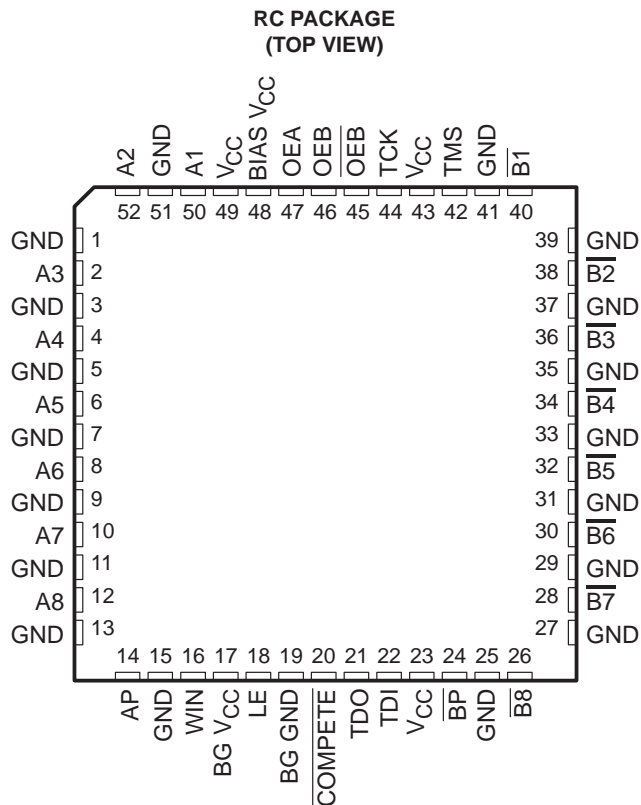


# SN74FB2032 9-BIT TTL/BTL COMPETITION TRANSCIVER

SCBS175H – NOVEMBER 1991 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1999

- Compatible With IEEE Std 1194.1-1991 (BTL)
- TTL A Port, Backplane Transceiver Logic (BTL)  $\bar{B}$  Port
- Open-Collector  $\bar{B}$ -Port Outputs Sink 100 mA
- BIAS  $V_{CC}$  Pin Minimizes Signal Distortion During Live Insertion or Withdrawal
- High-Impedance State During Power Up and Power Down
- $\bar{B}$ -Port Biasing Network Preconditions the Connector and PC Trace to the BTL High-Level Voltage
- TTL-Input Structures Incorporate Active Clamping Networks to Aid in Line Termination
- Packaged in Plastic Quad Flatpack



## description

The SN74FB2032 device is a 9-bit transceiver designed to translate signals between TTL and backplane transceiver logic (BTL) environments and to perform bus arbitration. It is designed specifically to be compatible with IEEE Std 1194.1-1991.

The  $\bar{B}$  port operates at BTL-signal levels. The open-collector  $\bar{B}$  ports are specified to sink 100 mA and have minimum output edge rates of 2 ns. Two output enables ( $\bar{OEB}$  and  $\bar{OEA}$ ) are provided for the  $\bar{B}$  outputs. When  $\bar{OEB}$  is low,  $\bar{OEA}$  is high, or  $V_{CC}$  is less than 2.1 V, the  $\bar{B}$  port is turned off.



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

 **TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**

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### description (continued)

The A port operates at TTL-signal levels. The A outputs reflect the inverse of the data at the  $\overline{B}$  port when the A-port output enable, OEA, is high. When OEA is low or when  $V_{CC}$  is less than 2.1 V, the A outputs are in the high-impedance state.

The A-port data is latched when the latch enable (LE) is high. When LE is low, the latches are transparent.

The Futurebus protocol logic can be activated by taking  $\overline{COMPETE}$  low. The module (device) then compares its A data (arbitration number) against the A data of another identical module also connected to the  $\overline{B}$  arbitration bus, and sets WIN high if the A data is greater than the A data of the other module (i.e., has higher priority). A8 and  $\overline{B8}$  are the most-significant bits, and A1 and  $\overline{B1}$  are the least-significant bits. If OEB is high and  $\overline{OEB}$  is low during this operation, and the A bus of the first module wins priority, the A bus asserts its arbitration number on the  $\overline{B}$ -arbitration bus.

