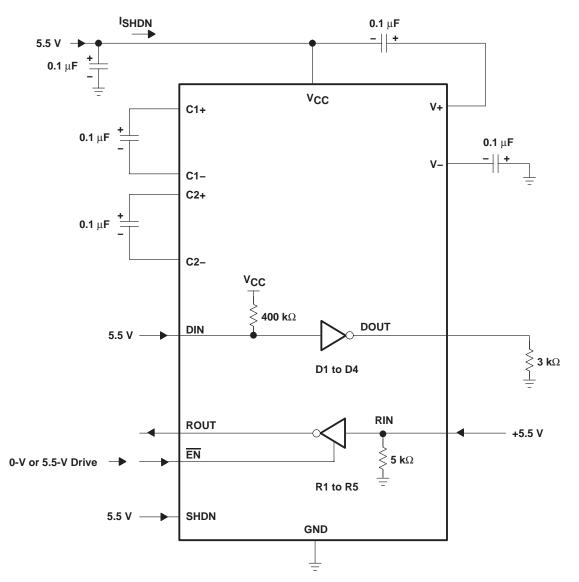
switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT	
^t PLH (R)	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	CL= 150 pF,	See Figure 4		0.5	10	μs
^t PHL (R)	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C _L = 150 pF,	See Figure 4		0.5	10	μs
^t en	Output enable time	C _L = 150 pF, See Figure 5	R _L = 1 kΩ,		600		ns
^t dis	Output disable time	C _L = 150 pF, See Figure 5	R _L = 1 kΩ,		200		ns
^t sk(p)	Pulse skew‡	See Figure 3			300		ns

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

[‡] Pulse skew is defined as $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$ of each channel of the same device. NOTE 4: Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1 μ F, at V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V.





PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

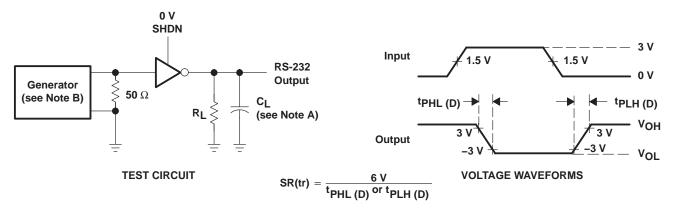
Figure 1. Shutdown Current Test Circuit



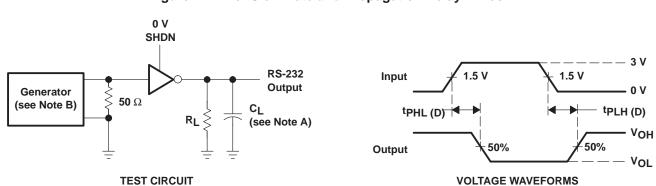
MAX211 5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER WITH ±15-kV ESD PROTECTION

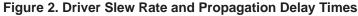
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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 120 kbit/s, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \le 10$ ns. $t_f \le 10$ ns.

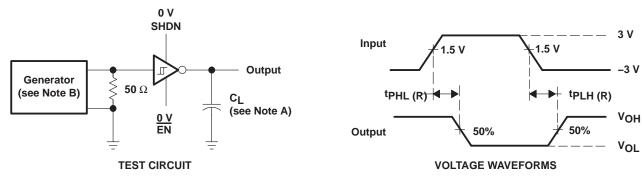




NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 120 kbit/s, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \le 10$ ns. $t_f \le 10$ ns.

Figure 3. Driver Pulse Skew



NOTES: A. $C_{\mbox{L}}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

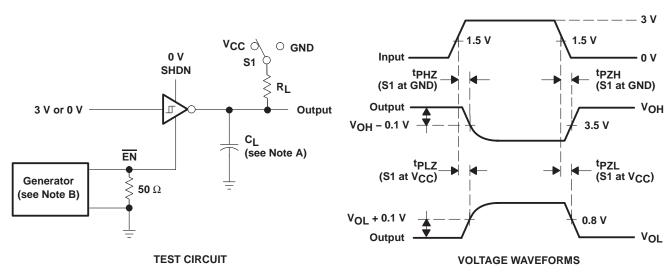
B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \le 10$ ns. $t_f \le 10$ ns.





5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER WITH $\pm 15\text{-kV}$ ESD PROTECTION

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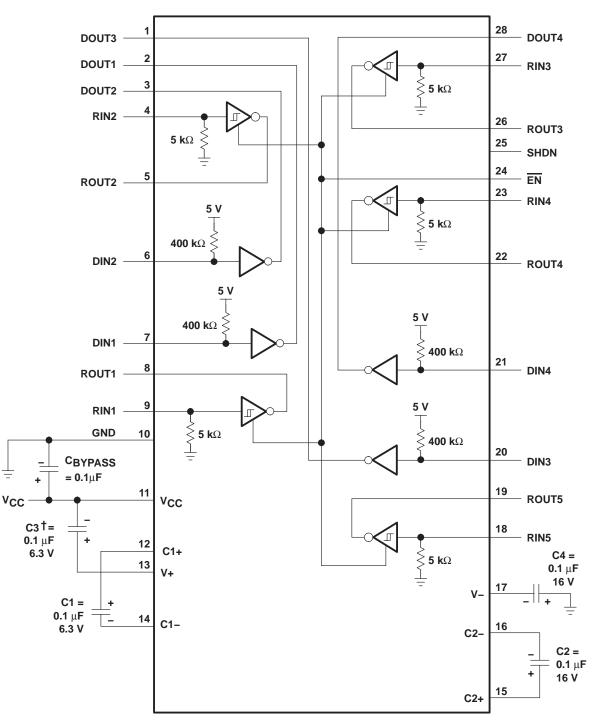


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \le 10$ ns. $t_f \le 10$ ns.
 - C. tPLZ and tPHZ are the same as tdis.
 - D. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .

