### SN74ALVCH162374 16-BIT EDGE-TRIGGERED D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

DGG OR DL PACKAGE

SCES092C - JANUARY 1997 - REVISED JUNE 1999

- Member of the Texas Instruments
  Widebus™ Family
- EPIC ™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- Output Ports Have Equivalent 26-Ω Series Resistors, So No External Resistors Are Required
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-833, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages

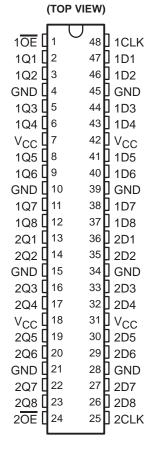
NOTE: For tape and reel order entry:

The DGGR package is abbreviated to GR.

#### description

This 16-bit edge-triggered D-type flip-flop is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

The SN74ALVCH162374 is particularly suitable for implementing buffer registers, I/O ports, bidirectional bus drivers, and working registers. It can be used as two 8-bit flip-flops or one 16-bit flip-flop. On the positive transition of the clock (CLK) input, the Q outputs of the flip-flop take on the logic levels set up at the data (D) inputs.



The output-enable (OE) input can be used to place the eight outputs in either a normal logic state (high or low logic levels) or a high-impedance state. In the high-impedance state, the outputs neither load nor drive the bus lines significantly. The high-impedance state and the increased drive provide the capability to drive bus lines without need for interface or pullup components.  $\overline{OE}$  does not affect internal operations of the flip-flop. Old data can be retained or new data can be entered while the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

The outputs, which are designed to sink up to 12 mA, include equivalent 26- $\Omega$  resistors to reduce overshoot and undershoot.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN74ALVCH162374 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

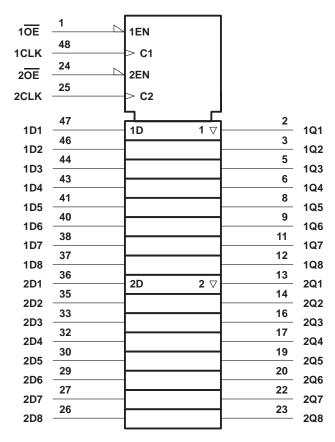
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# FUNCTION TABLE (each flip-flop)

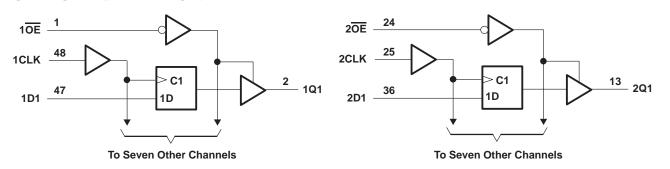
	INPUTS	OUTPUT	
OE	CLK	D	Q
L	1	Н	Н
L	$\uparrow$	L	L
L	H or L	Χ	Q <sub>0</sub>
Н	Χ	Χ	Z

### logic symbol†



 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

### logic diagram (positive logic)





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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 V to 4.6 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	
Output voltage range, VO (see Notes 1 and 2)	0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	−50 mA
Continuous output current, IO	±50 mA
Continuous current through each V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3): DGC	G package 89°C/W
DL p	ackage 94°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>sto</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
  - 2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.
  - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

#### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
VCC	Supply voltage		1.65	3.6	V	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		V	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.7	V	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$			0.8		
٧ <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		0	Vcc	V	
٧o	Output voltage		0	Vcc	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-2		
lou	High level output ourrent	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-6	mA	
ЮН	riigii-ievei output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-8		
	gh-level input voltage  put voltage  put voltage  utput voltage  gh-level output current  pw-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-12		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		2		
lo	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		6	mA	
lOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		8		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V			12		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C	

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



## SN74ALVCH162374 16-BIT EDGE-TRIGGERED D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0	.2				
		$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	1.2					
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.3 V	1.9					
Vон		la 6 mA	2.3 V	1.7			V		
		IOH = -6  mA	3 V	2.4					
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.7 V	2					
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	3 V	2					
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA	1.65 V			0.45			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	2.3 V			0.4			
VOL		La Can A	2.3 V			0.55	V		
		IOL = 6  mA	3 V			0.55			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.7 V			0.6			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3 V			0.8			
II		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.6 V			±5	μΑ		
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V	1.65 V	25					
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V	1.65 V	-25					
		$V_{I} = 0.7 \ V$	2.3 V	45					
I <sub>I</sub> (hold)		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V	2.3 V	-45			μΑ		
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	3 V	75					
		V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	3 V	-75					
		$V_1 = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$	3.6 V			±500			
loz		$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.6 V			±10	μΑ		
Icc		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	3.6 V			40	μΑ		
Δlcc		One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V, Other inpu	ts at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND 3 V to 3.6 V			750	μΑ		
C	Control inputs	VI - Voc or GND	3.3 V		3		n.E		
Ci	Data inputs	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.3 V		6		pF		
Co	Outputs	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.3 V		7		pF		

#### timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
fclock	Clock frequency		§		150		150		150	MHz
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low	§		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time, data before CLK↑	§		2.1		2.2		1.9		ns
th	Hold time, data after CLK↑	§	·	0.6	·	0.5		0.5		ns

<sup>§</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.