AP and  $\overline{BP}$  are the bus-parity bits. The winning module can assert  $\overline{BP}$  low if its parity bit (AP) is high.

In a typical operating sequence, a Futurebus arbitration controller latches its arbitration number into the A port and waits for the results of a competition. When the competition is complete, and if the controller's arbitration number did not win, the controller reads back the current value of the  $\overline{B}$  bus (by taking OEA high) and determines the winning arbitration number. This allows the module to change its arbitration number for the next competition cycle, if desired.

Pins are allocated for the four-wire IEEE Std 1149.1 (JTAG) test bus. TMS and TCK are not connected and TDI is shorted to TDO.

BIAS  $V_{CC}$  establishes a voltage between 1.62 V and 2.1 V on the BTL outputs when  $V_{CC}$  is not connected.

BG  $V_{CC}$  and BG GND are the supply inputs for the bias generator.

The SN74FB2032 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.



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**Function Tables**

**TRANSCEIVER**

INPUTS			FUNCTION
OEA	OEB	$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	
L	H	L	$\overline{\text{A}}$ data to B bus
H	L	X	$\overline{\text{B}}$ data to A bus
H	X	H	
H	H	L	$\overline{\text{A}}$ data to B bus, $\overline{\text{B}}$ data to A bus
L	L	X	Isolation
L	X	H	

**WIN**

INPUTS				WIN
OEB	$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	$\overline{\text{COMPETE}}$	DATA A1, A2†	
H	H	X	X	L
H	L	H	X	L
H	L	L	A1 < A2	L
H	L	L	A2 ≤ A1	H

† A1 refers to the A data of Module 1 and A2 refers to the A data of Module 2. If LE = L, A = current A data. If LE = H, A = the value of A8–A1 prior to the most recent low-to-high transition of LE.

**$\overline{\text{BP}}$**

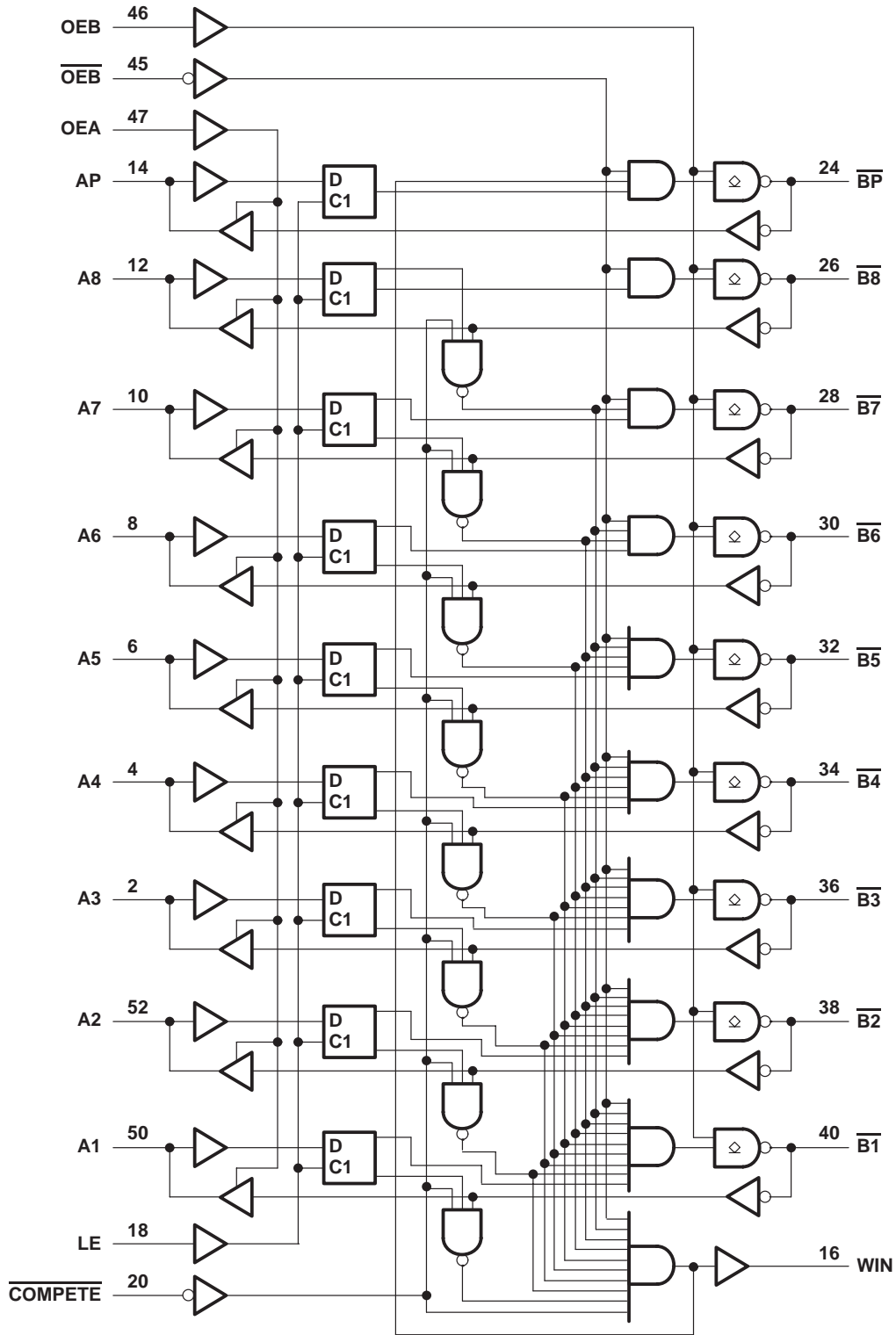
INPUTS				$\overline{\text{BP}}$
OEB	$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	WIN	AP‡	
L	X	X	X	H
X	H	X	X	H
H	L	L	X	H
H	L	H	L	H
H	L	H	H	L

