

Product Specification

PE3501

3500 MHz Low Power UltraCMOS™ **Divide-by-2 Prescaler**

Features

- High-frequency operation: 400 MHz to 3500 MHz
- Fixed divide ratio of 2
- Low-power operation: 12 mA typical
- Small package: 8-lead TSSOP
- Low cost

Product Description

The PE3501 is a high-performance dynamic UltraCMOS™ prescaler with a fixed divide ratio of 2. Its operating frequency range is 400 MHz to 3.5 GHz. The PE3501 operates on a nominal 3 V supply and draws only 12 mA. It is packaged in a small 8-lead TSSOP and is ideal for frequency scaling and microwave PLL synthesis solutions.

The PE3501 is manufactured on Peregrine's UltraCMOS™ process, a patented variation of silicon-on-insulator (SOI) technology on a sapphire substrate, offering the performance of GaAs with the economy and integration of conventional CMOS.

Figure 1. Functional Schematic Diagram

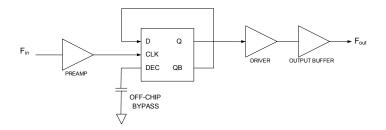


Figure 2. Package Type 8-lead TSSOP



Table 1. Electrical Specifications $(Z_S = Z_L = 50 \Omega)$

 $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $-40^{\circ} \text{ C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ} \text{ C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-----------------------|---|------------|---------|------------|------------|
| Supply Voltage | | 2.85 | 3.0 | 3.15 | V |
| Supply Current | | | 12 | 15 | mA |
| Input Frequency (Fin) | | 400 | | 3500 | MHz |
| Input Power (Pin) | 400 MHz ≤ F _{in} ≤ 3000 MHz 3000 MHz < F _{in} ≤ 3500 MHz | -10 0 | | +10 +10 | dBm dBm |
| Output Power (Pout) | 400 MHz ≤ F _{in} ≤ 3000 MHz 3000 MHz < F _{in} ≤ 3500 MHz | -10 -15 | | | dBm dBm |



Figure 3. Pin Configuration (Top View)

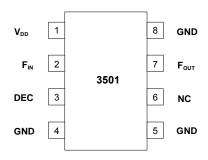


Table 2. Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description | |
|------------|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | V_{DD} | Power supply pin. Bypassing is required. | |
| 2 | F _{in} | Input signal pin. DC blocking capacitor required (15 pF typical) | |
| 3 | DEC | Power supply decoupling pin. Place a ca- pacitor as close as possible and connect directly to the ground plane. | |
| 4 | GND | Ground pin. Ground pattern on the board should be as wide as possible to reduce ground impedance. | |
| 5 | GND | Ground pin. | |
| 6 | NC | No Connection. This pin should be left open. | |
| 7 | F _{out} | Divided frequency output pin. DC blocking capacitor required (47 pF typical) | |
| 8 | GND | Ground pin. | |

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter/Conditions Mi | | Max | Units |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| V_{DD} | Supply voltage | | 4.0 | V |
| Pin | Input Power | | 15 | dBm |
| T _{ST} | Storage temperature range | -65 | 150 | °C |
| T _{OP} | Operating temperature range | -40 | 85 | °C |
| V _{ESD} | ESD voltage (Human Body Model) | | 250 | V |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values listed in the above table. Exceeding these values may cause permanent device damage. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions

When handling this UltraCMOS™ device, observe the same precautions that you would use with other ESD-sensitive devices. Although this device contains circuitry to protect it from damage due to ESD, precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding the rating specified in Table 3.

Latch-Up Avoidance

Unlike conventional CMOS devices, UltraCMOS™ devices are immune to latch-up.

Device Functional Considerations

The PE3501 divides a 400 MHz to 3500 MHz input signal by two, producing a 200 MHz to 1750 MHz output signal. To work properly, pin 3 must be supplied with a bypass capacitor to ground. In addition, the input and output signals (pins 2 & 7) must be AC coupled via an external capacitor, as shown in the test circuit in Figure 4.

The ground pattern on the board should be made as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance. See Figure 11 for a layout example.



