

Low Cost 8 - 16 MHz 3.3 Volt VCXO

Description

The MK3711 series of devices include the original MK3711S, MK3711A, and the new MK3711B and MK3711D. The MK3711D and MK3711B are drop-in replacements for the MK3711S and MK3711A devices. Compared to these earlier devices the MK3711D and MK3711B offer a wider operating frequency range and improved power supply noise rejection.

The MK3711 series combines the functions of a VCXO (Voltage Controlled Crystal Oscillator) and PLL (Phase Locked Loop) frequency doubler onto a single chip. Used in conjunction with an external pullable quartz crystal, this monolithic integrated circuit replaces more costly hybrid (canned) VCXO devices. The MK3711 is designed primarily for data and clock recovery applications within end products such as ADSL modems, set-top box receivers, and telecom systems.

The MK3711D exhibits a moderate VCXO gain of 120ppm/V typical, when used with a high quality external pullable quartz crystal. The MK3711B offers a higher VCXO gain of 150ppm/V, similar to the earlier MK3711A. The higher intrinsic VCXO gain of the MK3711C may help compensate for the reduced pullability of a low quality crystal used in some applications. However, higher VCXO gain may also increase clock output phase noise.

The frequency of the on-chip VCXO is adjusted by an external control voltage input into pin VIN. Since VIN is a high impedance input, it can be driven directly from

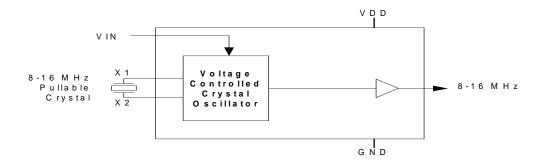
an PWM RC integrator circuit. Frequency output increases with VIN voltage input. The usable range of VIN is 0 to 3V.

Features

- MK3711D and MK3711B are drop-in replacements for the earlier MK3711S and MK3711A devices
- MK3711D and MK3711B offer 24-36 MHz output frequency range (output frequency = 2x crystal frequency) and improved power supply noise rejection
- Uses an inexpensive 12 to 18 MHz external crystal
- Ideal for ADSL applications using 17.664 MHz external pullable crystal to generate locked 35.328 MHz clock physical layer clock
- Ideal for set-top box applications using 13.5 MHz external pullable crystal to generate lock 27 MHz clock transport video clock
- On-chip VCXO with guaranteed pull range of ±115 ppm minimum (MK3711D)
- VCXO tuning voltage 0 to 3.3 V
- Packaged in 8 pin SOIC (150 mil wide)

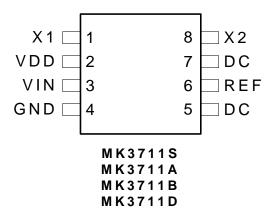
MK3711D is Recommended for New Designs

Block Diagram





Pin Assignment



8 Pin (150 mil) SOIC

Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Description
1	ΧI	Input	Crystal connection. Connect to the external pullable crystal.
2	VDD	Power	Connect to +3.3 V (0.01uf decoupling capacitor recommended).
3	VIN	Input	Voltage input to VCXO 0 to 3.3 V analog input which controls the oscillation frequency of the VCXO.
4	GND	Power	Connect to ground.
5	DC		Do not connect anything to this pin.
6	REF	Output	VCXO CMOS level clock output matches the nominal frequency of the crystal.
7	DC		Do not connect anything to this pin.
8	X2	Input	Crystal connection. Connect to the external pullable crystal.



External Component Selection

The MK3711 requires a minimum number of external components for proper operation.

Decoupling Capacitor

A decoupling capacitor of 0.01µF must be connected between VDD (pin 2) and GND (pin 4), as close to these pins as possible. For optimum device performance, the decoupling capacitor should be mounted on the component side of the PCB. Avoid the use of vias in the decoupling circuit.

Series Termination Resistor

When the PCB trace between the clock output (CLK, pin 5) and the load is over 1 inch, series termination should be used. To series terminate a 50Ω trace (a commonly used trace impedance) place a 33Ω resistor in series with the clock line, as close to the clock output pin as possible. The nominal impedance of the clock output is 20Ω .

Quartz Crystal

The MK3711 VCXO function consists of the external crystal and the integrated VCXO oscillator circuit. To assure the best system performance (frequency pull range) and reliability, a crystal device with the recommended parameters (shown below) must be used, and the layout guidelines discussed in the following section shown must be followed.

The frequency of oscillation of a quartz crystal is determined by its "cut" and by the load capacitors connected to it. The MK3711 incorporates on-chip variable load capacitors that "pull" (change) the frequency of the crystal. The crystal specified for use with the MK3711 is designed to have zero frequency error when the total of on-chip + stray capacitance is 14pF.

Recommended Crystal Parameters:

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Initial Accuracy at 25°C	±20 ppm
Temperature Stability	±30 ppm
Aging	±20 ppm
Load Capacitance	14 pf
Shunt Capacitance, C0	7 pF Max
C0/C1 Ratio	250 Max
Equivalent Series Resistance	35 Ω Max

For crystal frequencies between 13.5MHz and 16MHz, the nominal crystal load capacitance specification should be 14pF. Contact ICS MicroClock applications regarding the use of a crystal below 13.5MHz.

The external crystal must be connected as close to the chip as possible and should be on the same side of the PCB as the MK3711. There should be no via's between the crystal pins and the X1 and X2 device pins. There should be no signal traces underneath or close to the crystal.

Crystal Tuning Load Capacitors

The crystal traces should include pads for small fixed capacitors, one between X1 and ground, and another between X2 and ground. Stuffing of these capacitors on the PCB is optional. The need for these capacitors is determined at system prototype evaluation, and is influenced by the particular crystal used (manufacture and frequency) and by PCB layout. The typical required capacitor value is 1 to 4 pF.

