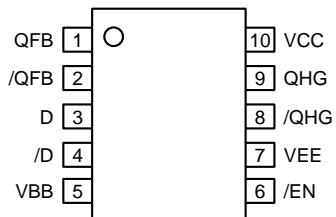


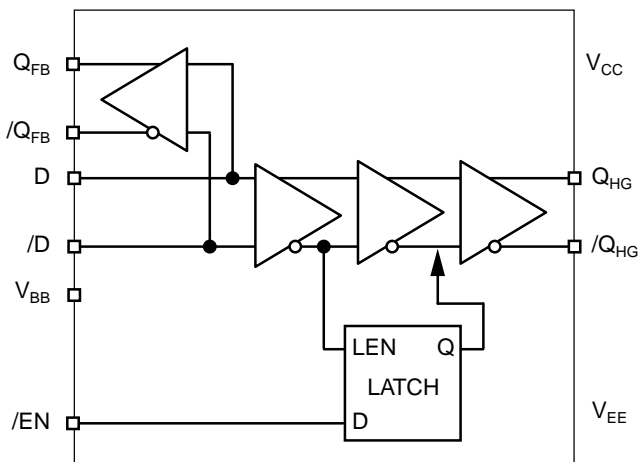
## FEATURES

- 3.3V and 5V  $\pm 10\%$  power supply options
- Guaranteed AC parameters over temperature:
  - $f_{MAX} = 800\text{MHz}$
  - $< 200\text{ps}$  differential propagation delay (D to  $Q_{FB}$ )
  - $< 730\text{ps}$  differential propagation delay (D to  $Q_{HG}$ )
  - $< 250\text{ps}$   $t_r / t_f$
- Low gain feedback path  $Q_{FB} = +10\text{V/V}$
- Output enable
- $V_{BB}$  reference output voltage
- Wide temperature range:  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$
- Available in 10-pin (3x3mm) MSOP

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## DESCRIPTION

The SY100EL16VO is a differential receiver amplifier optimized for crystal oscillator applications. The device includes an additional low gain (+10V/V) output stage ( $Q_{FB}$ ) ideal for feedback applications common in crystal oscillator gain blocks. The SY100EL16VO is fully differential, with a bandwidth  $> 800\text{MHz}$  over temperature and voltage. For applications that require output disable control, an Enable pin (/EN) will force the differential output into a fixed logic state. The SY100EL16VO also includes a  $V_{BB}$  reference voltage for single-ended or AC-coupled applications.

The SY100EL16VO PECL logic is 100k ECL compatible. Operation is guaranteed over the  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  temperature range and 3.3V to 5V nominal supply voltage range.

## TRUTH TABLE

/EN	QHG Out	/QHG Out
0	Data	/Data
1	Logic Low	Logic High

## PIN NAMES

Pin	Function
$Q_{FB}, /Q_{FB}$	Differential clock outputs for feedback path: Nominal DC gain +10.
D, /D	PECL, LVPECL, ECL, LVECL differential inputs: Internal 75kΩ pull-down resistor.
$V_{BB}$	$V_{CC} - 1.32\text{V}$ reference voltage for single-ended inputs: It provides the switching reference for the input differential amplifier. When unused, it can be left open. For single-ended PECL applications connect $V_{BB}$ to /D input, and bypass with a 0.01μF capacitor to $V_{CC}$ .
/EN	Enable: PECL compatible input control with internal 75kΩ pull-down resistor. It controls the high-gain output ( $Q_{HG}$ ). When HIGH, $Q_{HG}$ is low and / $Q_{HG}$ is high. /EN is synchronous so that the outputs will only be enabled/disabled when they are in the LOW state.
$V_{EE}$	Negative power supply: For ECL/LVECL operation, connect to negative supply. For PECL/ LVPECL operation, connect to GND.
$Q_{HG}, /Q_{HG}$	Differential high-gain outputs: Nominal DC gain is greater than +200.
$V_{CC}$	Positive power supply: For ECL/LVECL operation, connect to $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ . For PECL/ LVPECL operation, connect to either 3.3V or 5.0V. Bypass with 0.1μF//0.01μF low ESR capacitors.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Rating	Value	Unit
$V_{CC} - V_{EE}$	Power Supply Voltage	+6.0	V
$V_{IN}$	PECL Input Voltage	0 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_{OUT}$	Voltage Applied to Output at High State ( $V_{EE} = 0V$ )	-0.5 to +5.5	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current -Continuous -Surge	50 100	mA
$T_A$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
$T_{store}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
$\theta_{JA}$	Package Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) -Still-Air -500lfpm	113 96	°C/W
$\theta_{JC}$	Package Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	42	°C/W