Figure 4. Test Circuit Block Diagram

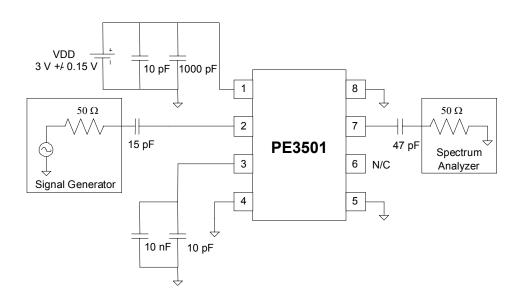
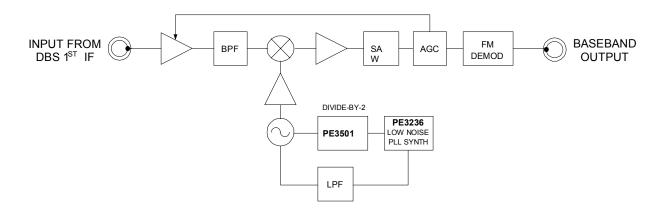


Figure 5. High Frequency System Application

The wideband frequency of operation of the PE3501 makes it an ideal part for use in a DBS down-converter system.





Typical Performance Data

Figure 6. Input Sensitivity

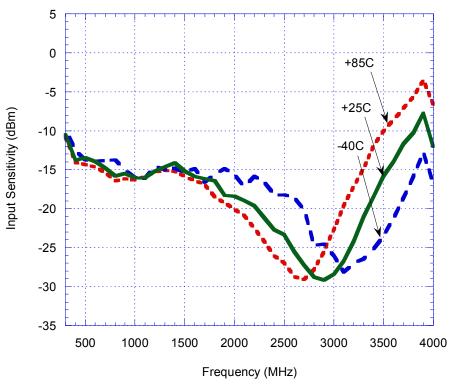


Figure 7. Output Power

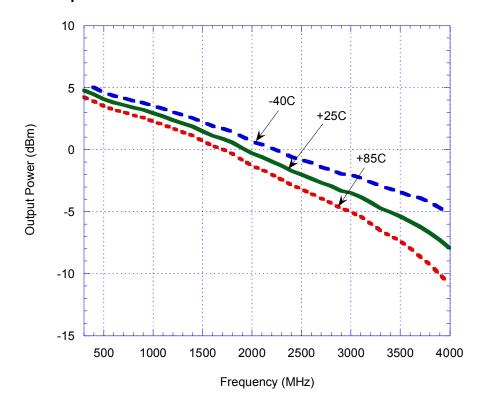
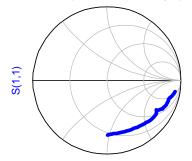




Table 4. S11

| Input Freq (GHz) | S11 Magnitude (dB) | S11 Angle (deg) |
|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 0.4 | -0.5523 | -9.337 |
| 0.5 | -0.6707 | -11.253 |
| 0.6 | -0.806 | -13.193 |
| 0.7 | -0.9642 | -14.8 |
| 0.8 | -1.109 | -15.929 |
| 0.9 | -1.1263 | -17.103 |
| 1.0 | -1.152 | -18.594 |
| 1.1 | -1.1703 | -20.722 |
| 1.2 | -1.2353 | -22.915 |
| 1.3 | -1.4078 | -25.66 |
| 1.4 | -1.6207 | -28.199 |
| 1.5 | -1.8965 | -30.249 |
| 1.6 | -2.1032 | -31.079 |
| 1.7 | -1.9731 | -32.514 |
| 1.8 | -1.8229 | -36.258 |
| 1.9 | -1.8517 | -40.604 |
| 2.0 | -2.0308 | -44.918 |
| 2.1 | -2.1353 | -48.91 |
| 2.2 | -2.2884 | -53.156 |
| 2.3 | -2.397 | -56.979 |
| 2.4 | -2.4811 | -61.184 |
| 2.5 | -2.5498 | -64.955 |
| 2.6 | -2.6367 | -68.656 |
| 2.7 | -2.655 | -72.265 |
| 2.8 | -2.7216 | -75.379 |
| 2.9 | -2.691 | -78.326 |
| 3.0 | -2.6813 | -80.734 |
| 3.1 | -2.6933 | -82.87 |
| 3.2 | -2.6638 | -84.784 |
| 3.3 | -2.6461 | -86.468 |
| 3.4 | -2.6266 | -87.788 |
| 3.5 | -2.5917 | -89.118 |

Figure 8. S11 vs. Input Frequency ($V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$)

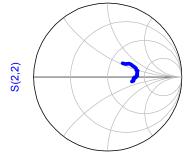


Freq (400.0MHz to 3.500GHz)

