

ST9040

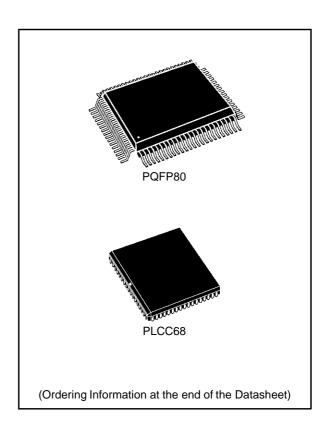
16K ROM HCMOS MCU WITH EEPROM, RAM AND A/D CONVERTER

- Register oriented 8/16 bit CORE with RUN, WFI and HALT modes
- Minimum instruction cycle time: 500ns (12MHz internal)
- Internal Memory:

ROM 16K bytes RAM 256 bytes EEPROM 512 bytes

224 general purpose registers available as RAM, accumulators or index registers (register file)

- 80-pin PQFP package for ST9040Q
- 68-lead PLCC package for ST9040C
- DMA controller, Interrupt handler and Serial Peripheral Interface as standard features
- Up to 56 fully programmable I/O pins
- Up to 8 external plus 1 non-maskable interrupts
- 16 bit Timer with 8 bit Prescaler, able to be used as a Watchdog Timer
- Two 16 bit Multifunction Timers, each with an 8 bit prescaler and 13 operating modes
- 8 channel 8 bit Analog to Digital Converter, with Analog Watchdogs and external references
- Serial Communications Interface with asynchronous and synchronous capability
- Rich Instruction Set and 14 Addressing modes
- Division-by-Zero trap generation
- Versatile development tools, including assembler, linker, C-compiler, archiver, graphic oriented debugger and hardware emulators
- Real Time Operating System
- Windowed and One Time Programmable EPROM parts available for prototyping and pre-production development phases
- Pin to pin compatible with ST9036



February 1997 1/56

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ST90)40	1
	1.1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
	1.2	PIN DESCRIPTION
		1.2.1 I/O Port Alternate Functions
	1.3	MEMORY
		1.3.1 INTRODUCTION
		1.3.2 EEPROM
		1.3.2.1 Introduction
		1.3.2.2 EEPROM Programming Procedure
		1.3.2.3 Parallel Programming Procedure
		1.3.2.4 EEPROM Programming Voltage
		1.3.2.5 EEPROM Programming Time
		1.3.2.6 EEPROM Interrupt Management
		1.3.2.7 EEPROM Control Register
		1.3.3 REGISTERMAP
2 EL	ECTR	ICAL CHARACTERISTICS
ST90)E4(O/ ST90T40 35
	1.1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
	1.2	PIN DESCRIPTION
		1.2.1 I/O PORT ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS
	1.1	MEMORY
	1.2	EPROM PROGRAMMING 42
		1.2.1 Eprom Erasing
ST90)R4(
	1.1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
	1.2	PIN DESCRIPTION
		1.2.1 I/O PORT ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS
	1.3	MEMORY 55

Figure 1. 80 Pin PQFP Package

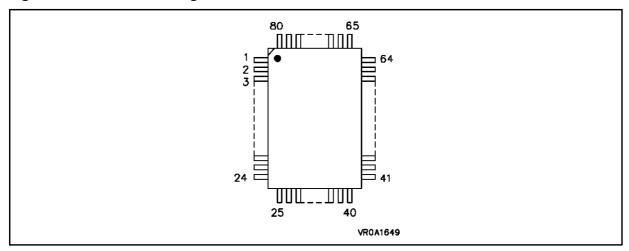


Table 1. ST9040Q Pin Description

Pin	Name
1	AV _{SS}
2	NC
3	NC
4	P44/AIN4
5	P57
6	P56
7	P55
8	P54
9	INT7
10	INT0
11	P53
12	NC
13	P52
14	P51
15	P50
16	OSCOUT
17	V _{SS}
18	V _{SS}
19	NC
20	OSCIN
21	RESET
22	P37/T1OUTB
23	P36/T1INB
24	P35/T1OUTA

Pin	Name
25	P34/T1INA
26	P33/T0OUTB
27	P32/T0INB
28	P31/T0OUTA
29	P30/P/D/T0INA
30	A15
31	A14
32	NC
33	A13
34	A12
35	A11
36	A10
37	A9
38	A8
39	P00/A0/D0
40	P01/A1/D1

Pin	Name
64	P20/NMI
63	NC
62	V _{SS}
61	P70/SIN
60	P71/SOUT
59	P72/INT4/TXCLK /CLKOUT
58	P73/INT5 /RXCLK/ADTRG
57	P74/P/D/INT6
56	P75/WAIT
55	P76/WDOUT /BUSREQ
54	P77/WDIN /BUSACK
53	R/W
52	NC
51	DS
50	ĀS
49	NC
48	V_{DD}
47	V_{DD}
46	P07/A7/D7
45	P06/A6/D6
44	P05/A5/D5
43	P04/A4/D4
42	P03/A3/D3
41	P02/A2/D2

Pin	Name
80	AV _{DD}
79	NC
78	P47/AIN7
77	P46/AIN6
76	P45/AIN5
75	P43/AIN3
74	P42/AIN2
73	P41/AIN1
72	P40/AIN0
71	P27/RRDY5
70	P26/INT3 /RDSTB5/P/D
69	P25/WRRDY5
68	P24/INT1 /WRSTB5
67	P23/SDO
66	P22/INT2/SCK
65	P21/SDI/P/D

Figure 2. 68 Pin PLCC Package

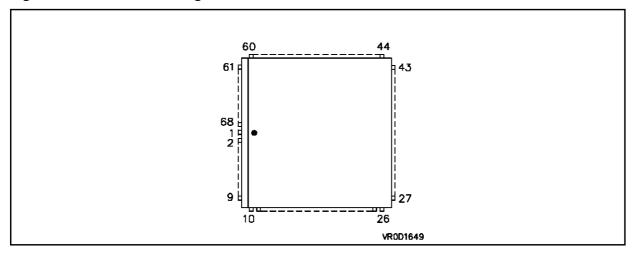


Table 2. ST9040C Pin Description

Pin	Name	Pin	Name
61	P44/AIN4	10	P35/T1OUTA
62	P57	11	P34/T1INA
63	P56	12	P33/T0OUTB
64	P55	13	P32/T0INB
65	P54	14	P31/T0OUTA
66	INT7	15	P30/P/D/T0INA
67	INT0	16	P17/A15
68	P53	17	P16/A14
• 1	P52	18	P15/A13
2	P51	19	P14/A12
3	P50	20	P13/A11
4	OSCOUT	21	P12/A10
5	V _{SS}	22	P11/A9
6	OSCIN	23	P10/A8
7	RESET	24	P00/A0/D0
8	P37/T1OUTB	25	P01/A1/D1
9	P36/T1INB	26	P02/A2/D2

Pin	Name		
43	P70/SIN		
42	P71/SOUT		
41	P72/CLKOUT /TXCLK/INT4		
40	P73/ADTRG /RXCLK/INT5		
39	P74/P/D/INT6		
38	P75/WAIT		
37	P76/WDOUT /BUSREQ		
36	P77/WDIN /BUSACK		
35	R/W		
34	DS		
33	ĀS		
32	V_{DD}		
31	P07/A7/D7		
30	P06/A6/D6		
29	P05/A5/D5		
28	P04/A4/D4		
27	P03/A3/D3		

Pin	Name
60	AV _{SS}
59	AV_{DD}
58	P47/AIN7
57	P46/AIN6
56	P45/AIN5
55	P43/AIN3
54	P42/AIN2
53	P41/AIN1
52	P40/AIN0
51	P27/RRDY5
50	P26/INT3 /RDSTB5/P/D
49	P25/WRRDY5
48	P24/INT1 /WRSTB5
47	P23/SDO
46	P22/INT2/SCK
45	P21/SDI/P/D
44	P20/NMI

1.1GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ST9040 is a ROM member of the ST9 family of microcontrollers, completely developed and produced by SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics using a proprietary n-well HCMOS process.

The ST9040 peripheral and functional actions are fully compatible throughout the ST903x/4x family. This datasheet will thus provide only information specific to this ROM device.

THE READER IS ASKED TO REFER TO THE DATASHEET OF THE ST9036 ROM-BASED DE-VICE FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

The nucleus of the ST9040 is the advanced Core which includes the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the Register File, a 16 bit Timer/Watchdog with 8 bit Prescaler, a Serial Peripheral Interface supporting S-bus, I²C-bus and IM-bus Interface, plus two 8 bit I/O ports. The Core has independent memory and register buses allowing a high degree of pipelining to add to the efficiency of the code execution speed of the extensive instruction set. The powerful I/O capabilities demanded by microcontroller applications are fulfilled by the ST9040 with up to 56 I/O lines dedicated to digital Input/Output. These lines are grouped into up to seven 8 bit I/O Ports and can be configured on a bit basis under

software control to provide timing, status signals, an address/databus for interfacing external memory, timer inputs and outputs, analog inputs, external interrupts and serial or parallel I/O with or without handshake.

Three basic memory spaces are available to support this wide range of configurations: Program Memory (internal and external), Data Memory (internal and external) and the Register File, which includes the control and status registers of the on-chip peripherals.

Two 16 bit MultiFunction Timers, each with an 8 bit Prescaler and 13 operating modes allow simple use for complex waveform generation and measurement, PWM functions and many other system timing functions by the usage of the two associated DMA channels for each timer. In addition there is an 8 channel Analog to Digital Converter with integral sample and hold, fast 11 μs conversion time and 8 bit resolution. An Analog Watchdog feature is included for two input channels.

Completing the device is a full duplex Serial Communications Interface with an integral 110 to 375,000 baud rate generator, asynchronous and 1.5Mbyte/s synchronous capability (fully programmable format) and associated address/wake-up option, plus two DMA channels.

1.2 PIN DESCRIPTION

AS. Address Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Address Strobe is pulsed low once at the beginning of each memory cycle. The rising edge of AS indicates that address, Read/Write (R/W), and Data Memory signals are valid for program or data memory transfers. Under program control, AS can be placed in a high-impedance state along with Port 0 and Port 1, Data Strobe (DS) and R/W.

DS. Data Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Data Strobe provides the timing for data movement to or from Port 0 for each memory transfer. During a write cycle, data out is valid at the leading edge of **DS**. During a read cycle, Data In must be valid prior to the trailing edge of **DS**. When the ST9040 accesses on-chip memory, **DS** is held high during the whole memory cycle. It can be placed in a high impedancestate along with Port 0, Port 1, **AS** and R/W.

R/W. Read/Write (output, 3-state). Read/Write determines the direction of data transfer for external memory transactions. R/W is low when writing to external program or data memory, and high for all other transactions. It can be placed in a high impedance state along with Port 0, Port 1, AS and DS.

RESET. Reset (input, active low). The ST9 is initialised by the Reset signal. With the deactivation of RESET, program execution begins from the Program memory location pointed to by the vector contained in program memory locations 00h and 01h.

INTO, INT7. External interrupts (input, active on rising or falling edge). External interrupt inputs 0 and

7 respectively. INTO channel may also be used for the timer watchdog interrupt.

OSCIN, OSCOUT. Oscillator (input and output). These pins connect a parallel-resonant crystal (24MHz maximum), or an external source to the on-chip clock oscillator and buffer. OSCIN is the input of the oscillator inverter and internal clock generator; OSCOUT is the output of the oscillator inverter.

AVDD. Analog VDD of the Analog to Digital Converter.

AVss. Analog V_{SS} of the Analog to Digital Converter. *Must be tied to V_{SS}*.

VDD. Main Power Supply Voltage (5V ± 10%)

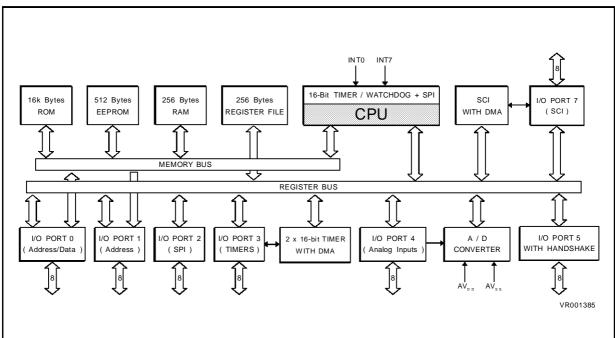
Vss. Digital Circuit Ground.

P0.0-P0.7, P1.0-P1.7, P2.0-P2.7 P3.0-P3.7, P4.0-P4.7, P5.0-P5.7, P7.0-P7.7 I/O Port Lines (Input/Output, TTL or CMOS compatible). 56 lines grouped into I/O ports of 8 bits, bit programmable under program control as general purpose I/O or as alternate functions.

1.2.1 I/O Port Alternate Functions

Each pin of the I/O ports of the ST9040 may assume software programmable Alternative Functions as shown in the Pin Configuration Drawings. Table 1-3 shows the Functions allocated to each I/O Port pins and a summary of packages for which they are available.