Figure 5. Receiver Enable and Disable Times





APPLICATION INFORMATION

 $^{+}$ C3 can be connected to V_{CC} or GND.

NOTES: A. Resistor values shown are nominal.

B. Nonpolarized ceramic capacitors are acceptable. If polarized tantalum or electrolytic capacitors are used, they should be connected as shown.

Figure 6. Typical Operating Circuit and Capacitor Values



APPLICATION INFORMATION

capacitor selection

The capacitor type used for C1–C4 is not critical for proper operation. The MAX211 requires 0.1- μ F capacitors, although capacitors up to 10 μ F can be used without harm. Ceramic dielectrics are suggested for the 0.1- μ F capacitors. When using the minimum recommended capacitor values, make sure the capacitance value does not degrade excessively as the operating temperature varies. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger (e.g., 2×) nominal value. The capacitors' effective series resistance (ESR), which usually rises at low temperatures, influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V–.

Use larger capacitors (up to 10 μ F) to reduce the output impedance at V+ and V–.

Bypass V_{CC} to ground with at least 0.1 μ F. In applications sensitive to power-supply noise generated by the charge pumps, decouple V_{CC} to ground with a capacitor the same size as (or larger than) the charge-pump capacitors (C1–C4).

electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection

Texas Instruments MAX211 devices have standard ESD protection structures incorporated on the pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during assembly and handling. In addition, the RS232 bus pins (driver outputs and receiver inputs) of these devices have an extra level of ESD protection. Advanced ESD structures were designed to successfully protect these bus pins against ESD discharge of \pm 15 kV when powered down.

ESD test conditions

ESD testing is stringently performed by TI, based on various conditions and procedures. Please contact TI for a reliability report that documents test setup, methodology, and results.

Human-Body Model

The Human-Body Model (HBM) of ESD testing is shown in Figure 7. Figure 8 shows the current waveform that is generated during a discharge into a low impedance. The model consists of a 100-pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of concern and subsequently discharged into the DUT through a 1.5-k Ω resistor.

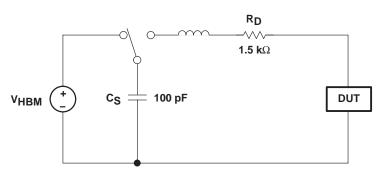


Figure 7. HBM ESD Test Circuit



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

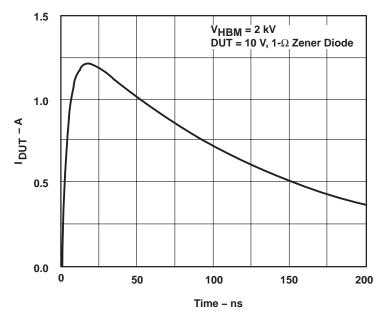


Figure 8. Typical HBM Current Waveform

Machine Model

The Machine Model (MM) ESD test applies to all pins, using a 200-pF capacitor with no discharge resistance. The purpose of the MM test is to simulate possible ESD conditions that can occur during the handling and assembly processes of manufacturing. In this case, ESD protection is required for all pins, not just RS-232 pins. However, after PC board assembly, the MM test no longer is as pertinent to the RS-232 pins.



6-Dec-2006

PACKAGING INFORMATION

FRUME

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
MAX211CDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDBE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDBRE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDWE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211CDWRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDBE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDBRE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDWE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
MAX211IDWRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)



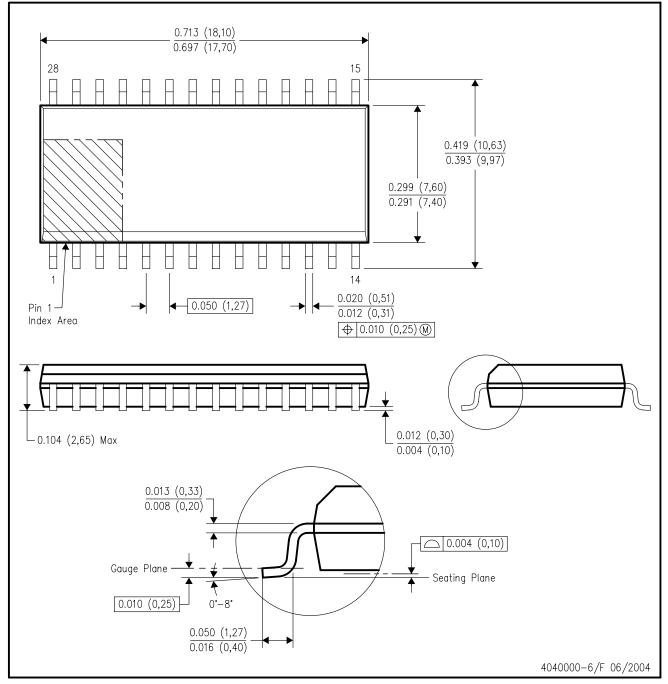
⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DW (R-PDSO-G28)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AE.



MECHANICAL DATA

MSSO002E - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 2001

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150



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