Table 5. S22

| Output Freq (GHz) | S22 Magnitude (dB) | S22 Angle (deg) | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| 0.20 | -8.7615 | 26.726 | |
| 0.25 | -8.2705 | 21.393 | |
| 0.30 | -7.7885 | 16.647 | |
| 0.35 | -7.6058 | 10.297 | |
| 0.40 | -7.7922 | 6.2004 | |
| 0.45 | -8.2309 | 2.4335 | |
| 0.50 | -8.5583 | -0.3158 | |
| 0.55 | -8.8751 | -0.2458 | |
| 0.60 | -8.8599 | -3.0515 | |
| 0.65 | -9.1496 | -2.6752 | |
| 0.70 | -8.8648 | -6.0631 | |
| 0.75 | -9.0828 | -5.7925 | |
| 0.80 | -9.2022 | -6.8019 | |
| 0.85 | -9.2727 | -9.3617 | |
| 0.90 | -9.6494 | -12.806 | |
| 0.95 | -9.4383 | -14.454 | |
| 1.00 | -9.5217 | -16.286 | |
| 1.05 | -9.6043 | -19.118 | |
| 1.10 | -9.7282 | -23.597 | |
| 1.15 | -9.8069 | -25.461 | |
| 1.20 | -9.8221 | -29.038 | |
| 1.25 | -9.8694 | -32.629 | |
| 1.30 | -9.8693 | -34.669 | |
| 1.35 | -9.8667 | -40.785 | |
| 1.40 | -9.8509 | -43.139 | |
| 1.45 | -9.9141 | -46.745 | |
| 1.50 | -9.7063 | -51.695 | |
| 1.55 | -9.8686 | -54.805 | |
| 1.60 | -9.4836 | -56.589 | |
| 1.65 | -9.4498 | -62.744 | |
| 1.70 | -9.3233 | -66.237 | |
| 1.75 | -9.2206 | -66.07 | |

Figure 9. S22 vs. Output Frequency $(V_{DD} = 3 V)$



Freq (200.0MHz to 1.750GHz)



Evaluation Kit

Evaluation Kit Operation

The TSSOP Prescaler Evaluation Board was designed to help customers evaluate the PE3501 Divide-by-2 Prescaler. On this board, the device input (pin 2) is connected to connector J1 through a 50 Ω transmission line. A series capacitor (C1) provides the necessary DC block for the device input. It is important to note that the value of this capacitance will impact the performance of the device. A value of 15 pF was found to be optimal for this board layout; other applications may require a different value.

The device output (pin 7) is connected to connector J3 through a 50 Ω transmission line. A series capacitor (C2) provides the necessary DC block for the device output. Note that this capacitor must be chosen to have a low impedance at the desired output frequency the device. The value of 47 pF was chosen to provide a wide operating range for the evaluation board.

The board is constructed of a two-laver FR4 material with a total thickness of 0.031". The bottom layer provides ground for the RF transmission lines. The transmission lines were designed using a coplanar waveguide above ground plane model with trace width of 0.030", trace gaps of 0.007", dielectric thickness of 0.028", metal thickness of 0.0014" and ϵ_r of 4.4. Note that the predominate mode for these transmission lines is coplanar waveguide.

J2 provides DC power to the device. Starting from the lower left pin, the second pin to the right (J2-3) is connected to the device V_{DD} pin (1). Two decoupling capacitors (10 pF, 1000 pF) are included on this trace.

It is the responsibility of the customer to determine proper supply decoupling for their design application.

The DEC pin (3) must be connected to a low impedance AC ground for proper device operation. On the board, two decoupling capacitors (C6 = 10 nF, C4 = 10 pF), located on the back of the board, perform this function.

Applications Support

If you have a problem with your evaluation kit or if you have applications questions, please contact applications support:

E-Mail: help@psemi.com (fastest response)