Figure 3. ST9040 Block Diagram



PIN DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 3. ST9040 I/O Port Alternate Function Summary

I/O PORT	Name	Name Function Alternate Function		Pin Ass	Pin Assignment		
Port. bit	1			PLCC	PQFP		
P0.0	A0/D0	I/O	Address/Data bit 0 mux	24	39		
P0.1	A1/D1	I/O	Address/Data bit 1 mux	25	40		
P0.2	A2/D2	I/O	Address/Data bit 2 mux	26	41		
P0.3	A3/D3	I/O	Address/Data bit 3 mux	27	42		
P0.4	A4/D4	I/O	Address/Data bit 4 mux	28	43		
P0.5	A5/D5	I/O	Address/Data bit 5 mux	29	44		
P0.6	A6/D6	I/O	Address/Data bit 6 mux	30	45		
P0.7	A7/D7	I/O	Address/Data bit 7 mux	31	46		
P1.0	A8	0	Address bit 8	23	38		
P1.1	A9	0	Address bit 9	22	37		
P1.2	A10	0	Address bit 10	21	36		
P1.3	A11	0	Address bit 11	20	35		
P1.4	A12	0	Address bit 12	19	34		
P1.5	A13	0	Address bit 13	18	33		
P1.6	A14	0	Address bit 14	17	31		
P1.7	A15	0	Address bit 15	16	30		
P2.0	NMI	I	Non-Maskable Interrupt	44	64		
P2.0	ROMless	I	ROMless Select (Mask option)	44	64		
P2.1	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	45	65		
P2.1	SDI	I	SPI Serial Data Out	45	65		
P2.2	INT2	I	External Interrupt 2	46	66		
P2.2	SCK	0	SPI Serial Clock	46	66		
P2.3	SDO	0	SPI Serial Data In	47	67		
P2.4	INT1	I	External Interrupt 1	48	68		
P2.4	WRSTB5	I	Handshake Write Strobe P5	48	68		
P2.5	WRRDY5	0	Handshake Write Ready P5	49	69		
P2.6	INT3	I	External Interrupt 3	50	70		
P2.6	RDSTB5	I	Handshake Read Strobe P5	50	70		
P2.6	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	50	70		
P2.7	RDRDY5	0	Handshake Read Ready P5	51	71		
P3.0	TOINA	I	MF Timer 0 Input A	15	29		
P3.0	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select 15		29		
P3.1	T0OUTA	0	MF Timer 0 Output A		28		
P3.2	TOINB	ı	MF Timer 0 Input B	13	27		
P3.3	T0OUTB	0	MF Timer 0 Output B	12	26		
P3.4	T1INA	ı	MF Timer 1 Input A	11	25		

PIN DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Table 4. ST9040 I/O Port Alternate Function Summary(Continued)

I/O PORT	Name	Function	Alternate Function	Pin Assignment		
Port. bit	1			PLCC	PQFP	
P3.5	T1OUTA	0	MF Timer 1 Output A	10	24	
P3.6	T1INB	I	MF Timer 1 Input B	9	23	
P3.7	T1OUTB	0	MF Timer 1 Output B	8	22	
P4.0	AIN0	I	A/D Analog Input 0	52	72	
P4.1	AIN1	I	A/D Analog Input 1	53	73	
P4.2	AIN2	I	A/D Analog Input 2	54	74	
P4.3	AIN3	I	A/D Analog Input 3	55	75	
P4.4	AIN4	I	A/D Analog Input 4	61	4	
P4.5	AIN5	I	A/D Analog Input 5	56	76	
P4.6	AIN6	I	A/D Analog Input 6	57	77	
P4.7	AIN7	I	A/D Analog Input 7	58	78	
P5.0		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	3	15	
P5.1		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	2	14	
P5.2		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	1	13	
P5.3		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	68	11	
P5.4		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	65	8	
P5.5		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	64	7	
P5.6		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	63	6	
P5.7		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	62	5	
P7.0	SIN	I	SCI Serial Input	43	61	
P7.1	SOUT	0	SCI Serial Output	42	60	
P7.1	ROMIess	I	ROMless Select (Mask option)	42	60	
P7.2	INT4	I	External Interrupt 4	41	59	
P7.2	TXCLK	I	SCI Transmit Clock Input	41	59	
P7.2	CLKOUT	0	SCI Byte Sync Clock Output	41	59	
P7.3	INT5	1	External Interrupt 5	40	58	
P7.3	RXCLK	1	SCI Receive Clock Input	40	58	
P7.3	ADTRG	ı	A/D Conversion Trigger	40	58	
P7.4	INT6	I	External Interrupt 6	39	57	
P7.4	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select 39		57	
P7.5	WAIT	1	External Wait Input 38		56	
P7.6	WDOUT	0	T/WD Output 37		55	
P7.6	BUSREQ	1	External Bus Request	37	55	
P7.7	WDIN	ı	T/WD Input 36		54	
P7.7	BUSACK	0	External Bus Acknowledge	36	54	

ADDRESS SPACES

Table 1-4. Group F Peripheral Organization

Applicable for ST9040										
DEC	DEC HEX	00 00	02 02	03 03	80 80	09 09	10 0A	24 18	63 3F	
R255	RFF	RESERVED	RESERVED					RESERVED		RFF
R254	RFE	MSPI		PORT 7						RFE
R253	RFD		PORT 3			RESERVED				RFD
R252	RFC	WCR								RFC
R251	RFB		RESERVED							RFB
R250	RFA	T/WD		RESERVED						RFA
R249	RF9		PORT 2		MFT 1		MFT 0		A/D	RF9
R248	RF8					MFT				RF8
R247	RF7		RESERVED					SCI		RF7
R246	RF6			PORT 5		MFT 1				RF6
R245	RF5	EXT INT	PORT1							RF5
R244	RF4									RF4
R243	RF3		RESERVED	RESERVED						RF3
R242	RF2					MFT0				RF2
R241	RF1	EEPROMCR	PORT 0	PORT 4						RF1
R240	RF0	RESERVED								RF0

1.3 MEMORY

1.3.1 INTRODUCTION

The memory of the ST9 is divided into two spaces:

- Data memory with up to 64K (65536) bytes
- Program memory with up to 64K (65536) bytes

Thus, there is a total of 128K bytes of addressable memory space.

The 16K bytes of on-chip ROM memory of the ST9040 are selected at memory addresses 0 through 3FFFh (hexadecimal) in the PROGRAM space.

The DATA space includes the 512 bytes of on-chip EEPROM at addresses 0 through 1FFh and the 256 bytes of on-chip RAM memory at addresses 200h through 2FFh.

1.3.2 EEPROM

1.3.2.1 Introduction

The EEPROMmemory provides user-programmable non-volatile memory on-chip, allowing fast and reliable storage of user data. As there is also no off-chip access required, as for an external serial EEPROM, high security levels can be achieved.

The EEPROM memory is read as normal RAM memory at Data Space addresses 0 to 1FFh, however one WAIT cycle is automatically added for a Read cycle, while a byte write cycle to the

EEPROM will cause the start of an ERASE/WRITE cycle at the addressed location. Word (16 bit) writes are not allowed.

The programming cycle is self-timed, with a typical programming time of 6ms. The voltage necessary for programming the EEPROM is internally generated with a +18V charge pump circuit.

Up to 16 bytes of data may be programmed into the EEPROM during the same write cycle by using the PARALLEL WRITE function.

A standby mode is also available which disables all power consumption sources within the EEPROM for low power requirements. When STBY is high, any attempt to access the EEPROM memory will produce unpredictable results. After the re-enabling of the EEPROM, a delay of 6 INTCLK cycles must be allowed before the selection of the EEPROM.

The EEPROM of the ST9040 has been implemented in a high reliability technology developed by SGS-THOMSON, this, together with the double bit structure, allow 300k Erase/Write cycles and 10 year data retention to be achieved on a microcontroller.

Control of the EEPROM is performed through one register mapped at register address R241 in Page 0.

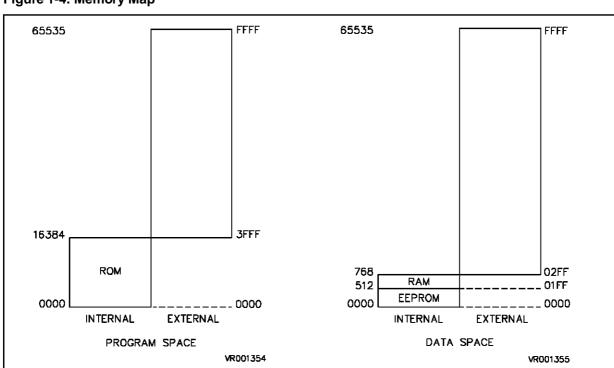


Figure 1-4. Memory Map

EEPROM (Continued)

1.3.2.2 EEPROM Programming Procedure

The programming of a byte of EEPROMmemory is equivalent to writing a byte into a RAM location after verifying that EEBUSY bit is low. Instructions operating on word data (16 bits) will not access the EEPROM.

The EEPROM ENABLE bit EEWEN must first be set before writing to the EEPROM. When this bit is low, attempts to write data to the EEPROM have no affect, this prevents any spurious memory accesses from affecting the data in the EEPROM.

Termination of the write operation can be detected by polling on the EEBUSY status bit, or by interrupt, taking the interrupt vector from the External Interrupt4 channel. The selection of the interrupt is made by EEPROM Interrupt enable bit EEIEN. It should be noted that the Mask bit of External Interrupt 4 should be set, and the Interrupt Pending bit reset, before the setting of EEIEN to prevent unwanted interrupts. A delay (eg a nop instruction) should also be included between the operations on the mask and pending bits of External Interrupt 4.

If polling on EEBUSY is used, a delay of 6 INTCLK clock cycles is necessary after the end of programming, this can be a nop instruction or, normally, therequired time to test the EEBUSY bit and to branch to the next instruction will be sufficient. While EEBUSY is active, any attempt to access the EEPROM matrix will be aborted and the data read will be invalid. EEBUSY is a read only bit and cannot be reset by the user if active.

An erased bit of the EEPROM memory will read as a logic "0", while a programmed cell will be read as a logic "1". For applications requiring the highest level of reliability, the Verify Mode, set by EEPROM control register bit VRFY, allows the reading of the EEPROM memory cells with a reduced gate voltage (typically 20%). If the EEPROM memory cell has been correctly programmed, a logic "1" will be read with the reduced voltage, otherwise a logic "0" will be read.

1.3.2.3 Parallel Programming Procedure

Parallel programming is a feature of the EEPROM macrocell. One up to sixteen bytes of a same row can be programmed at once.

The constraint is that each of the bytes occur in the same ROW of the EEPROM memory (A4 constant, A3-A0 variable). To operate this mode, the Parallel Mode enable bit, PLLEN, must be set. The data written is then latched into buffers (at the addresses specified, which may be non-sequential) and then transferred to the EEPROM memory by the setting of the PLLST bit of the control register. Both PLLST and PLLEN are internally reset at the end of the programming cycle. Any attempt to read the EEPROM memory when PLLEN is set will give invalid data. In the event that the data in the buffer latches is not required to be written into the memory by the setting of PLLST, the correct way to terminate the operation is to reset PLLEN and to perform a dummy read of the EEPROM memory. This termination will clear all data present in the latches.

1.3.2.4 EEPROM Programming Voltage

No external Vpp voltage is required, an internal 18Volt charge-pump gives the required energy by a dedicated oscillator pumping at a typical frequency of 5MHz, regardless of the external clock.

1.3.2.5 EEPROM Programming Time

No timing routine is required to control the programming time as dedicated circuitry takes care of the EEPROM programming time (The typical programming time is 6ms).

1.3.2.6 EEPROM Interrupt Management

At the end of each write procedure the EEPROM sends an interrupt request (if EEIEN bit is set). The EEPROM shares its interrupt channel with the external interrupt source INT4, from which the priority level is derived.

Care must be taken when EEIEN is reset. The associated external interrupt channel must be disabled (by reseting bit 4 of EIMR, R244) along with reseting the interrupt pending bit (bit 4 of EIPR, R243) to prevent unwanted interrupts. A delay instruction (at least 1 nop instruction) must be inserted between these two operations

WARNING. The content of the EEPROM of the ST9040 family after the out-going test at SGS-THOMSON's manufacturing location is not guarenteed.

EEPROM (Continued)

1.3.2.7 EEPROM Control Register EECR R241 (F1h) Page 0 Read/Write

(except EEBUSY: read only) EEPROM Control Register Reset value: 0000 0000b (00h)

7 0

0 VERIFY EESTBY EEIEN PLLST PLLEN EEBUSYEEWEN

bit 7 = **B7**: This bit is forced to "0" after reset and **MUST** not be modified by the user.

bit 6 = **VERIFY**: Set Verify mode. Verify (active high) is used to activate the verify mode.

The verify mode provides a guarentee of good retention of the programmed bit. When active, the reading voltage on the cell gate is decreased from 1.2V to 0.0V, decreasing the current from the programmed cell by 20%. If the cell is well programmed (to "1"), a "1" will still be read, otherwise a "0" will be read.

Note. The verify mode must not be used during an erasing or a programming cycle).

bit 5 = **EESTBY**: *EEPROM Stand-By*. EESTBY = "1" switches off all power consumption sources inside the EEPROM. Any attempt to access the EEPROM when EESTBY = "1" will produce unpredictable results.

Note. After EESTBY is reset, the user must wait 6 CPUCLK cycles (e.g. 1 nop instruction) before selecting the EEPROM.

bit 4 = **EEIEN:** EEPROM Interrupt Enable. INTEN = "1" disables the external interrupt source INT4, and enables the EEPROM to send its interrupt request to the central interrupt unit at the end of each write procedure.

bit 3 = **PLLST**: Parallel Write Start. Setting PLLST to "1" starts the parallel writing procedure. It can be set only if PLLEN is already set. PLLST is internally reset at the end of the programming sequence.

bit 2 = **PLLEN:** Parallel write Enable. Setting PLLEN to "1" enables the parallel writing mode which allows the user to write up to 16 bytes at the same time. PLLEN is internally reset at the end of the programming sequence.

bit 1 = **EEBUSY**: *BUSY*. When this read only bit is high, an EEPROM write operation is in progress and any attempt to access the EEPROM is aborted.

bit 0 = **EEWEN**: *EEPROM Write Enable*. Setting this bit allows programming of the EEPROM, when low a writing attempt has no effect.