**NOTE:**

- Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$			$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$			$T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{CC}$	Power Supply Voltage (PECL)	4.5	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	$V_{EE} = \text{GND}$
	(LVPECL)	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.0	3.3	3.8		
	(ECL) (LVECL)	-5.5 -3.8	-5.0 -3.3	-4.5 -3.0	-5.5 -3.8	-5.0 -3.3	-4.5 -3.0	-5.5 -3.8	-5.0 -3.3	-4.5 -3.0	V	$V_{CC} = \text{GND}$
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current	—	—	46	—	—	46	—	—	46	mA	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$
$V_{BB}$	Reference Voltage	$V_{CC}-1.26$	$V_{CC}-1.32$	$V_{CC}-1.38$	$V_{CC}-1.26$	$V_{CC}-1.32$	$V_{CC}-1.38$	$V_{CC}-1.26$	$V_{CC}-1.32$	$V_{CC}-1.38$	V	
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}(\text{Max})$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.5	—	—	0.5	—	—	0.5	—	—	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}(\text{Min})$
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	—	—	—	—	0.75	—	—	—	—	pF	

**100K 5V PECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{EE} = GND$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ C$			$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = +85^\circ C$			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3.915	4.005	4.120	3.975	4.005	4.12	3.975	4.005	4.12	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3.170	3.305	3.445	3.190	3.295	3.380	3.190	3.295	3.380	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3.835	—	4.120	3.835	—	4.120	3.835	—	4.120	V	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	3.525	—	3.819	3.525	—	3.819	3.525	—	3.819	V	
$V_{IHCMR}$	Input High Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> Common Mode Range	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	V	

**NOTES:**

- Input and output parameters are at  $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ . Level specifications will vary 1:1 with  $V_{CC}$ .
- $V_{IHCMR}$  is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

**100K 3V PECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{EE} = GND$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ C$			$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = +85^\circ C$			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	2.215	—	2.42	2.275	2.305	2.42	2.275	2.305	2.42	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	1.470	—	1.745	1.490	1.595	1.680	1.490	1.595	1.680	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	2.135	—	2.420	2.135	—	2.420	2.135	—	2.420	V	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	1.490	—	1.825	1.490	—	1.825	1.490	—	1.825	V	
$V_{IHCMR}$	Input High Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> Common Mode Range	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	2.0	—	$V_{CC} - 0.8$	V	

**NOTES:**

- Input and output parameters are at  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$ . Level specifications will vary 1:1 with  $V_{CC}$ .
- $V_{IHCMR}$  is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

**100K ECL/LVECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{EE} = -3.0V$  to  $-5.5V$ ;  $V_{CC} = GND$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ C$			$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = +85^\circ C$			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	-1.085	-1.005	-0.880	-1.025	-0.955	-0.880	-1.025	-0.955	-0.880	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	-1.830	-1.695	-1.555	-1.810	-1.705	-1.620	-1.810	-1.705	-1.620	V	50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	-1.165	—	-0.880	-1.165	—	-0.880	-1.165	—	-0.880	V	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	-1.181	—	-1.475	-1.181	—	-1.475	-1.181	—	-1.475	V	
$V_{IHCMR}$	Input High Voltage Common Mode Range <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{EE} + 2.0$	—	-0.8	$V_{EE} + 2.0$	—	-0.8	$V_{EE} + 2.0$	—	-0.8	V	

**NOTE:**

- $V_{IHCMR}$  is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $5.5V$ ;  $V_{EE} = GND$ ;  $V_{EE} = -3.0$  to  $-5.5V$ ;  $V_{CC} = GND$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ C$			$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = +85^\circ C$			Unit	Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum Frequency	800	—	—	800	—	—	800	—	—	MHz	
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay to $Q_{FB}, /Q_{FB}$ (Diff.) (Single)	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps	
	to $Q_{HG}, /Q_{HG}$ (Diff.) (Single)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	730	ps	
		—	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	780	ps	
$t_S$	Set-Up Time <sup>(1)</sup>	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	ps	Enable Pin
$t_H$	Hold Time <sup>(1)</sup>	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	ps	Enable Pin
$t_{JITTER}$	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	ps	RMS
$t_{SKEW}$	Duty Cycle Skew <sup>(2)</sup>	—	5	20	—	5	20	—	5	20	ps	
$V_{PP}$	Minimum Input Swing <sup>(3)</sup>	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	mV	
$t_r$ $t_f$	Output Rise/Fall Times (20% to 80%)	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	ps	

**NOTES:**

1. See "Timing Waveform."
2. Duty cycle skew is the difference between  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  propagation delay through the device.
3. The device has a DC gain of 10 for Q, /Q outputs, and DC gain of 200 or higher for  $Q_{HG}, /Q_{HG}$ . See "Timing Waveform" minimum input swing.