Phone: (858) 731-9400

Figure 10. Evaluation Board Layouts

Peregrine Specification 101/0035

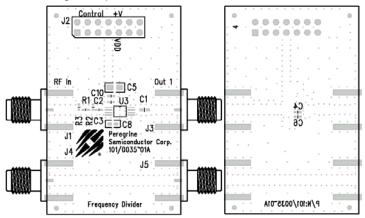


Figure 11. Evaluation Board Schematic

Peregrine Specification 102/0013

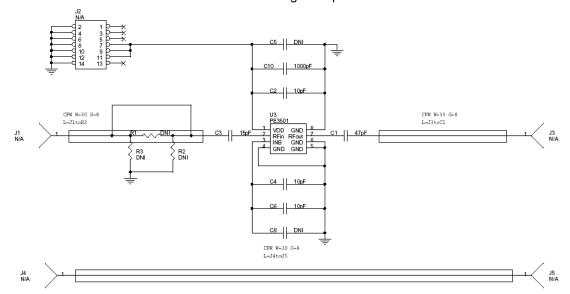




Figure 12. Package Drawing

8-lead TSSOP

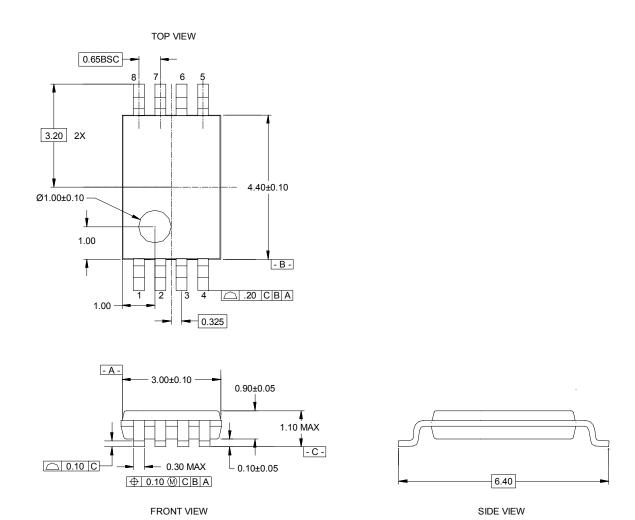


Table 4. Ordering Information

| Order Code | Part Marking | Description | Package | Shipping Method |
|------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 3501-11 | PE3501 | PE3501-08TSSOP-100A | 8-lead TSSOP | 100 units / Tube |
| 3501-12 | PE3501 | PE3501-08TSSOP-2000C | 8-lead TSSOP | 2000 units / T&R |
| 3501-00 | PE3501-EK | PE3501-08TSSOP-EK | Evaluation Board | 1 / Box |



Sales Offices

The Americas

Peregrine Semiconductor Corp.

9450 Carroll Park Drive San Diego, CA 92121 Tel 858-731-9400 Fax 858-731-9499

Europe

Peregrine Semiconductor Europe

Commercial Products:

Bâtiment Maine 13-15 rue des Quatre Vents F- 92380 Garches, France Tel: +33-1-47-41-91-73

Fax: +33-1-47-41-91-73

Space and Defense Products:

180 Rue Jean de Guiramand 13852 Aix-En-Provence cedex 3, France

Tel: +33(0) 4 4239 3361 Fax: +33(0) 4 4239 7227

North Asia Pacific

Peregrine Semiconductor K.K.

5A-5, 5F Imperial Tower 1-1-1 Uchisaiwaicho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-0011 Japan

Tel: +81-3-3501-5211 Fax: +81-3-3501-5213

South Asia Pacific

Peregrine Semiconductor

28G, Times Square, No. 500 Zhangyang Road, Shanghai, 200122, P.R. China

Tel: +86-21-5836-8276 Fax: +86-21-5836-7652

For a list of representatives in your area, please refer to our Web site at: www.psemi.com

Data Sheet Identification

Advance Information

The product is in a formative or design stage. The data sheet contains design target specifications for product development. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice.

Preliminary Specification

The data sheet contains preliminary data. Additional data may be added at a later date. Peregrine reserves the right to change specifications at any time without notice in order to supply the best possible product.

Product Specification

The data sheet contains final data. In the event Peregrine decides to change the specifications, Peregrine will notify customers of the intended changes by issuing a DCN (Document Change Notice).

The information in this data sheet is believed to be reliable. However, Peregrine assumes no liability for the use of this information. Use shall be entirely at the user's own risk.

No patent rights or licenses to any circuits described in this data sheet are implied or granted to any third party.

Peregrine's products are not designed or intended for use in devices or systems intended for surgical implant, or in other applications intended to support or sustain life, or in any application in which the failure of the Peregrine product could create a situation in which personal injury or death might occur. Peregrine assumes no liability for damages, including consequential or incidental damages, arising out of the use of its products in such applications.

The Peregrine name, logo, and UTSi are registered trademarks and UltraCMOS is a trademark of Peregrine Semiconductor Corp.