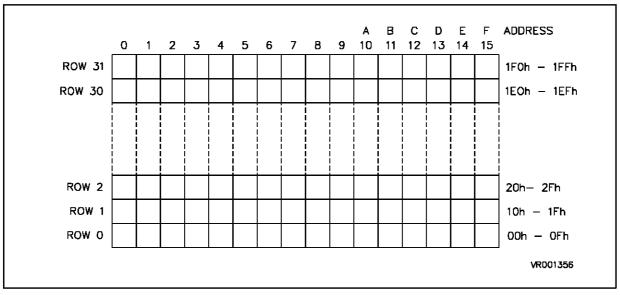
1.3.3 REGISTER MAP

Please refer to the Register Map of the ST9036 for all general registers with the exception of the register shown in the following table.

Table 1-5. Register Map Addendum

EECR	R241	(F1h)	Page 0	Read/Write	Control Registers

Figure 1-5. EEPROM Parallel Programming Rows



2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage	- 0.3 to 7.0	V
AV _{DD} , AV _{SS}	Analog Supply Voltage	$V_{SS} = AV_{SS} < AV_{DD} \le V_{DD}$	V
VI	V _I Input Voltage - 0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3		V
Vo	Output Voltage	- 0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	– 55 to + 150	°C
I _{INJ}	Pin Injection Current Digital Input	-5 to +5	mA
I _{INJ}	Pin Injection Current Analog Input	-5 to +5	mA
	Maximum Accumulated Pin injection Current in the device	-50 to +50	mA

Note: Stresses above those listed as "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are referenced to VSS

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Va	Unit	
Symbol	r al allieter	Min.	Max.	Onit
T _A	Operating Temperature	- 40	85	°C
V_{DD}	Operating Supply Voltage	4.5	5.5	V
f _{OSCE}	External Oscillator Frequency		24	MHz
f _{OSCI}	Internal Clock Frequency (INTCLK)		12	MHz



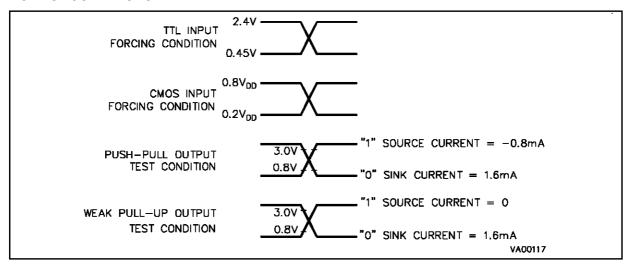
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\% T_A = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

0	B	Total Completions		Value		
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IHCK}	Clock Input High Level	External Clock	0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{ILCK}	Clock Input Low Level	External Clock	-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V
\/	Input High Level	TTL	2.0		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{IH}	Input High Level	CMOS	0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V	Input Love Lovel	TTL	-0.3		0.8	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Level	CMOS	-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V
V_{IHRS}	RESET Input High Level		0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{ILRS}	RESET Input Low Level		-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V
V_{HYRS}	RESET Input Hysteresis		0.3		1.5	V
V_{OH}	Output High Level	Push Pull, Iload = - 0.8mA	$V_{DD} - 0.8$			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Level	Push Pull or Open Drain, Iload = 1.6mA			0.4	V
I _{WPU}	Weak Pull-up Current	Bidirectional Weak Pull- up, V _{OL} = 0V	- 50	- 200	- 420	μА
I _{APU}	Active Pull-up Current, for INT0 and INT7 only	V _{IN} < 0.8V, under Reset	- 80	- 200	- 420	μА
I _{LKIO}	I/O Pin Input Leakage	Input/Tri-State, 0V < V _{IN} < V _{DD}	- 10		+ 10	μА
ILKRS	Reset Pin Input Leakage	0V < VIN < VDD	- 30		+ 30	μА
I _{LKAD}	A/D Pin Input Leakage	Alternate Function, Open Drain, 0V < V _{IN} < V _{DD}	-3		+ 3	μА
I _{LKAP}	Active Pull-up Input Leakage	0V < V _{IN} < 0.8V	- 10		+ 10	μА
I _{LKOS}	OSCIN Pin Input Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	– 10		+ 10	μА

Note: All I/O Ports are configured in Bidirectional Weak Pull-up Mode with no DC load, External Clock pin (OSCIN) is driven by square wave external clock. No peripheral working.

DC TEST CONDITIONS



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD = 5V \pm 10% TA = - 40 °C to + 85°C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Test Conditions Value		
Symbol	i arameter	rest conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD}	Run Mode Current no CPUCLK prescale, Clock divide by 2	24MHz, Note 1			40	mA
I _{DP2}	Run Mode Current Prescale by 2 Clock divide by 2	24MHz, Note 1			30	mA
l _{WFI}	WFI Mode Current no CPUCLK prescale, Clock divide by 2	24MHz, Note 1			20	mA
I _{HALT}	HALT Mode Current	24MHz, Note 1			100	μΑ

Note 1: All I/O Ports are configured in Bidirectional Weak Pull-up Mode with no DC load, External Clock pin (OSCIN) is driven by square wave external clock. No peripheral working.

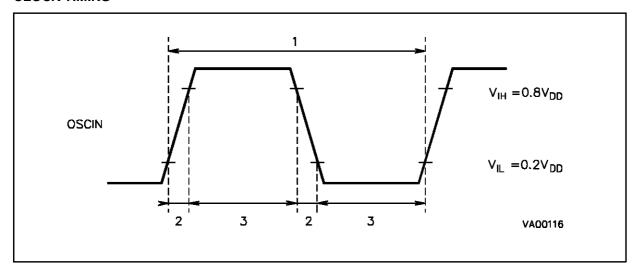
CLOCK TIMING TABLE ($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to + 85°C, INTCLK = 12MHz, unless otherwise specified)

N°	Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Value Unit		Unit	Note
IN .		raiametei	Min.	Max.		
1	ТрС	OSCIN Clock Period	41.5		ns	1
			83		ns	2
2	TrC, TfC	OSCIN Rise and Fall Time		12	ns	
3	TwCL, TwCH	OSCIN Low and High Width	17	25	ns	1
			38		ns	2

Notes:

- Clock divided by 2 internally (MODER.DIV2=1)
- Clock not divided by 2 internally (MODER.DIV2=0)

CLOCK TIMING



EXTERNAL BUS TIMING TABLE

($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85 °C, Cload = 50pF, CPUCLK = 12MHz, unless otherwise specified)

			\	/alue (Note)			
N°	Symbol	Parameter	OSCIN Divided By 2	OSCIN Not Divided By 2	Min.	Max.	Unit
1	TsA (AS)	Address Set-up Time before AS ↑	TpC (2P+1)-22	TWCH+PTpC -18	20		ns
2	ThAS (A)	Address Hold Time after AS ↑	TpC -17	TwCL -13	25		ns
3	TdAS (DR)	AS ↑ to Data Available (read)	TpC (4P+2W+4) -52	TpC (2P+W+2) -51		115	ns
4	TwAS	AS Low Pulse Width	TpC (2P+1)-7	TwCH+PTpC -3	35		ns
5	TdAz (DS)	Address Float to DS ↓ t	12	12	12		ns
6	TwDSR	DS Low Pulse Width (read)	TpC (4P+2W+3) -20	TwCH+TpC (2P+W+1) -16	105		ns
7	TwDSW	DS Low Pulse Width (write)	TpC (2P+2W+2)-13	TpC (P+W+1) -13	70		ns
8	TdDSR (DR)	DS ↓ to Data Valid Delay (read)	TpC (4P+2W-3) -50	TwCH+TpC(2P+W+1) -46		75	ns
9	ThDR (DS)	Data to DS ↑ Hold Time (read)	0	0	0		ns
10	TdDS (A)	DS ↑ to Address Active Delay	TpC -7	TwCL -3	35		ns
11	TdDS (AS)	DS ↑ to AS ↓ Delay	TpC -18	TwCL -14	24		ns
12	TsR/W (AS)	R/W Set-up Time before AS↑	TpC (2P+1)-22	TwCH+PTpC -18	20		ns
13	TdDSR (R/W)	DS ↑ to R/W and Address Not Valid Delay	TpC -9	TwCL –5	33		ns
14	TdDW (DSW)	Write Data Valid to DS ↓ Delay (write)	TpC (2P+1)-32	TwCH+PTpC –28	10		ns
15	ThDS (DW)	Data Hold Time after DS↑ (write)	TpC -9	TwCL –5	33		ns
16	TdA (DR)	Address Valid to Data Valid Delay (read)	TpC (6P+2W+5) -68	TwCH+TpC (3P+W+2) -64		140	ns
17	TdAs (DS)	AS ↑ to DS ↓ Delay	TpC -18	TwCL -14	24		ns

EXTERNAL WAIT TIMING TABLE

 $(V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, Cload = 50pF,$

INTCLK = 12MHz, Push-pull output configuration, unless otherwise specified)

			,	/alue (Note)			
N°	Symbol	Parameter	OSCIN Divided By 2	OSCIN Not Divided By 2	Min. Max.		Unit
1	TdAs (WAIT)	AS ↑ to WAIT ↓ Delay	2(P+1)TpC -29	2(P+1)TpC -29		40	ns
2	TdAs (WAIT)	AS ↑ to WAIT ↓ Min. Delay	2(P+W+1)TpC -4	2(P+W+1)TpC -4	80		ns
3	TdAs (WAIT)	AS ↑ to WAIT ↓ Max. Delay	2(P+W+1)TpC -29	2(P+W+1)TpC -29		83W+ 40	ns

Note: (for both tables) The value in the left hand two columns show the formula used to calculate the timing minimum or maximum from the oscillator clock period, prescale value and number of wait cycles inserted.

The value in the right hand two columns show the timing minimum and maximum for an external clock at 24 MHz divided by 2, prescaler value of zero and zero wait status.

Legend:

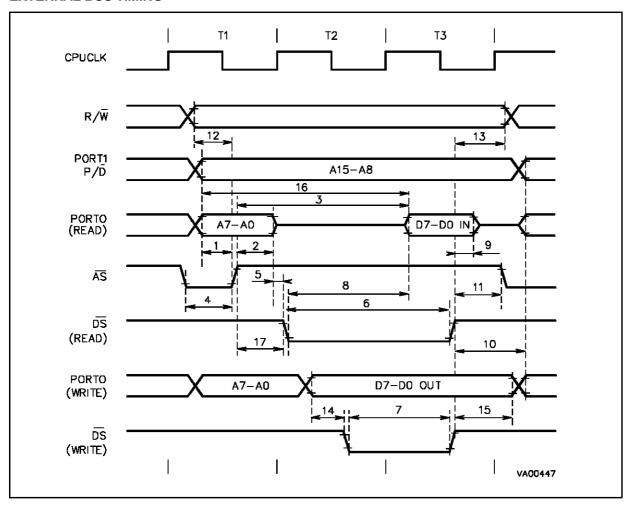
P = Clock Prescaling Value

W = Wait Cycles

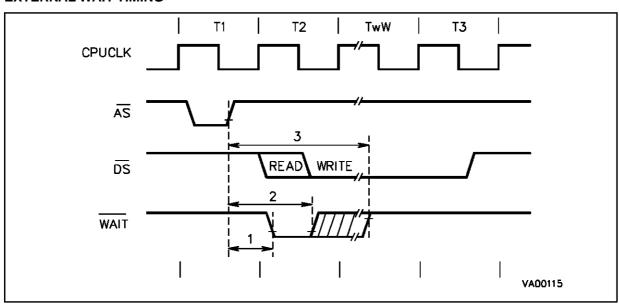
TpC =OSCIN Period
TwCH =High Level OSCIN half period
TwCL =Low Level OSCIN half period



EXTERNAL BUS TIMING



EXTERNAL WAIT TIMING



SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS

HANDSHAKE TIMING TABLE ($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, Cload = 50pF, INTCLK = 12MHz, Push-pull output configuration, unless otherwise specified)

				Value	(Note)				
N°	Symbol	Parameter	OSCIN I		OSCIN No By	ot Divided / 2	Min.	Max.	Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
1	TwRDY	RDRDY, WRRDY Pulse Width in One Line Handshake	2TpC (P+W+1) –18		TpC (P+W+1) – 18		65		ns
2	TwSTB	RDSTB, WRSTB Pulse Width	2TpC+12		TpC+12		95		ns
3	TdST (RDY)	RDSTB, or WRSTB↑ to RDRDY or WRRDY↓		TpC+45		(TpC-TwCL) +45		87	ns
4	TsPD (RDY)	Port Data to RDRDY ↑ Set-up Time	(2P+2W+1) TpC -25		TwCH+ (W+P) TpC -25		16		ns
5	TsPD (RDY)	Port Data to WRRDY ↓ Set-up Time in One Line Handshake	43		43		43		ns
6	ThPD (RDY)	Port Data to WRRDY ↓ Hold Time in One Line Handshake	0		0		0		ns
7	TsPD (STB)	Port Data to WRSTB ↑ Set-up Time	10		10		10		ns
8	ThPD (STB)	Port Data to WRSTB ↑ Hold Time	25		25		25		ns
9	TdSTB (PD)	RDSTBD ↑ to Port Data Delay Time in Bidirectional Handshake		35		35		35	ns
10	TdSTB (PHZ)	RDSTB ↑ to Port High-Z Delay Time in Bidirectional Handshake		25		25		25	ns

Note: The value in the left hand two columns show the formula used to calculate the timing minimum or maximum from the oscillator clock period, prescale value and number of wait cycles inserted.