**TIMING WAVEFORMS**

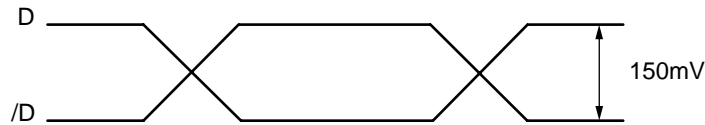


Figure 1. Minimum Input Swing

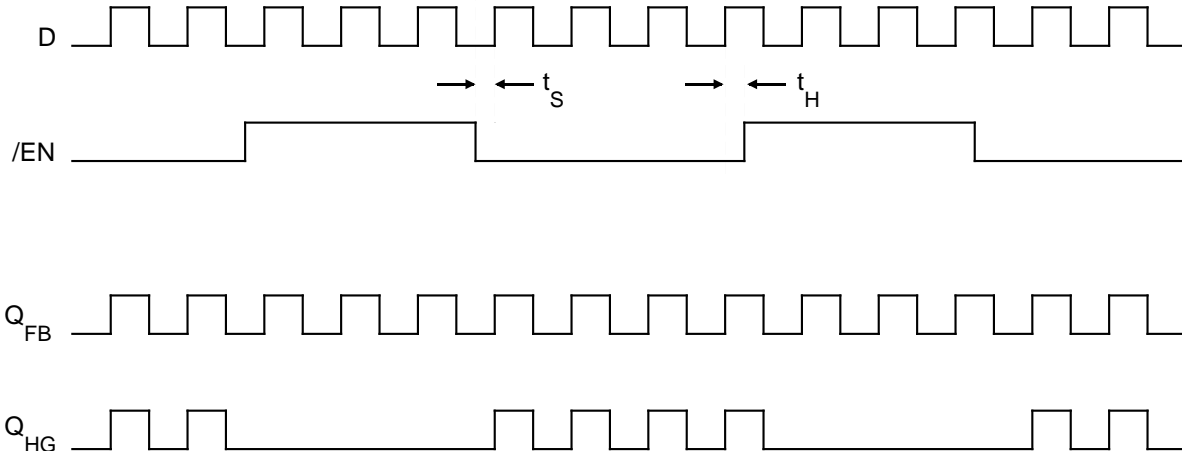


Figure 2. Set-Up and Hold Timing

**TERMINATION RECOMMENDATIONS**

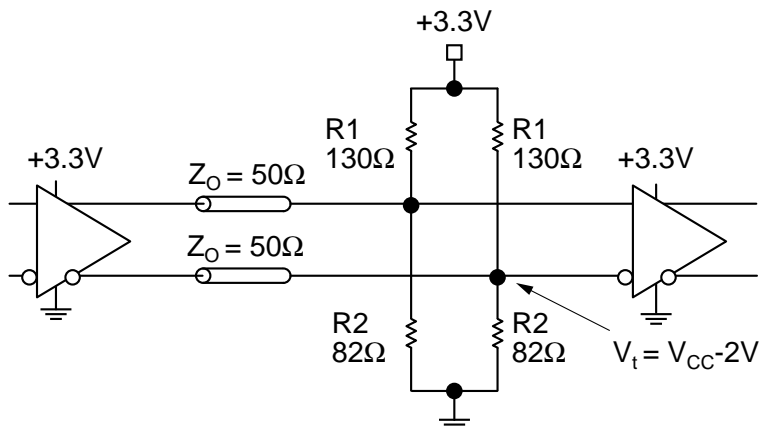


Figure 3. Parallel Termination-Thevenin Equivalent

**NOTES:**

- 1. For +5V systems:  
R1 = 82Ω  
R2 = 130Ω

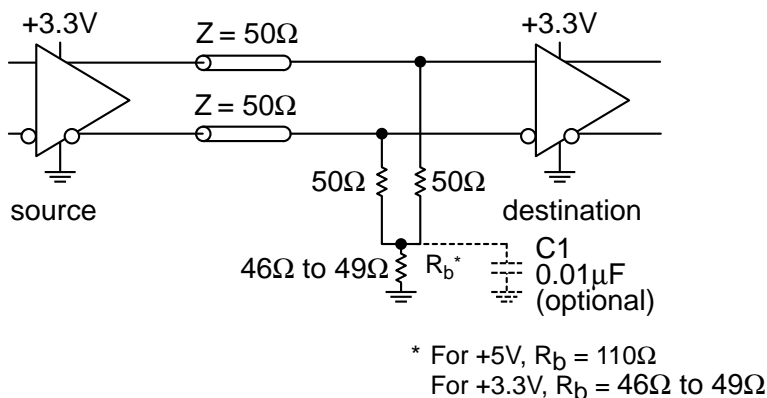


Figure 4. Three-Resistor "Y-Termination"

**NOTES:**

- 1. Power-saving alternative to 4-resistor, Thevenin termination.
- 2. Place termination resistors as close to destination inputs as possible.
- 3. R<sub>b</sub> resistor sets the DC bias voltage, equal to V<sub>t</sub>. For +5V, R<sub>b</sub> = 100Ω

**PRODUCT ORDERING CODE**

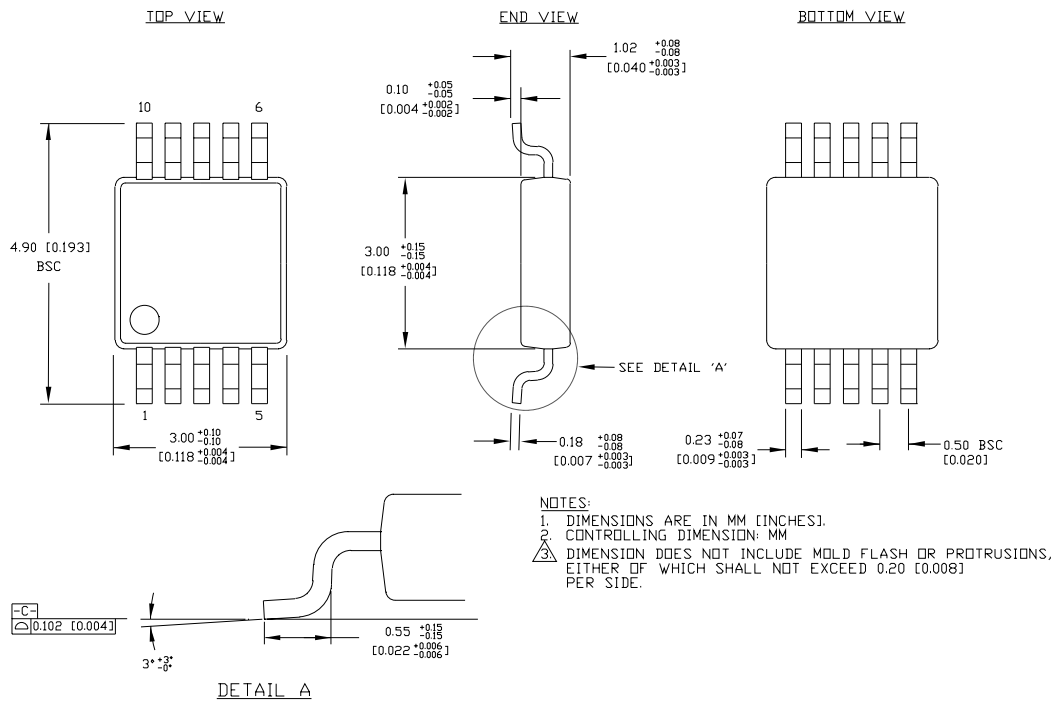
Ordering Code	Package Type	Operating Range	Marking Code
SY100EL16VOKC	K10-1	Commercial	X16VO
SY100EL16VOKCTR*	K10-1	Commercial	X16VO

Ordering Code	Package Type	Operating Range	Marking Code
SY100EL16VOKI <sup>(1)</sup>	K10-1	Industrial	X16VO
SY100EL16VOKITR <sup>*(1)</sup>	K10-1	Industrial	X16VO

\*Tape and Reel

**Note 1.** Recommended for new designs.

**10 LEAD MSOP (K10-1)**



Rev. 00

**MICREL, INC. 1849 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA**

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 944-0970 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

The information furnished by Micrel in this datasheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry and specifications at any time without notification to the customer.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is at Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2003 Micrel, Incorporated.