<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. ‡ This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT	
	(INFOT)	(001701)	MIN	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
f <sub>max</sub>			†		150		150		150		MHz	
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q		†	1	5.4		5.4	1	4.6	ns	
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	Q		†	1	6.5		6.4	1	5.2	ns	
<sup>t</sup> dis	ŌĒ	Q		†	1	5.6		5	1.2	4.5	ns	

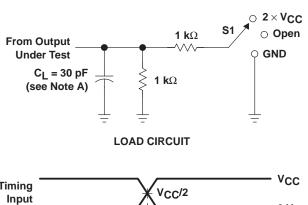
<sup>†</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.

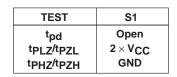
# operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER		PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		TEST CONDITIONS VCC = 1.8 V VCC = 2.5 V V		VCC = 3.3 V	UNIT	
		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	TYP	TYP	UNIT	
	Power dissipation	Outputs enabled	C. – 0	f _ 10 MHz	†	28	31	pF
Cpd	capacitance	Outputs disabled	$C_L = 0$ , $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$	†	10	11	pΓ	

<sup>†</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.

# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V





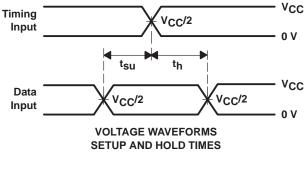
V<sub>CC</sub>/2

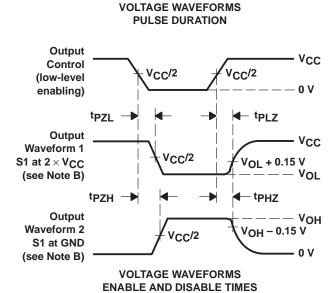
Input

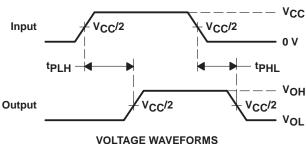
**VCC** 

0 V

V<sub>CC</sub>/2







PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES

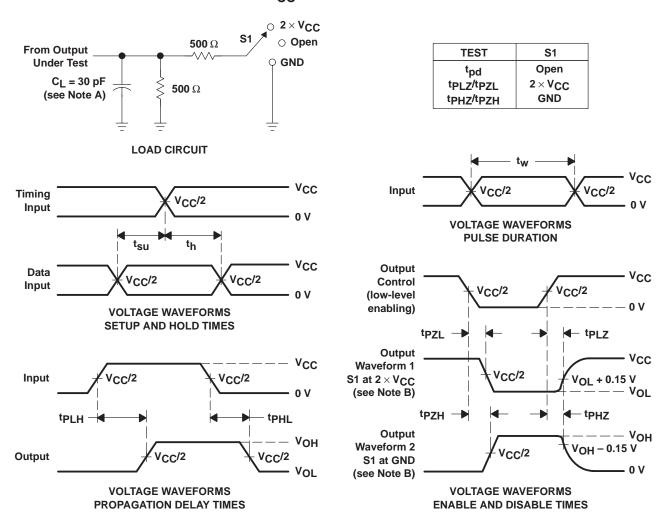
NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq 2 \ ns$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$



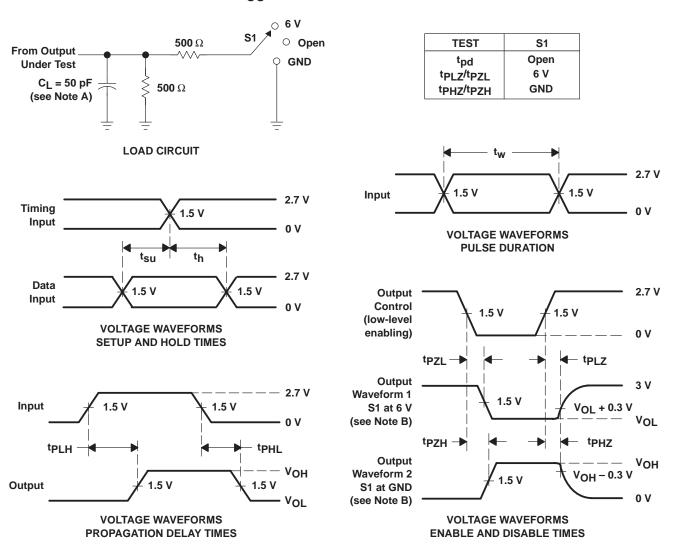
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>Q</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V AND 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V



- NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \,\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \,\text{ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \,\text{ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
  - G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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