The value in the right hand two columns show the timing minimum and maximum for an external clock at 24 MHz divided by 2, prescaler value

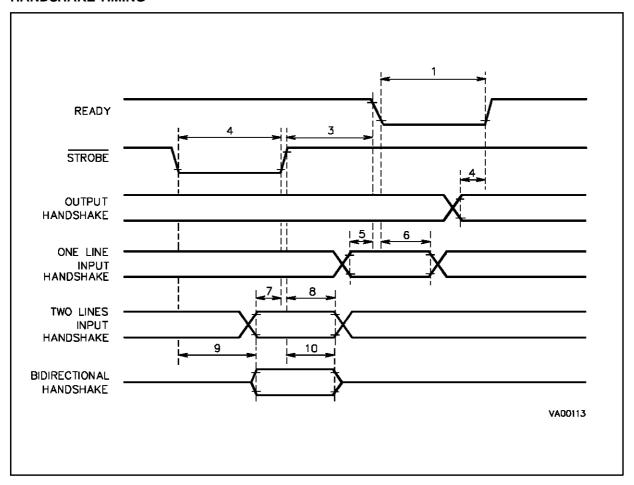
of zero and zero wait status.

Legend:

= Clock Prescaling Value (R235.4,3,2)

= Programmable Wait Cycles (R252.2.1.0/5,4,3) + External Wait Cycles

HANDSHAKE TIMING



BUS REQUEST/ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING TABLE ($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, Cload = 50pF, INTCLK = 12MHz, Push-pull output configuration, unless otherwise specified)

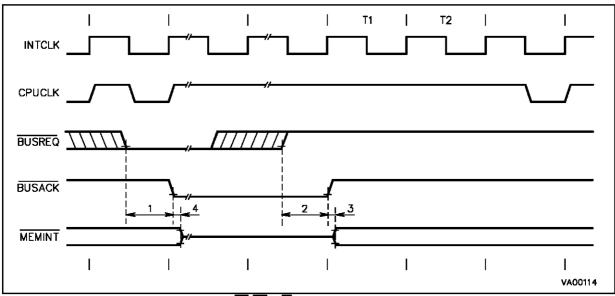
				Value (Note)			
N°	Symbol	Parameter	OSCIN Divided By 2	OSCIN Not Divided By 2	Min.	Max.	Unit
1	TdBR (BACK)	BREQ ↓ to BUSACK ↓	TpC+8	TwCL+12	50		ns
	Table (Brion)	BREW & to Booker	TpC(6P+2W+7)+65	TpC(3P+W+3)+TwCL+65		360	ns
2	TdBR (BACK)	BREQ ↑ to BUSACK ↑	3TpC+60	TpC+TwCL+60		185	ns
3	TdBACK (BREL)	BUSACK ↓ to Bus Release	20	20		20	ns
4	TdBACK (BACT)	BUSACK ↑ to Bus Active	20	20		20	ns

Note: The value left hand two columns show the formula used to calculate the timing minimum or maximum from the oscillator clock period,

prescale value and number of wait cycles inserted.

The value right hand two columns show the timing minimum and maximum for an external clock at 24MHz divided by 2, prescale value of zero and zero wait status.

BUS REQUEST/ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING



Note: MEMINT = Group of memory interface signals: AS, DS, R/W, P00-P07, P10-P17

EXTERNAL INTERRUPT TIMING TABLE ($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, Cload = 50pF, INTCLK = 12MHz, Push-pull output configuration, unless otherwise specified)

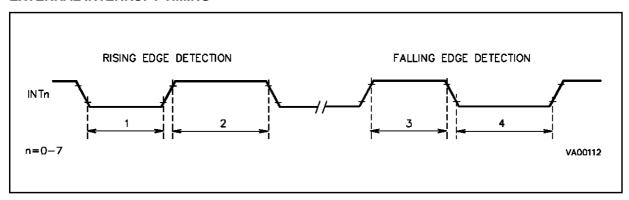
			Value (Note)				
N° Symbo		Parameter	OSCIN Divided By 2 Min.	OSCIN Not Divided By 2 Min.	Min.	Max.	Unit
1	TwLR	Low Level Minimum Pulse Width in Rising Edge Mode	2TpC+12	TpC+12	95		ns
2	TwHR	High Level Minimum Pulse Width in Rising Edge Mode	2TpC+12	TpC+12	95		ns
3	TwHF	High Level Minimum Pulse Width in Falling Edge Mode	2TpC+12	TpC+12	95		ns
4	TwLF	Low Level Minimum Pulse Width in Falling Edge Mode	2TpC+12	TpC+12	95		ns

Note: The value left hand two columns show the formula used to calculate the timing minimum or maximum from the oscillator clock period, prescale value and number of wait cycles inserted.

The value right hand two columns show the timing minimum and maximum for an external clock at 24 MHz divided by 2, prescale value of zero

and zero wait status.

EXTERNAL INTERRUPT TIMING

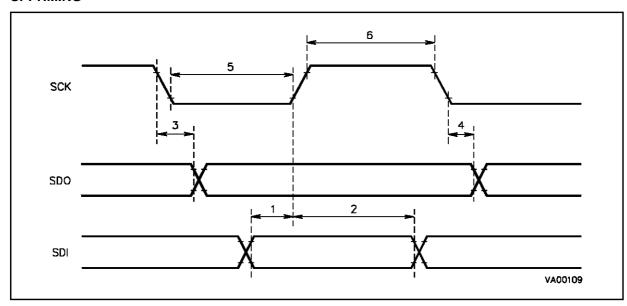


SPI TIMING TABLE ($V_{DD}=5V\pm10\%, T_A=-40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, Cload = 50pF, INTCLK = 12MHz, Output Alternate Function set as Push-pull)

N°	Symbol	Parameter	Va	lue	Unit
IN IN	Symbol	r ai ailietei	Min.	Max.	Offic
1	TsDI	Input Data Set-up Time	100		ns
2	ThDI (1)	Input Data Hold Time	1/2 TpC+100		ns
3	TdOV	SCK to Output Data Valid		100	ns
4	ThDO	Output Data Hold Time	-20		ns
5	TwSKL	SCK Low Pulse Width	300		ns
6	TwSKH	SCK High Pulse Width	300		ns

Note: TpC is the OSCIN Clock period.

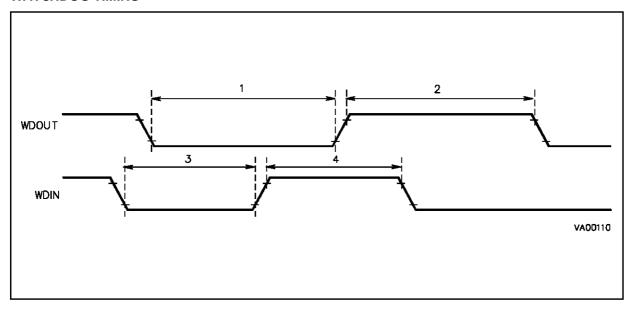
SPITIMING



WATCHDOG TIMING TABLE(V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10%, T_A = - 40 °C to +85°C, Cload = 50pF, CPUCLK = 12MHz, Push-pull output configuration, unless otherwise specified)

N°	Symbol	Parameter	Val	Unit	
	Symbol	r ai ailletei	Min.	Max.	
1	TwWDOL	WDOUT Low Pulse Width	620		ns
2	TwWDOH	WDOUT High Pulse Width	620		ns
3	TwWDIL	WDIN High Pulse Width	350		ns
4	TwWDIH	WDIN Low Pulse Width	350		ns

WATCHDOG TIMING



A/D CONVERTER

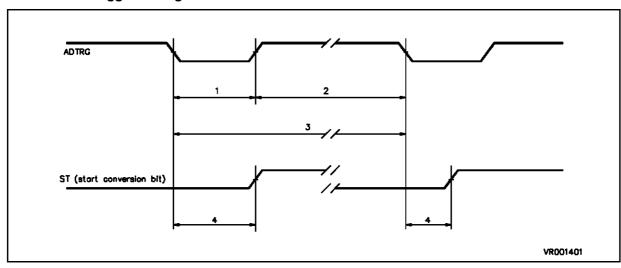
EXTERNAL TRIGGER TIMING ($V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, Cload = 50pF)

N°	Symbol	Parameter	Oscin o		Oscii divid	n not ed ⁽¹⁾	Valu	ле ⁽²⁾	Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
1	T _{LOW}	External Trigger pulse width	2xT _{PC}		T _{PC}		83		ns
2	T _{HIGH}	External Trigger pulse	2xT _{PC}		T_PC		83		ns
3	T _{EXT}	External trigger active edges distance	138xT _{PC}		69xT _{PC}		5.75		μs
4	T _{STR}	Internal delay between EXTRG falling edge and first conversion start	T _{PC}	3xT _{PC}	0.5xTPC	1.5xT _{PC}	41.5	125	ns

Notes:

- 1. Variable clock (TPC=OSCIN clock period)
- 2. INTCLK=12MHz

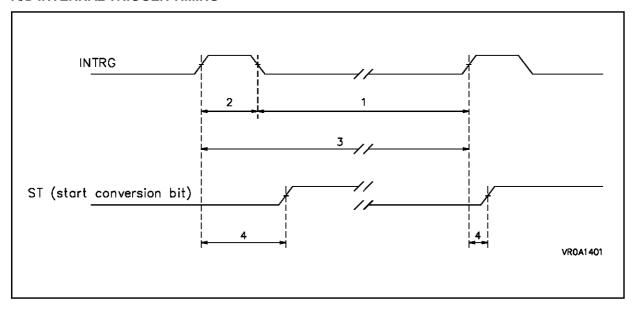
A/D External Trigger Timing



A/D INTERNAL TRIGGER TIMING TABLE

N°	Symbol	Parameter	OS0 Divided	CIN by 2 (2)	OSCIN Not Divided by 2 (2)		Value (3)		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
1	Tw _{HIGH}	Internal trigger pulse width	Трс		.5 x Tpc		41.5	-	ns
2	Tw _{LOW}	Internal trigger pulse distance	6 x Tpc		3 х Трс		250	-	ns
3	Tw _{EXT}	Internal trigger active edges distance (1)	276n x Tpc		138n x Tpc		n x 11.5	-	μs
4	Tw _{STR}	Internal delay between INTRG rising edge and first conversion start	Трс	3 х Трс	.5 x Tpc	1.5 x Tpc	41.5	125	ns

A/D INTERNAL TRIGGER TIMING



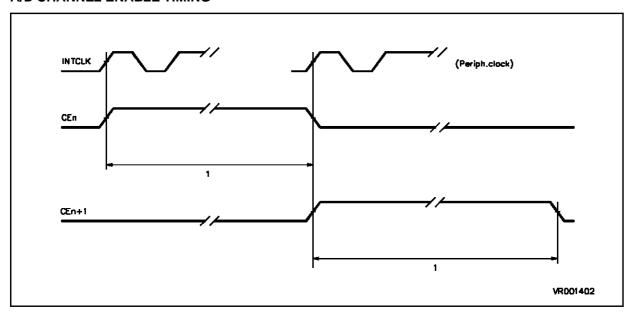
A/D CHANNEL ENABLE TIMING TABLE

\[\]	N°	Symbol	Parameter	OSCIN Divided by 2 (2)		OSCIN Not Divided by 2 (2)		Valu	e (3)	Unit	
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
	1	Tw _{EXT}	CEn Pulse width (1)	276n x Tpc		138n x Tpc		n x 11.5	-	μs	

Notes:

- 1. n = number of autoscanned channels (1 < n < 8)
- 2. Variable clock (Tpc = OSCIN clock period)
- 3. CPUCLK = 12MHz

A/D CHANNEL ENABLE TIMING



A/D ANALOG SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Typical (1)	Minimum	Maximum	Units (2)	Notes
Analog Input Range A _{VCC}		3	Avcc Vcc	V	
Conversion time		11.5		μs	(3, 4)
Sample time		3		μs	(3)
Power-up time		60		μs	
Resolution	8	8		βιτσ	
Monotonicity	GUARA	NTEED			
No missing codes	GUARA	NTEED			
Zero input reading		00		Hex	
Full scale reading			FF	Hex	
Offset error	.5		1	LSBs	(2,6)
Gain error	.5		1	LSBs	(6)
Diff. Non Linearity	±.3	±.2	±.5	LSBs	(6)
Int. Non Linearity			1	LSBs	(6)
Absolute Accuracy			1	LSBs	(6)
S/N		45	49	dB	
A _{VCC} /A _{VSS} Resistance	13.5	16	11	ΚΩ	
Input Resistance	12	8	15	ΚΩ	(5)
Hold Capacitance			30	pF	
Input Leakage			±3	μΑ	

Notes:

- 1. The values are expected at 25 degree Centigrade with AVCC = 5V
- 2. "LSBs", as used here, has a value of AVCC/256
- 3. @ 12MHz internal clock
- 4. Including sample time
- 5. It must be intended as the internal series resistance before the sampling capacitor
- 6. This is a typical expected value, but not a tested production parameter.