‡ If LE = L, AP = current AP data. If LE = H, AP = the level of AP prior to the most recent low-to-high transition of LE.

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## functional block diagram



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**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ .....	–0.5 V to 7 V
Input voltage range, $V_I$ : Except $\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port .....	–1.2 V to 7 V
$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port .....	–1.2 V to 3.5 V
Voltage range applied to any $\overline{B}$ output in the disabled or power-off state, $V_O$ .....	–0.5 V to 3.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, $V_O$ .....	–0.5 V to $V_{CC}$
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ : Except $\overline{B}$ port .....	–40 mA
$\overline{B}$ port .....	–18 mA
Current applied to any single output in the low state, $I_O$ : A port .....	48 mA
$\overline{B}$ port .....	200 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 1) .....	44°C/W
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....	–65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

**recommended operating conditions (see Note 2)**

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$ , BIAS $V_{CC}$ , BG $V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	1.62	2.3	V
		Except $\overline{B}$ port	2		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	0.75	1.47	V
		Except $\overline{B}$ port		0.8	
$I_{IK}$	Input clamp current			–18	mA
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current			–3	mA
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	AP, WIN, A port		24	mA
		$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port		100	
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

NOTE 2: All unused inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

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## 9-BIT TTL/BTL COMPETITION TRANSCEIVER

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### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IK</sub>	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.2	V
	Except $\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	I <sub>I</sub> = -40 mA			-0.5	
V <sub>OH</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA				V
			I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	2.5	3.3		
V <sub>OL</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 mA				V
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA		0.35	0.5	
	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 80 mA	0.75		1.1	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 mA			1.15	
I <sub>I</sub>	Except $\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			50	μA
I <sub>IH</sub> ‡	Except $\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.7 V			50	μA
I <sub>IL</sub> ‡	Except $\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.5 V			-50	μA
	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.75 V			-100	
I <sub>OZH</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V to 5.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V			50	mA
I <sub>OZL</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V to 5.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V			-50	mA
I <sub>OZPU</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 2.1 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 2.7 V			50	mA
I <sub>OZPD</sub>	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V to 0 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 2.7 V			-50	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>	$\overline{BP}$ , $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.1 V			100	μA
I <sub>OS</sub> §	AP, WIN, A port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	-30		-150	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	A port to $\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	I <sub>O</sub> = 0			55	mA
	$\overline{B}$ port to A port					65	
C <sub>i</sub>	Control Inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.5 V or 2.5 V			4		pF
C <sub>o</sub>	WIN port	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V or 2.5 V			8		pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A port	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 2.5 V			7		pF
	$\overline{B}$ port per IEEE Std 1194.1-1991	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V			5		

† All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

‡ For I/O ports, the parameters I<sub>IH</sub> and I<sub>IL</sub> include the off-state output current.

§ Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and the duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.

### live-insertion specifications over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>CC</sub> (BIAS V <sub>CC</sub> )	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 to 4.5 V	V <sub>B</sub> = 0 to 2 V,	V <sub>I</sub> (BIAS V <sub>CC</sub> ) = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	450		μA
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V			10		
V <sub>O</sub>	$\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0,	V <sub>I</sub> (BIAS V <sub>CC</sub> ) = 5 V	1.62	2.1	V
I <sub>O</sub>	$\overline{B}$ port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0,	V <sub>B</sub> = 1 V,	-1		μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V,	OEB = 0 to 0.8 V	100		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 to 2.2 V,	OEB = 0 to 5 V	100		



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timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		MIN	MAX	UNIT
			MIN	MAX			
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration	LE high or low	3.3		3.3		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	Data high before LE↑ (A to B)	1.5		1.5		ns
		Data low before LE↑	1.4		1.4		
		Data high before LE↑ (A to WIN)	1.9		1.9		
		Data low before LE↑	1.7		1.7		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	Data high before LE↑ (A to B)	1.7		1.7		ns
		Data low after LE↑	1.3		1.3		
		Data high before LE↑ (A to WIN)	1.6		1.6		
		Data low after LE↑	0.9		0.9		

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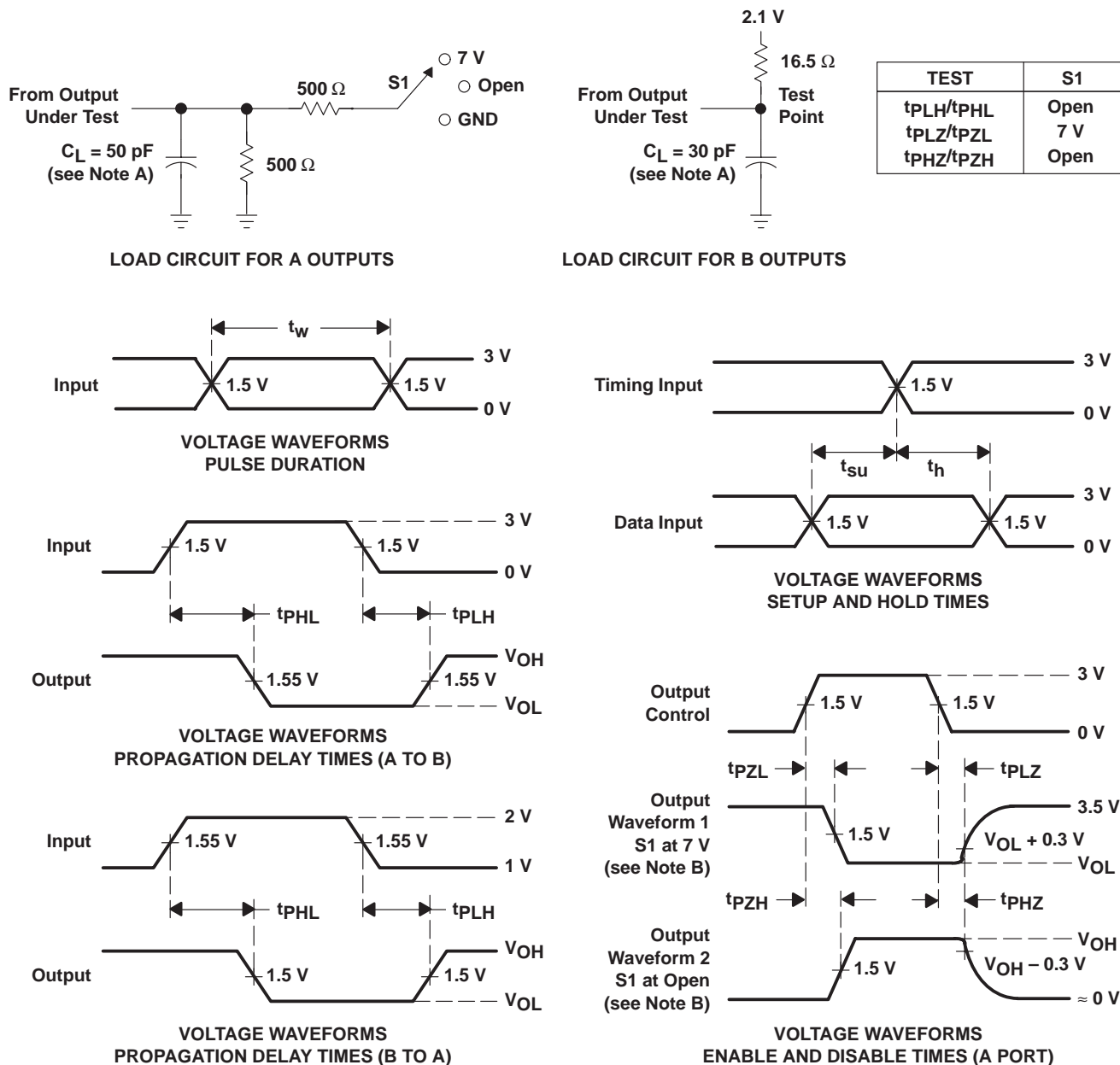
switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			MIN	MAX	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A or AP	$\overline{B}$ or $\overline{BP}$	2.9	5.2	6.5	2.7	7	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3	4.9	6.3	2.8	6.6	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	$\overline{B}_{n-1}$	3.1	5.6	7.4	2.5	8.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.4	5.6	7.4	3.2	9	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	$\overline{BP}$	4.5	6.6	8.1	4	8.9	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			4.1	6.3	7.7	3.8	8.4	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{B}$	$\overline{B}_{n-1}$	5.5	8.4	10.8	4.8	11.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			5.5	7.4	8.9	4.9	10	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LE	$\overline{B}$ or $\overline{BP}$	3.7	5.6	6.8	3.4	7.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.5	5.1	6.1	3.1	6.8	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{B}$ or $\overline{BP}$	A or AP	3	5.3	7	2.9	7.