To determine the need for and value of the crystal adjustment capacitors, you will need a PC board of your final layout, a frequency counter capable of about 1 ppm resolution and accuracy, two power supplies, and some samples of the crystals which you plan to use in production, along with measured initial accuracy for each crystal at the specified crystal load capacitance, CL.

To determine the value of the crystal capacitors:

- 1. Connect VDD of the MK3711 to 3.3V. Connect pin 3 of the MK3711 to the second power supply. Adjust the voltage on pin 3 to 0V. Measure and record the frequency of the CLK output.
- 2. Adjust the voltage on pin 3 to 3.3V. Measure and record the frequency of the same output.

To calculate the centering error:

$$Error = 10^{6} x \left[\frac{(f_{3.0V} - f_{target}) + (f_{0V} - f_{target})}{f_{target}} \right] - error_{xtal}$$

Where:



f_{target} = nominal crystal frequency

error_{xtal} =actual initial accuracy (in ppm) of the crystal being measured

If the centering error is less than ±25 ppm, no adjustment is needed. If the centering error is more than 25ppm negative, the PC board has excessive stray capacitance and a new PCB layout should be considered to reduce stray capacitance. (Alternately, the crystal may be re-specified to a higher load capacitance. Contact ICS MicroClock for details.) If the centering error is more than 25ppm positive, add

identical fixed centering capacitors from each crystal pin to ground. The value for each of these caps (in pF) is given by:

External Capacitor =

2 x (centering error)/(trim sensitivity)

Trim sensitivity is a parameter which can be supplied by your crystal vendor. If you do not know the value, assume it is 30 ppm/pF. After any changes, repeat the measurement to verify that the remaining error is acceptably low (typically less than ±25ppm).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the MK3711. These ratings, which are standard values for ICS commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

Item	Rating
Supply Voltage, VDD	7V
All Inputs and Outputs	-0.5V to VDD+0.5V
Ambient Operating Temperature	0 to +70°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150°C
Soldering Temperature	260°C

Recommended Operation Conditions

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Ambient Operating Temperature	0	_	+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage (measured in respect to GND)	+3.15		+3.45	V
Reference crystal parameters	Refer to page 3			



DC Electrical Characteristics

VDD=3.3V ±5%, Ambient temperature 0 to +70°C, unless stated otherwise

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage	VDD		3.15		3.45	V
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.4			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 12 mA			0.4	V
Output High Voltage (CMOS Level)	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -4 mA	VDD-0.4			V
Operating Supply Current	IDD	Output = 12 MHz, no load		7		mA
Short Circuit Current	Ios			±50		mA
VIN, VCXO Control Voltage	V _{IA}		0		3.3	V

AC Electrical Characteristics

VDD = 3.3V ±5%, Ambient Temperature 0 to +70° C, unless stated otherwise

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Frequency			**			
MK3711D and MK3711B	F _O		8		16	MHz
MK3711A and MK3711S	F _O	VCXO Crystal frequency = 12 MHz		12		MHz
Crystal Pullability						
MK3711D and MK3711B	F _P	0V≤ VIN ≤ 3.3V, Note 1	<u>+</u> 115			ppm
MK3711A and MK3711S	F _P	0V≤ VIN ≤ 3.3V, Note 1	<u>+</u> 100			ppm
VCXO Gain						
MK3711D		VIN = VDD/2 <u>+</u> 1V, Note 1		120		ppm/V
MK3711B		VIN = VDD/2 <u>+</u> 1V, Note 1		150		ppm/V
MK3711A		VIN = VDD/2 <u>+</u> 1V, Note 1		170		ppm/V
MK3711S		VIN = VDD/2 <u>+</u> 1V, Note 1		100		ppm/V
Output Rise Time	t _{OR}	0.8 to 2.0V, C _L =15pF			1.5	ns
Output Fall Time	t _{OF}	2.0 to 0.8V, C _L =15pF			1.5	ns
Output Clock Duty Cycle	t _D	Measured at 1.4V, C _L =15pF	40	50	60	%
Maximum Output Jitter, short term	t _J	C _L =15pF		100		ps

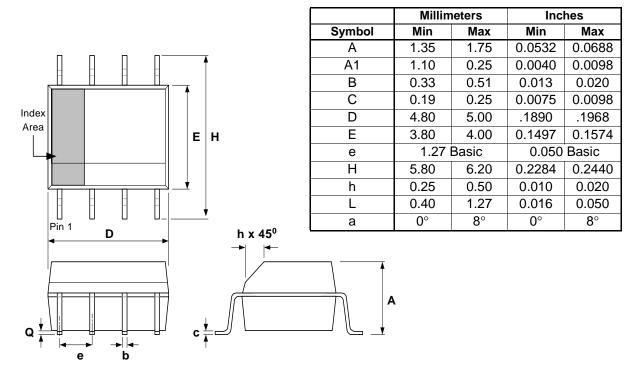
Note 1: External crystal device must conform with Pullable Crystal Specifications listed on page 3.

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Package Outline and Package Dimensions (8 pin SOIC, 150 Mil. Narrow Body)

Package dimensions are kept current with JEDEC Publication No. 95



Ordering Information

Part / Order Number (Note 1)	Marking	Shipping packaging	Package	Temperature
MK3711D	MK3711D	Tubes	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711DTR	MK3711D	Tape and Reel	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711B	MK3711B	Tubes	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711BTR	MK3711B	Tape and Reel	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711A	MK3711A	Tubes	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711ATR	MK3711A	Tape and Reel	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711S	MK3711S	Tubes	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C
MK3711STR	MK3711S	Tape and Reel	8 pin SOIC	0 to +70° C

Note 1: MK3711D is recommended for new designs.

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