If V(i) is the value of the i-th transition level (0 < i < 254), the performance of the A/D converter has been valued as follows:

OFFSET ERROR = deviation between the actual V(0) and the ideal V(0) (=1/2 LSB)

GAIN ERROR = deviation between the actual V(254) and the ideal V(254) (=AVCC-3/2 LSB)

DNL ERROR = $max \{ [V(i) - V(i-1)] / LSB - 1 \}$

INL ERROR = $max \{ [V(i) - V(0)] / LSB - i \}$



MULTIFUNCTION TIMER UNIT EXTERNAL TIMING TABLE

			OSCIN	OSCIN	Valu	e (4)		
N°	Symbol	Parameter	Divided by 2 (3)	Not Divided by 2 (3)	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
1	Tw _{CTW}	External clock/trigger pulse width	2n x Tpc	n x Tpc	n x 83	-	ns	1
2	Tw _{CTD}	External clock/trigger pulse distance	2n x Tpc	n x Tpc	n x 83	-	ns	1
3	Tw _{AED}	Distance between two active edges	6 х Трс	3 х Трс	249	-	ns	
4	Tw _{GW}	Gate pulse width	12 x Tpc	6 x Tpc	498	-	ns	
5	Tw _{LBA}	Distance between TINB pulse edge and the following TINA pulse edge	2 x Tpc	Трс	83	-	ns	2
6	Tw _{LAB}	Distance between TINA pulse edge and the following TINB pulse edge	0		0	-	ns	2
7	Tw _{AD}	Distance between two TxINA pulses	0		0	-	ns	2
8	Tw _{OWD}	Minimum output pulse width/distance	6 х Трс	3 х Трс	249	-	ns	

Notes:

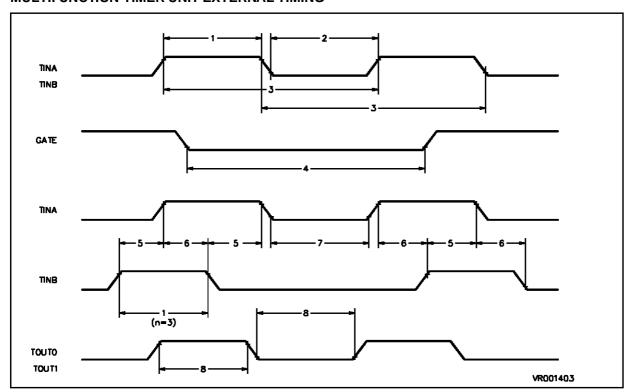
1. n = 1 if the input is rising OR falling edge sensitive n = 3 if the input is rising AND falling edge sensitive

2.In Autodiscrimination mode

3.Variable clock (Tpc = OSCIN period)

4.INTCLK = 12 MHz

MULTIFUNCTION TIMER UNIT EXTERNAL TIMING



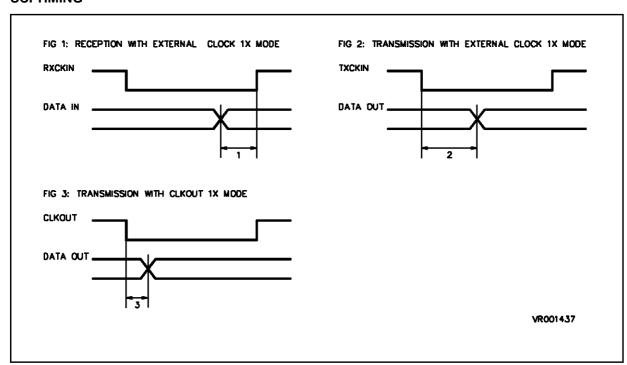
SCI TIMING TABLE

(V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10%, T_A = - 40°C to +85°C, Cload = 50pF, INTCLK = 12MHz, Output Alternate Function set as Push-pull)

N°	Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Condition		Unit	
IN	Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Max.		
	F _{RxCKIN}	Frequency of RxCKIN	1 x mode		F _{CK} /8	Hz	
	RXCKIN	r requerity of the officer	16 x mode		F _{CK} /4	Hz	
	Tw _{RxCKIN}	RxCKIN shortest pulse	1 x mode	4 T _{CK}		s	
		TXOTHY Shortest pulse	16 x mode	2 T _{CK}		s	
	E 0.00.	Frequency of TxCKIN	1 x mode		F _{CK} /8	Hz	
	F _{TxCKIN}	r requericy of FXCKIIV	16 x mode		F _{CK} /4	Hz	
	Tw _{TxCKIN}	TxCKIN shortest pulse	1 x mode	4 T _{CK}		s	
		TXOTAIN SHOITEST Puise	16 x mode	2 T _{CK}		s	
1	Ts _{DS}	DS (Data Stable) before rising edge of RxCKIN	1 x mode reception with RxCKIN	T _{PC} /2		ns	
2	Td _{D1}	TxCKIN to Data out delay Time	1 x mode transmission with external clock C load <100pF		2.5 T _{PC}	ns	
3	Td _{D2}	CLKOUT to Data out delay Time	1 x mode transmission with CLKOUT	350		ns	

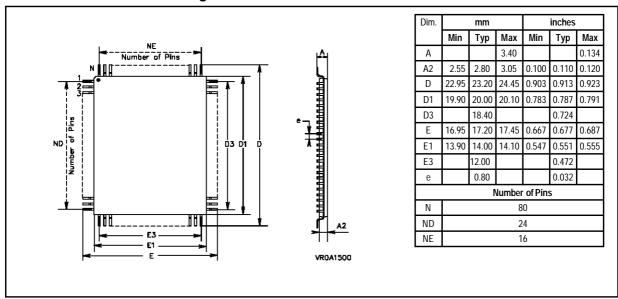
Note: FCK = 1/TCK

SCI TIMING

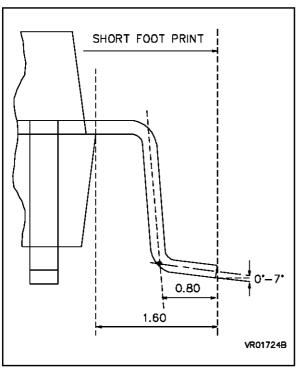


PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

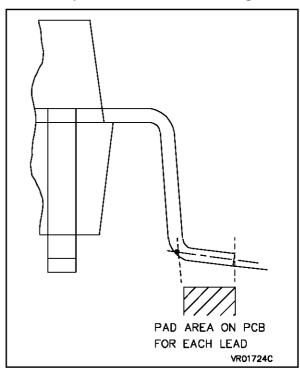
80-Pin Plastic Quad Flat Package



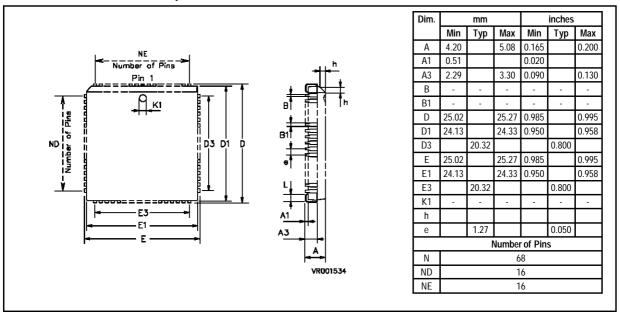
Short Footprint Measurement



Short Footprint recommended Padding



68-Pin Plastic Leadless Chip Carrier



ORDERING INFORMATION

Sales Type	Frequency	Temperature Range	Package
ST9040Q1/XX		0°C to +70°C	PQFP80
ST9040C1/XX	24MHz	0 0 10 + 70 0	PLCC68
ST9040C6/XX		-40°C to + 85°C	PLCC68

Note: "XX" is the ROM code identifier that is allocated by SGS-THOMSON after receipt of all required options and the related ROM file.

ST9040 STANDARD OPTION LIST

Please copy this page (enlarge if possible) and complete ALL sections.
Send the form, with the ROM code image required, to your local SGS-THOMSON sales office.

Customer Company: Company Address:	[
Telephone : FAX : Contact :	[] [] [] Telephone (Direct): []
Please confirm characte Device	eristics of device : ST9040
Package	[] PQFP80 [] PLCC68
Temperature Range	[] -40°C to +85°C
Special Marking	[] No [] Yes 14 characters [] Authorized characters are letters, digits, '.', '-', '/' and spaces only.
Please consult your loc Notes :	al SGS-THOMSON sales office for other marking details if required.
Code:	[] EPROM (27128, 27256)[] HEX format files on IBM-PC® compatible disk filename: []
Confirmation:	[] Code checked with EPROM device in application
Yearly Quantity forecas	st: [] kunits [] years
Preferred Production st	art dates : [] (YY/MM/DD)
Customer Signature : Date :	

ST90	4	0
-------------	---	---

NOTES:



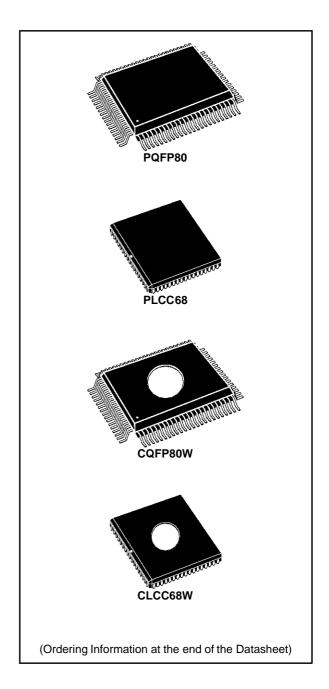
ST90E40 ST90T40

16K EPROM HCMOS MCU WITH EEPROM, RAM AND A/D CONVERTER

- Register oriented 8/16 bit CORE with RUN, WFI and HALT modes
- Minimum instruction cycle time: 500ns (12MHz internal)
- Internal Memory:

EPROM 16Kbytes
RAM 256 bytes
EEPROM 512 bytes
224 general purpose registers available as
RAM, accumulators or index pointers
(Register File)

- 80-pin Plastic Quad Flat Pack package for ST90T40Q
- 68-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier package for ST90T40C
- 80-pin Windowed Ceramic Quad Flat Pack package for ST90E40G
- 68-lead Windowed Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier package for ST90E40L
- DMA controller, Interrupt handler and Serial Peripheral Interface as standard features
- 56 fully programmable I/O pins
- Up to 8 external plus 1 non-maskable interrupts
- 16 bit Timer with 8 bit Prescaler, able to be used as a Watchdog Timer
- Two 16 bit Multifunction Timers, each with an 8 bit prescaler and 13 operating modes
- 8 channel 8 bit Analog to Digital Converter, with Analog Watchdogs and external references
- Serial Communications Interface with asynchronous and synchronous capability
- Rich Instruction Set and 14 Addressing modes
- Division-by-Zero trap generation
- Versatile Development tools, including assembler, linker, C-compiler, archiver, graphic oriented debuggerand hardware emulators
- Real Time Operating System
- Compatible with ST9036 and ST9040 16K ROM devices



March 1994 35/56

Figure 1. 80 Pin QFP Package

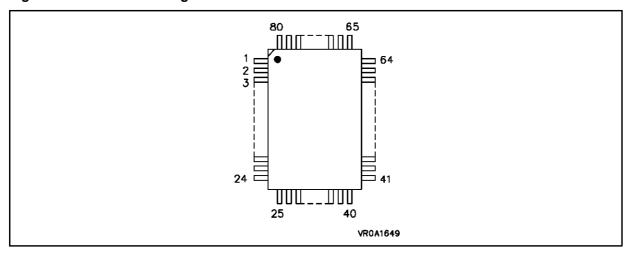


Table 1. ST90E40G-ST90T40QPin Description

Pin	Name
1	AV _{SS}
2	NC
3	NC
4	P44/AIN4
5	P57
6	P56
7	P55
8	P54
9	INT7
10	INT0
11	P53
12	NC
13	P52
14	P51
15	P50
16	OSCOUT
17	V _{SS}
18	V _{SS}
19	NC
20	OSCIN
21	RESET/V _{PP}
22	P37/T1OUTB
23	P36/T1INB
24	P35/T1OUTA

Name
P34/T1INA
P33/T0OUTB
P32/T0INB
P31/T0OUTA
P30/P/D/T0INA
P17/A15
P16/A14
NC
P15/A13
P14/A12
P13/A11
P12/A10
P11/A9
P10/A8
P00/A0/D0
P01/A1/D1

Pin	Name
64	P20/NMI
63	NC
62	V _{SS}
61	P70/SIN
60	P71/SOUT
59	P72/INT4/TXCLK /CLKOUT
58	P73/INT5 /RXCLK/ADTRG
57	P74/P/D/INT6
56	P75/WAIT
55	P76/WDOUT /BUSREQ
54	P77/WDIN /BUSACK
53	R/W
52	NC
51	DS
50	ĀS
49	NC
48	V_{DD}
47	V_{DD}
46	P07/A7/D7
45	P06/A6/D6
44	P05/A5/D5
43	P04/A4/D4
42	P03/A3/D3
41	P02/A2/D2

Pin	Name
80	AV _{DD}
79	NC
78	P47/AIN7
77	P46/AIN6
76	P45/AIN5
75	P43/AIN3
74	P42/AIN2
73	P41/AIN1
72	P40/AIN0
71	P27/RRDY5
70	P26/INT3 /RDSTB5/P/D
69	P25/WRRDY5
68	P24/INT1 /WRSTB5
67	P23/SDO
66	P22/INT2/SCK
65	P21/SDI/P/D

Figure 2. 68 Pin LCC Package

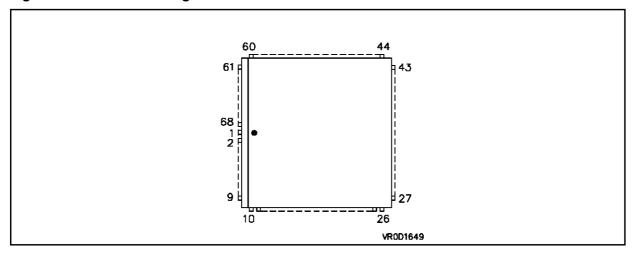


Table 2. ST90E40L-ST90T40C

Pin	Name	Pin	Name
61	P44/AIN4	10	P35/T1OUTA
62	P57	11	P34/T1INA
63	P56	12	P33/T0OUTB
64	P55	13	P32/T0INB
65	P54	14	P31/T0OUTA
66	INT7	15	P30/P/D/T0INA
67	INT0	16	P17/A15
68	P53	17	P16/A14
• 1	P52	18	P15/A13
2	P51	19	P14/A12
3	P50	20	P13/A11
4	OSCOUT	21	P12/A10
5	V _{SS}	22	P11/A9
6	OSCIN	23	P10/A8
7	RESET/V _{PP}	24	P00/A0/D0
8	P37/T1OUTB	25	P01/A1/D1
9	P36/T1INB	26	P02/A2/D2

Pin	Name		
43	P70/SIN		
42	P71/SOUT		
41	P72/CLKOUT /TXCLK/INT4		
40	P73/ADTRG /RXCLK/INT5		
39	P74/P/D/INT6		
38	P75/WAIT		
37	P76/WDOUT /BUSREQ		
36	P77/WDIN /BUSACK		
35	R/W		
34	DS		
33	ĀS		
32	V _{DD}		
31	P07/A7/D7		
30	P06/A6/D6		
29	P05/A5/D5		
28	P04/A4/D4		
27	P03/A3/D3		

Pin	Name
60	AV _{SS}
59	AV _{DD}
58	P47/AIN7
57	P46/AIN6
56	P45/AIN5
55	P43/AIN3
54	P42/AIN2
53	P41/AIN1
52	P40/AIN0
51	P27/RRDY5
50	P26/INT3 /RDSTB5/P/D
49	P25/WRRDY5
48	P24/INT1 /WRSTB5
47	P23/SDO
46	P22/INT2/SCK
45	P21/SDI/P/D
44	P20/NMI

1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ST90E40 and ST90T40 (following mentioned as ST90E40) are EPROM members of the ST9 family of microcontrollers, in windowed ceramic (E) and plastic OTP (T) packages respectively, completely developed and produced by SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics using a n-well proprietary HCMOS process.