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			2.8	4.6	5.9	2	6.1	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{B}$	WIN	4	6	7.2	3.4	8.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			4.2	6.6	8.6	3.9	8.9	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	WIN	1.9	4.1	5.4	1.7	5.9	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.9	4	5.3	1.6	6	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LE	WIN	2.4	4.4	5.7	2.1	6.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.9	3.5	4.5	1.6	4.9	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{\text{COMPETE}}$	WIN	1.6	3.4	4.5	1.3	5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.7	3.4	4.4	1.5	4.9	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	WIN	1.7	3.5	4.7	1.4	5.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			2.2	3.8	4.7	2	5	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{\text{COMPETE}}$	$\overline{B}$	3.2	5.2	6.6	2.7	7.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.8	5.6	6.7	3.5	7.3	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{\text{COMPETE}}$	$\overline{BP}$	3.9	6.2	7.6	3.8	7.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.9	5.7	7	3.4	7.8	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	OEB	$\overline{B}$	3.1	5.3	6.7	2.9	7.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.4	5.4	6.7	3.2	7.2	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	$\overline{B}$	4.6	6.7	8.1	4.4	8.6	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.7	5.9	8.1	3.4	8.9	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OEA	A	2.5	4.3	6	2.2	6.3	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>			2.2	3.9	5.3	2.2	5.8	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OEA	A	1.7	3.4	4.9	1.3	5.5	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			1.9	3.7	5.4	1.7	5.7	
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew	A	0.8					ns
		$\overline{B}$	0.5					
t <sub>sk(o)</sub>	Pulse skew	A	0.8					ns
		$\overline{B}$	0.6					
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time, 1.3 V to 1.8 V, $\overline{B}$ outputs		1	2.2	3.2	1	3.2	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time, 1.3 V to 1.8 V, $\overline{B}$ outputs		1	1.3	2.3	1	2.5	ns
$\overline{B}$ -port input pulse rejection			1			1		ns





PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.  
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: TTL inputs:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ; BTL inputs:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$ .  
 D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms

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