The EPROM parts are fully compatible with their ROM versions and this datasheet will thus provide only information specific to the EPROM based devices.

THE READER IS ASKED TO REFER TO THE DATASHEET OF THE ST9040 ROM-BASED DE-VICE FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

The EPROM ST90E40 may be used for the prototyping and pre-production phases of development, and can be configured as: a standalone microcontroller with 16K bytes of on-chip EPROM, a microcontroller able to manage external memory, or as a parallel processing element in a system with other processors and peripheral controllers. The nucleus of the ST90E40 is the advanced Core which includes the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the Register File, a 16 bit Timer/Watchdog with 8 bit Prescaler, a Serial Peripheral Interface supporting S-bus, I²C-bus and IM-bus Interface, plus two 8 bit I/O ports. The Core has independent memory and register buses allowing a high degree of pipelining to add to the efficiency of the code execution speed of the extensive instruction set.

The powerful I/O capabilities demanded by microcontroller applications are fulfilled by the ST90E40 with up to 56 I/O lines dedicated to digital Input/Output. These lines are grouped into up to seven 8 bit I/O Ports and can be configured on a bit basis under software control to provide timing, status signals, an address/data bus for interfacing external memory, timer inputs and outputs, analog inputs, external interrupts and serial or parallel I/O with or without handshake.

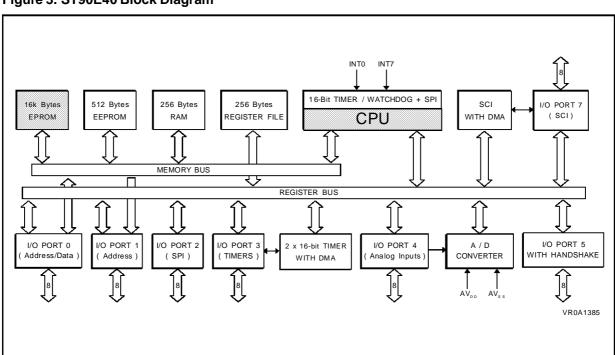


Figure 3. ST90E40 Block Diagram

GENERAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Three basic memory spaces are available to support this wide range of configurations: Program Memory (internal and external), Data Memory (external) and the Register File, which includes the control and status registers of the on-chip peripherals.

Two 16 bit MultiFunction Timers, each with an 8 bit Prescaler and 13 operating modes allow simple use for complex waveform generation and measurement, PWM functions and many other systemmsiming functions by the usage of the two associated DMA channels for each timer.

1.2 PIN DESCRIPTION

AS. Address Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Address Strobe is pulsed low once at the beginning of each memory cycle. The rising edge of AS indicates that address, Read/Write (R/W), and Data Memory signals are valid for program or data memory transfers. Under program control, AS can be placed in a high-impedance state along with Port 0 and Port 1, Data Strobe (DS) and R/W.

DS. Data Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Data Strobe provides the timing for data movement to or from Port 0 for each memory transfer. During a write cycle, data out is valid at the leading edge of DS. During a read cycle, Data In must be valid prior to the trailing edge of DS. When the ST9040 accesses on-chip memory, DS is held high during the whole memory cycle. It can be placed in a high impedance state along with Port 0, Port 1, AS and R/W.

R/W. Read/Write (output, 3-state). Read/Write determines the direction of data transfer for external memory transactions. R/W is low when writing to external program or data memory, and high for all other transactions. It can be placed in a high impedance state along with Port 0, Port 1, AS and DS.

RESET/V_{PP}. *Reset* (input, active low) or V_{PP} (input). The ST9 is initialised by the Reset signal. With the deactivation of RESET, program execution begins from the Program memory location pointed to by the vector contained in program memory locations 00h and 01h. In the EPROM programming Mode, this pin acts as the programming voltage input VPP.

iNTO, INT7. External interrupts (input, active on rising or falling edge). External interrupt inputs 0 and 7 respectively. INT0 channel may also be used for the timer watchdog interrupt.

In addition there is an 8 channel Analog to Digital Converter with integral sample and hold, fast $11\mu s$ conversion time and 8 bit resolution. An Analog Watchdog feature is included for two input channels.

Completing the device is a full duplex Serial Communications Interface with an integral 110 to 375,000 baud rate generator, asynchronous and 1.5Mbyte/s synchronous capability (fully programmable format) and associated address/wake-up option, plus two DMA channels.

OSCIN, OSCOUT. Oscillator (input and output). These pins connect a parallel-resonant crystal (24MHz maximum), or an external source to the on-chip clock oscillator and buffer. OSCIN is the input of the oscillator inverter and internal clock generator; OSCOUT is the output of the oscillator inverter.

 AV_{DD} . Analog V_{DD} of the Analog to Digital Converter.

AVss. Analog V_{SS} of the Analog to Digital Converter. *Must be tied to V_{SS}*.

V_{DD}. Main Power Supply Voltage (5V ± 10%)

Vss. Digital Circuit Ground.

P0.0-P0.7, P1.0-P1.7, P2.0-P2.7 P3.0-P3.7, P4.0-P4.7, P5.0-P5.7, P7.0-P7.7 I/O Port Lines (Input/Output, TTL or CMOS compatible). 56 lines grouped into I/O ports of 8 bits, bit programmable under program control as general purpose I/O or as alternate functions.

1.2.1 I/O PORT ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS

Each pin of the I/O ports of the ST90E40/T36 may assume software programmable Alternative Functions as shown in the Pin Configuration Tables. Due to Bonding options for the packages, some functions may not be present, Table 3 shows the Functions allocated to each I/O Port pin and a summary of packages for which they are available.



Table 3. ST90E40, T40 I/O Port Alternate Function Summary

P0.1 A1/D1 I/O Address/Data bit 1 mux 25 40 P0.2 A2/D2 I/O Address/Data bit 2 mux 26 41 P0.3 A3/D3 I/O Address/Data bit 3 mux 27 42 P0.4 A4/D4 I/O Address/Data bit 4 mux 28 43 P0.5 A5/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 14 17	I/O PORT	Name	Function	Alternate Function	Pin Ass	ignment
P0.1 A1/D1 I/O Address/Data bit 1 mux 25 40 P0.2 A2/D2 I/O Address/Data bit 2 mux 26 41 P0.3 A3/D3 I/O Address/Data bit 3 mux 27 42 P0.4 A4/D4 I/O Address/Data bit 4 mux 28 43 P0.5 A5/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 14 17 3	Port. bit	1			PLCC	PQFP
P0.2 A2/D2 I/O Address/Data bit 2 mux 26 41 P0.3 A3/D3 I/O Address/Data bit 3 mux 27 42 P0.4 A4/D4 I/O Address/Data bit 4 mux 28 43 P0.5 A5/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 14 17	P0.0	A0/D0	I/O	Address/Data bit 0 mux	24	39
P0.3 A3/D3 I/O Address/Data bit 3 mux 27 42 P0.4 A4/D4 I/O Address/Data bit 4 mux 28 43 P0.5 A5/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 <tr< td=""><td>P0.1</td><td>A1/D1</td><td>I/O</td><td>Address/Data bit 1 mux</td><td>25</td><td>40</td></tr<>	P0.1	A1/D1	I/O	Address/Data bit 1 mux	25	40
P0.4 A4/D4 I/O Address/Data bit 4 mux 28 43 P0.5 A5/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64	P0.2	A2/D2	I/O	Address/Data bit 2 mux	26	41
P0.5 AS/D5 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 29 44 P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 5 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 31 46 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMIess I ROMIESS Elect (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.6 ROSTES I Handshake Write Ready P5 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 14 28 P3.0 TOUTB O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.1 TOUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P0.3	A3/D3	I/O	Address/Data bit 3 mux	27	42
P0.6 A6/D6 I/O Address/Data bit 6 mux 30 45 P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 <td>P0.4</td> <td>A4/D4</td> <td>I/O</td> <td>Address/Data bit 4 mux</td> <td>28</td> <td>43</td>	P0.4	A4/D4	I/O	Address/Data bit 4 mux	28	43
P0.7 A7/D7 I/O Address/Data bit 7 mux 31 46 P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65	P0.5	A5/D5	I/O	Address/Data bit 5 mux	29	44
P1.0 A8 O Address bit 8 23 38 P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMIess I ROMIess Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65	P0.6	A6/D6	I/O	Address/Data bit 6 mux	30	45
P1.1 A9 O Address bit 9 22 37 P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/\overline{D} O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 P/\overline{D} O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I External Interrupt 2 4	P0.7	A7/D7	I/O	Address/Data bit 7 mux	31	46
P1.2 A10 O Address bit 10 21 36 P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Data Out 45 65 P2.1 SDI I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47	P1.0	A8	0	Address bit 8	23	38
P1.3 A11 O Address bit 11 20 35 P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Out 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66	P1.1	A9	0	Address bit 9	22	37
P1.4 A12 O Address bit 12 19 34 P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.1 SDI I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5	P1.2	A10	0	Address bit 10	21	36
P1.5 A13 O Address bit 13 18 33 P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.1 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data Un 47 67 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 <	P1.3	A11	0	Address bit 11	20	35
P1.6 A14 O Address bit 14 17 31 P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P∑D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.1 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Ready P5	P1.4	A12	0	Address bit 12	19	34
P1.7 A15 O Address bit 15 16 30 P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D̄ O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D̄ O Program/Data S	P1.5	A13	0	Address bit 13	18	33
P2.0 NMI I Non-Maskable Interrupt 44 64 P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P\overline{D} O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Progr	P1.6	A14	0	Address bit 14	17	31
P2.0 ROMless I ROMless Select (Mask option) 44 64 P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read	P1.7	A15	0	Address bit 15	16	30
P2.1 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 45 65 P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.4 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input	P2.0	NMI	I	Non-Maskable Interrupt	44	64
P2.1 SDI I SPI Serial Data Out 45 65 P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/\overline{D} O Program/Data Spac	P2.0	ROMless	I	ROMless Select (Mask option)	44	64
P2.2 INT2 I External Interrupt 2 46 66 P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/\overline{D} O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.1 TOOUTA O MF	P2.1	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	45	65
P2.2 SCK O SPI Serial Clock 46 66 P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.1 TOOUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 TOINB I MF Timer 0 In	P2.1	SDI	I	SPI Serial Data Out	45	65
P2.3 SDO O SPI Serial Data In 47 67 P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0	P2.2	INT2	I	External Interrupt 2	46	66
P2.4 INT1 I External Interrupt 1 48 68 P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 TOOUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 TOINB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 TOOUTB O MF	P2.2	SCK	0	SPI Serial Clock	46	66
P2.4 WRSTB5 I Handshake Write Strobe P5 48 68 P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 TOOUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 TOINB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 TOOUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.3	SDO	0	SPI Serial Data In	47	67
P2.5 WRRDY5 O Handshake Write Ready P5 49 69 P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 TOOUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 TOINB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 TOOUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.4	INT1	I	External Interrupt 1	48	68
P2.6 INT3 I External Interrupt 3 50 70 P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 T0INA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.4	WRSTB5	I	Handshake Write Strobe P5	48	68
P2.6 RDSTB5 I Handshake Read Strobe P5 50 70 P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 TOINA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.5	WRRDY5	0	Handshake Write Ready P5	49	69
P2.6 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 50 70 P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 T0INA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.6	INT3	I	External Interrupt 3	50	70
P2.7 RDRDY5 O Handshake Read Ready P5 51 71 P3.0 T0INA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.6	RDSTB5	ı	Handshake Read Strobe P5	50	70
P3.0 T0INA I MF Timer 0 Input A 15 29 P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.6	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	50	70
P3.0 P/D O Program/Data Space Select 15 29 P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P2.7	RDRDY5	0	Handshake Read Ready P5	51	71
P3.1 T0OUTA O MF Timer 0 Output A 14 28 P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P3.0	TOINA	I	MF Timer 0 Input A	15	29
P3.2 T0INB I MF Timer 0 Input B 13 27 P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P3.0	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	15	29
P3.3 T0OUTB O MF Timer 0 Output B 12 26	P3.1	TOOUTA	0	MF Timer 0 Output A	14	28
	P3.2	TOINB	I	MF Timer 0 Input B	13	27
P3.4 T1INA I MF Timer 1 Input A 11 25	P3.3	T0OUTB	0	MF Timer 0 Output B	12	26
	P3.4	T1INA	I	MF Timer 1 Input A	11	25

Table 4. ST90E40, T40 I/O Port Alternate Function Summary

I/O PORT	Name	Function	Alternate Function	Pin Ass	ignment
Port. bit	1			PLCC	PQFP
P3.5	T1OUTA	0	MF Timer 1 Output A	10	24
P3.6	T1INB	ı	MF Timer 1 Input B	9	23
P3.7	T1OUTB	0	MF Timer 1 Output B	8	22
P4.0	Ain0	ı	A/D Analog Input 0	52	72
P4.1	Ain1	I	A/D Analog Input 1	53	73
P4.2	Ain2	I	A/D Analog Input 2	54	74
P4.3	Ain3	I	A/D Analog Input 3	55	75
P4.4	Ain4	I	A/D Analog Input 4	61	4
P4.5	Ain5	I	A/D Analog Input 5	56	76
P4.6	Ain6	I	A/D Analog Input 6	57	77
P4.7	Ain7	I	A/D Analog Input 7	58	78
P5.0		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	3	15
P5.1		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	2	14
P5.2		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	1	13
P5.3		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	68	11
P5.4		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	65	8
P5.5		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	64	7
P5.6		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	63	6
P5.7		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	62	5
P7.0	SIN	I	SCI Serial Input	43	61
P7.1	SOUT	0	SCI Serial Output	42	60
P7.1	ROMIess	I	ROMless Select (Mask option)	42	60
P7.2	INT4	I	External Interrupt 4	41	59
P7.2	TXCLK	I	SCI Transmit Clock Input	41	59
P7.2	CLKOUT	0	SCI Byte Sync Clock Output	41	59
P7.3	INT5	I	External Interrupt 5	40	58
P7.3	RXCLK	I	SCI Receive Clock Input	40	58
P7.3	ADTRG	ı	A/D Conversion Trigger	40	58
P7.4	INT6	I	External Interrupt 6	39	57
P7.4	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	39	57
P7.5	WAIT	I	External Wait Input	38	56
P7.6	WDOUT	0	T/WD Output 37		55
P7.6	BUSREQ	ı			55
P7.7	WDIN	I	T/WD Input	36	54
P7.7	BUSACK	0	External Bus Acknowledge	36	54

1.1 MEMORY

The memory of the ST90E40 is functionally divided into two areas, the Register File and Memory. The Memory is divided into two spaces, each having a maximum of 65,536 bytes. The two memory spaces are separated by function, one space for Program code, the other for Data. The ST90E40 16K bytes of on-chip EPROM memory are selected at memory addresses 0 through 3FFFh (hexadecimal) in the PROGRAM space, while the ST90T40 OTP version has the top 64 bytes of the EPROM reserved by SGS-THOMSON for testing purposes. The DATA space includes the 512 bytes of on-chip EEPROM at addresses 0 through 1FFh and the 256 bytes of on-chip RAM memory at memory addresses 200h through 2FFh.

WARNING. The ST90T40 has its 64 upper bytes in the internal EPROM reserved for testing purpose.

External memory may be addressed using the multiplexed address and data buses (Alternate Functions of Ports 0 and 1). At addresses greater than the first 16K of program space, the ST90E40 executes external memory cycles for instruction fetches. Additional Data Memory may be decoded externally by using the P/D Alternate Function output. The on-chip general purpose (GP) Registers may also be used as RAM memory for minimum chip count systems.

Figure 4. Memory Spaces

1.2 EPROM PROGRAMMING

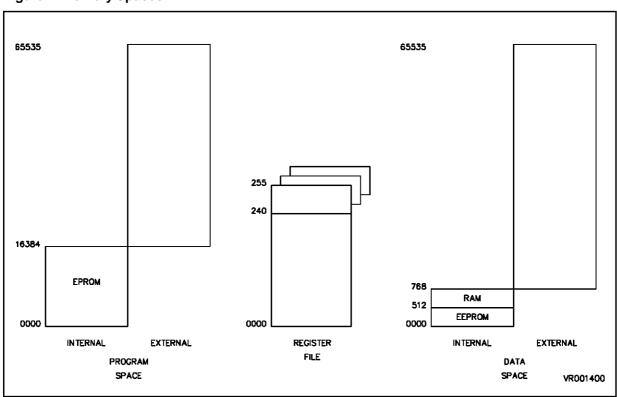
The 16384 bytes of EPROM memory of the ST90E40 (16320 for the ST90T40) may be programmed by using the EPROM Programming Boards (EPB) available from SGS-THOMSON.

1.2.1 Eprom Erasing

The EPROM of the windowed package of the ST90E40 may be erased by exposure to Ultra-Violet light.

The erasure characteristic of the ST90E40 is such that erasure begins when the memory is exposed to light with a wave lengths shorter than approximately 4000Å. It should be noted that sunlight and some types of fluorescent lamps have wavelengths in the range 3000-4000Å. It is thus recommended that the window of the ST90E40 packages be covered by an opaque label to prevent unintentional erasure problems when testing the application in such an environment.

The recommended erasure procedure of the EPROM is the exposure to short wave ultraviolet light which have a wave-length 2537Å. The integrated dose (i.e. U.V. intensity x exposure time) for erasure should be a minimum of 15W-sec/cm2. The erasure time with this dosage is approximately 15 to 20 minutes using an ultraviolet lamp with $12000\mu\text{W/cm}^2$ power rating. The ST90E40 should be placed within 2.5cm (1Inch) of the lamp tubes during erasure.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	- 0.3 to 7.0	V
AV_{DD} , AV_{SS}	Analog Supply Voltage	$V_{SS} = AV_{SS} < AV_{DD} \le V_{DD}$	V
VI	Input Voltage	- 0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Vo	Output Voltage	- 0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
V_{PP}	Input Voltage on V _{PP} Pin	-0.3 to 13.5	V
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	- 55 to + 150	°C
I _{INJ}	Pin Injection Current Digital	-5 to 5	mA
I _{INJ}	Pin Injection Current Analog	-5 to 5	mA
	Maximum accumulated pin injection Current in the device	-50 to 50	mA

Note: Stresses above those listed as "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are referenced to VSS

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
Syllibol	r al allietei	Min.	Max.	Oilit
T _A	Operating Temperature	- 40	85	°C
V_{DD}	Operating Supply Voltage	4.5	5.5	V
f _{OSCE}	External Oscillator Frequency		24	MHz
f _{OSCI}	Internal Clock Frequency (INTCLK)		12	MHz

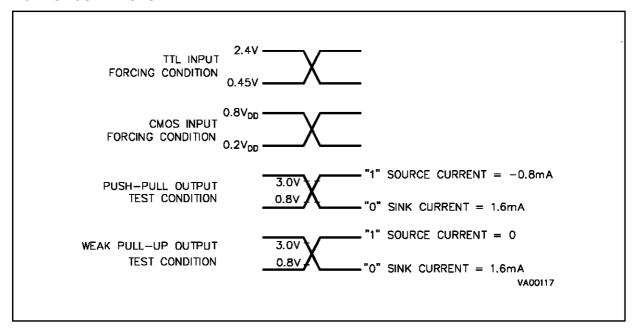
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\label{VDD} V_{DD}=5V\pm10\%~T_A=-40^{\circ}C~to~+85^{\circ}C,~unless~otherwise~specified)$

Cumbal	Parameter	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
Symbol	Parameter	rest Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IHCK}	Clock Input High Level	External Clock	0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{ILCK}	Clock Input Low Level	External Clock	-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V
V _{IH}	Input High Level	TTL	2.0		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
VIH	Input High Level	CMOS	0.7 V _{DD}		VDD + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Level	TTL	-0.3		0.8	V
VIL	Input Low Level	CMOS	-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V
V_{IHRS}	RESET Input High Level		0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V_{ILRS}	RESET Input Low Level		-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	٧
V_{HYRS}	RESET Input Hysteresis		0.3		1.5	V
V _{OH}	Output High Level	Push Pull, Iload = - 0.8mA	V _{DD} – 0.8			V
V _{OL}	Output Low Level	Push Pull or Open Drain, Iload = 1.6mA			0.4	V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Cumbal	Parameter	Test Conditions	Value			I I mit
Symbol	Parameter	lest Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{WPU}	Weak Pull-up Current	Bidirectional Weak Pull- up, V _{OL} = 0V	- 50	- 200	- 420	μА
I _{APU}	Active Pull-up Current, for INT0 and INT7 only	V _{IN} < 0.8V, under Reset	- 80	- 200	- 420	μА
I _{LKIO}	I/O Pin Input Leakage	Input/Tri-State, 0V < V _{IN} < V _{DD}	- 10		+ 10	μА
I _{LKRS}	Reset Pin Input Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	- 30		+ 30	μΑ
I _{LKAD}	A/D Pin Input Leakage	Alternate Function, Open Drain, 0V < V _{IN} < V _{DD}	-3		+3	μΑ
I _{LKAP}	Active Pull-up Input Leakage	0V < V _{IN} < 0.8V	- 10		+ 10	μА
I _{LKOS}	OSCIN Pin Input Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	– 10		+ 10	μΑ
V_{PP}	EPROM Programming Voltage		12.2	12.5	12.8	V
I _{PP}	EPROM Programming Current				30	mA

DC TEST CONDITIONS

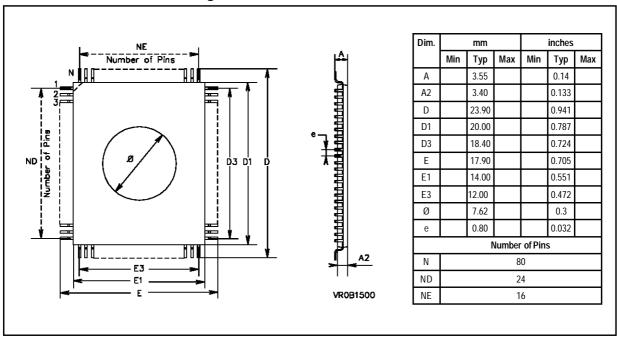


AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD = $5V \pm 10\%$ T_A = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified)

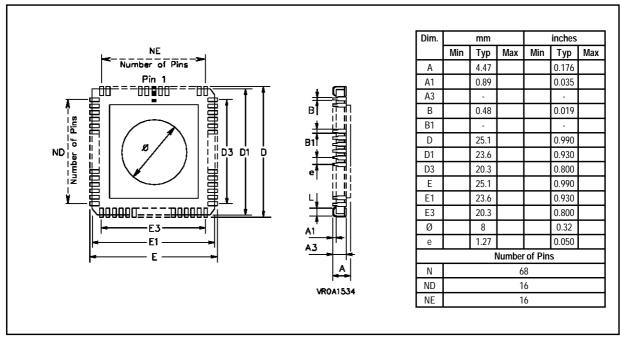
Symbol	Symbol Parameter Test Conditi		Value			Unit
Symbol	raiailletei	rest conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
I _{DD}	Run Mode Current no CPUCLK prescale, Clock divide by 2	24MHz			40	mA
I _{DP2}	Run Mode Current Prescale by 2 Clock divide by 2	24MHz			30	mA
I _{WFI}	WFI Mode Current no CPUCLK prescale, Clock divide by 2	24MHz			20	mA
I _{HALT}	HALT Mode Current	24MHz		50	100	μА

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

80-Pin Ceramic Quad Flat Package with Window



68-Pin Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier with Window



ORDERING INFORMATION

Sales Type	Frequency	Temperature Range	Package
ST90E40L0 ⁽¹⁾		25°C	CLCC68W
ST90E40G0 ⁽¹⁾	24MHz	25 C	CQFP80W
ST90T40C6	2-11/11/12	-40°C to +85°C	PLCC68
ST90T40Q1		0°C to + 70°C	PQFP80

Note . EPROM parts are tested at 25°C only

Notes:



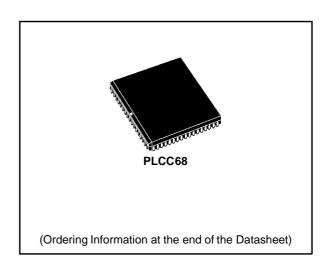
ST90R40

ROMLESS HCMOS MCU WITH EEPROM, RAM AND A/D CONVERTER

- Register oriented 8/16 bit CORE with RUN, WFI and HALT modes
- Minimum instruction cycle time:500ns (12MHz internal)
- ROMless to allow maximum external memory flexibility
- Internal Memory:

RAM 256 bytes EEPROM 512 bytes 224 general purpose registers available as RAM, accumulators or index pointers (register file)

- 68-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier package for ST90R40C
- DMA controller, Interrupt handler and Serial Peripheral Interface as standard features
- 40 fully programmable I/O pins
- Up to 8 external plus 1 non-maskable interrupts
- 16 bit Timer with 8 bit Prescaler, able to be used as a Watchdog Timer
- Two 16 bit Multifunction Timers, each with an 8 bit prescaler and 13 operating modes
- 8 channel 8 bit Analog to Digital Converter, with Analog Watchdogs and external references
- Serial Communications Interface with asynchronous and synchronous capability
- Rich Instruction Set and 14 Addressing modes
- Division-by-Zero trap generation
- Versatile development tools, including assembler, linker, C-compiler, archiver, graphic orinted debuggerand hardware emulators
- Real Time Operating System
- Compatible with ST9040 16K ROM device (also available in windowed and One Time Programmable EPROM packages)



March 1994 49/56

Figure 1. 68 Pin PLCC Package

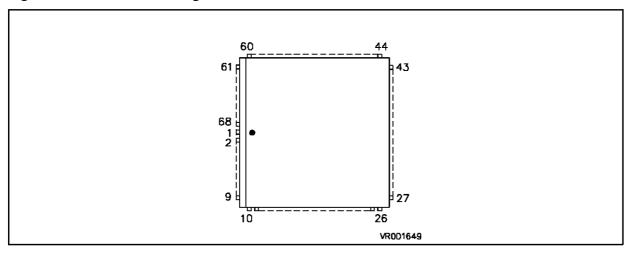


Table 1. ST90R40C Pin Description

Pin	Name	Pin	Name
61	P44/Ain4	10	P35/T1OUTA
62	P57	11	P34/T1INA
63	P56	12	P33/T0OUTB
64	P55	13	P32/T0INB
65	P54	14	P31/T0OUTA
66	INT7	15	P30/P/D/T0INA
67	INT0	16	A15
68	P53	17	A14
• 1	P52	18	A13
2	P51	19	A12
3	P50	20	A11
4	OSCOUT	21	A10
5	V _{SS}	22	A9
6	OSCIN	23	A8
7	RESET	24	A0/D0
8	P37/T1OUTB	25	A1/D1
9	P36/T1INB	26	A2/D2

Pin	Pin Name		
43	P70/SIN		
42	P71/SOUT		
41	P72/CLKOUT /TXCLK/INT4		
40	P73/ADTRG /RXCLK/INT5		
39	P74/P/D/INT6		
38	P75/WAIT		
37	P76/WDOUT /BUSREQ		
36	P77/WDIN /BUSACK		
35	R/W		
34	DS		
33	ĀS		
32	V_{DD}		
31	A7/D7		
30	A6/D6		
29	A5/D5		
28	A4/D4		
27	A3/D3		

Pin	Name	
60	AV _{SS}	
59	AV_{DD}	
58	P47/Ain7	
57	P46/Ain6	
56	P45/Ain5	
55	P43/Ain3	
54	P42/Ain2	
53	P41/Ain1	
52	P40/Ain0	
51	P27/RRDY5	
50	P26/INT3 /RDSTB5/P/D	
49	P25/WRRDY5	
48	P24/INT1 /WRSTB5	
47	P23/SDO	
46	P22/INT2/SCK	
45	P21/SDI/P/D	
44	P20/NMI	

1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ST90R40 is a ROMLESS member of the ST9 family of microcontrollers, completely developed and produced by SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics using a proprietary n-well HCMOS process.

The ROMLESS part may be used for the prototyping and pre-production phases of development, and offers the maximum in program flexibility in production systems.

The ST90R40 is fully compatible with the ST9040 ROM version and this datasheet will thus provide only information specific to the ROMLESS device.

THE READER IS ASKED TO REFER TO THE DATASHEET OF THE ST9040 ROM-BASED DE-VICE.

The ROMLESS ST90R40 can be configured as a microcontroller able to manage external memory, or as a parallel processing element in a system with other processors and peripheral controllers.

The nucleus of the ST90R40 is the advanced Core which includes the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the Register File, a 16 bit Timer/Watchdog with 8 bit Prescaler, a Serial Peripheral Interface supporting S-BUS, I²C-bus and IM-bus Interface, plus two

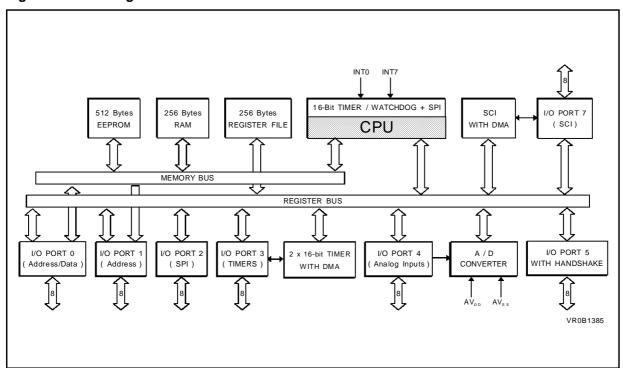
8 bit I/O ports. The Core has independent memory and register buses allowing a high degree of pipelining to add to the efficiency of the code execution speed of the extensive instruction set.

The powerful I/O capabilities demanded by microcontroller applications are fulfilled by the ST90R40 with up to 56 I/O lines dedicated to memory addressing or digital Input/Output. These lines are grouped into up to seven 8 bit I/O Ports and can be configured on a bit basis under software control to provide timing and status signals, address lines, timer inputs and outputs, analog inputs, external interrupts and serial or parallel I/O with or without handshake.

Three memory spaces are available: Program Memory (external), Data Memory (internal and external) and the Register File, which includes the control and status registers of the on-chip peripherals.

Two 16 bit MultiFunction Timers, each with an 8 bit Prescaler and 13 operating modes allow simple use for complex waveform generation and measurement, PWM functions and many other system timing functions by the usage of the two associated DMA channels for each timer.

Figure 2. Block Diagram



GENERAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

In addition there is an 8 channel Analog to Digital Converter with integral sample and hold, fast $11\mu s$ conversion time and 8 bit resolution. An Analog Watchdog feature is included for two input channels

Completing the device is a full duplex Serial Communications Interface with an integral 110 to 375000 baud rate generator, asynchronous and 1.5Mbyte/s synchronous capability (fully programmable format) and associated address/wake-up option, plus two DMA channels.

1.2 PIN DESCRIPTION

AS. Address Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Address Strobe is pulsed low once at the beginning of each memory cycle. The rising edge of AS indicates that address, Read/Write (R/W), and Data Memory signals are valid for program or data memory transfers. Under program control, AS can be placed in a high-impedance state along with Port 0 and Port 1, Data Strobe (DS) and R/W.

DS. Data Strobe (output, active low, 3-state). Data Strobe provides the timing for data movement to or from Port 0 for each memory transfer. During a write cycle, data out is valid at the leading edge of DS. During a read cycle, Data In must be valid prior to the trailing edge of DS. When the ST90R40 accesses on-chip Data memory, DS is held high during the whole memory cycle. It can be placed in a high impedance state along with Port 0, Port 1, AS and R.W.

R/W. Read/Write (output, 3-state). Read/Write determines the direction of data transfer for memory transactions. R/W is low when writing to program or data memory, and high for all other transactions. It can be placed in a high impedance state along with Port 0, Port 1, AS and DS.

RESET. Reset (input, active low). The ST9 is initialised by the Reset signal. With the deactivation of RESET, program execution begins from the Program memory location pointed to by the vector contained in program memory locations 00h and 01h.

OSCIN, OSCOUT. Oscillator (input and output). These pins connect a parallel-resonant crystal (24MHz maximum), or an external source to the on-chip clock oscillator and buffer. OSCIN is the input of the oscillator inverter and internal clock generator; OSCOUT is the output of the oscillator inverter.

 $\textbf{AV}_{\textbf{DD}}.$ Analog $V_{\textbf{DD}}$ of the Analog to Digital Converter.

AVss. Analog Vss of the Analog to Digital Converter. *Must be tied to Vss.*

V_{DD}. Main Power Supply Voltage (5V±10%)

Vss. Digital Circuit Ground.

AD0-AD7, (P0.0-P0.7) Address/Data Lines (Input/Output, TTL or CMOS compatible). 8 lines providing a multiplexed address and data bus, under control of the \overline{AS} and \overline{DS} timing signals.

A8-A15 Address Lines (Output, TTL or CMOS compatible). 8 lines providing non-multiplexing address bus, under control of the \overline{AS} and \overline{DS} timing signals.

P2.0-P2.7 P3.0-P3.7, P4.0-P4.7, P5.0-P5.7, P7.0-P7.7 *I/O Port Lines (Input/Output, TTL or CMOS compatible).* 40 lines grouped into I/O ports of 8 bits, bit programmable under program control as general purpose I/O or as Alternate functions (see next section).

1.2.1 I/O PORT ALTERNATE FUNCTIONS

Each pin of the I/O ports of the ST90R40 may assume software programmable Alternative Functions as shown in the Pin Configuration Drawings. Table 2 shows the Functions allocated to each I/O Port pins.

Table 2. I/O Port Alternate Function Summary

I/O PORT	Name	Function	Alternate Function	
Port.bit	Name	IN/OUT	Alternate i unction	ı
P0.0	A0/D0	I/O	Address/Data bit 0 mux	24
P0.1	A1/D1	I/O	Address/Data bit 1 mux	25
P0.2	A2/D2	I/O	Address/Data bit 2 mux	26
P0.3	A3/D3	I/O	Address/Data bit 3 mux	27
P0.4	A4/D4	I/O	Address/Data bit 4 mux	28
P0.5	A5/D5	I/O	Address/Data bit 5 mux	29
P0.6	A6/D6	I/O	Address/Data bit 6 mux	30
P0.7	A7/D7	I/O	Address/Data bit 7 mux	31
P1.0	A8	0	Address bit 8	23
P1.1	A9	0	Address bit 9	22
P1.2	A10	0	Address bit 10	21
P1.3	A11	0	Address bit 11	20
P1.4	A12	0	Address bit 12	19
P1.5	A13	0	Address bit 13	18
P1.6	A14	0	Address bit 14	17
P1.7	A15	0	Address bit 15	16
P2.0	NMI	I	Non-Maskable Interrupt	44
P2.1	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	45
P2.1	SDI	ı	SPI Serial Data Out	45
P2.2	INT2	I	External Interrupt 2	46
P2.2	SCK	0	SPI Serial Clock	46
P2.3	SDO	0	SPI Serial Data In	47
P2.4	INT1	ı	External Interrupt 1	48
P2.4	WRSTB5	0	Handshake Write Strobe P5	48
P2.5	WRRDY5	I	Handshake Write Ready P5	49
P2.6	INT3	I	External Interrupt 3	50
P2.6	RDSTB5	I	Handshake Read Strobe P5	50
P2.6	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	50
P2.7	RDRDY5	0	Handshake Read Ready P5	51
P3.0	TOINA	I	MF Timer 0 Input A	15
P3.0	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	15
P3.1	T0OUTA	0	MF Timer 0 Output A	14
P3.2	TOINB	I	MF Timer 0 Input B	13
P3.3	T0OUTB	0	MF Timer 0 Output B	12
P3.4	T1INA	I	MF Timer 1 Input A	11

Table 2. I/O Port Alternate Function Summary (Continued)

I/O PORT	- Name	Function IN/OUT	Alternate Function—	
Port.bit	TAGUETA		METHORAGO	10
P3.5	T10UTA	0	MF Timer 1 Output A	10
P3.6	T1INB	1	MF Timer 1 Input B	9
P3.7	T1OUTB	0	MF Timer 1 Output B	8
P4.0	Ain0	ı	A/D Analog Input 0	52
P4.1	Ain1	I	A/D Analog Input 1	53
P4.2	Ain2	I	A/D Analog Input 2	54
P4.3	Ain3	I	A/D Analog Input 3	55
P4.4	Ain4	I	A/D Analog Input 4	61
P4.5	Ain5	I	A/D Analog Input 5	56
P4.6	Ain6	I	A/D Analog Input 6	57
P4.7	Ain7	I	A/D Analog Input 7	58
P5.0		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	3
P5.1		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	2
P5.2		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	1
P5.3		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	68
P5.4		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	65
P5.5		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	64
P5.6		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	63
P5.7		I/O	I/O Handshake Port 5	62
P7.0	SIN	I	SCI Serial Input	43
P7.1	SOUT	0	SCI Serial Output	42
P7.2	INT4	I	External Interrupt 4	41
P7.2	TXCLK	I	SCI Transmit Clock Input	41
P7.2	CLKOUT	0	SCI Byte Sync Clock Output	41
P7.3	INT5	I	External Interrupt 5	40
P7.3	RXCLK	1	SCI Receive Clock Input	40
P7.3	ADTRG	I	A/D Conversion Trigger	40
P7.4	INT6	I	External Interrupt 6	39
P7.4	P/D	0	Program/Data Space Select	39
P7.5	WAIT	I	External Wait Input	38
P7.6	WDOUT	0	T/WD Output	37
P7.6	BUSREQ	I	External Bus Request	37
P7.7	WDIN	I	T/WD Input	36
P7.7	BUSACK	0	External Bus Acknowledge	36

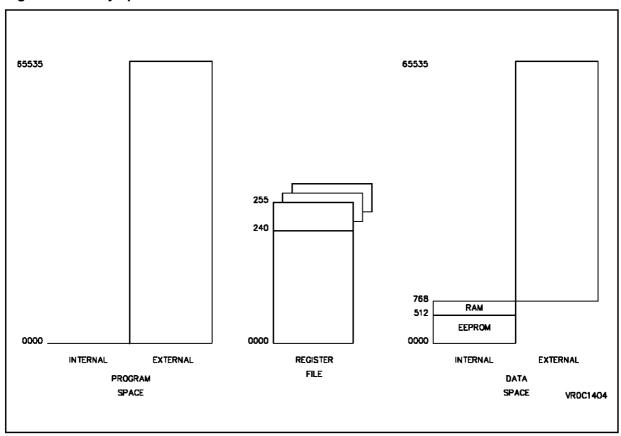
1.3 MEMORY

The memory of the ST90R40 is functionally divided into two areas, the Register File and Memory. The Memory may optionally be divided into two spaces, each having a maximum of 65,536 bytes. The two memory spaces are separated by function, one space for Program code, the other for Data. The ST90R40 addresses all program memory in the external PROGRAM space. The DATA space includes the 512 bytes of on-chip EEPROM at addresses 0 through 1FFh and the 256 bytes of

on-chip RAM memory at addresses 200h through 2FFh.

The External Memory spaces are addressed using the multiplexed address and data buses on Ports 0 and 1. Data Memory may be decoded externally by using the P/D Alternate Function output. The onchip general purpose (GP) Registers may be used as RAM memory.

Figure 3. Memory Spaces



ORDERING INFORMATION

Sales Type	Frequency	Temperature Range	Package
ST90R40C6	24MHz	-40°C to + 85°C	PLCC68

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics.

© 1997 SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics - All rights reserved.

Purchase of I²C Components by SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent. Rights to use these components in an I²C system is granted provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics Group of Companies

Australia - Brazil - Canada - China - France - Germany - Hong Kong - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco The Netherlands - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

