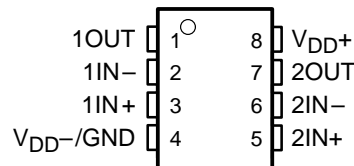


TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y 2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

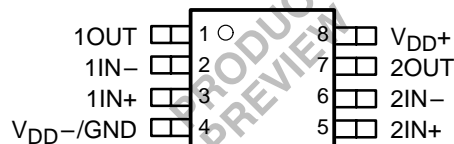
SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

- High Slew Rate . . . 10.5 V/ μ s Typ
- High-Gain Bandwidth . . . 5.1 MHz Typ
- Supply Voltage Range 2.7 V to 5 V
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- 360 μ V Input Offset Voltage
- Low Distortion Driving 600- Ω
0.005% THD+N
- 1 mA Supply Current (Per Channel)
- 17 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Input Noise Voltage
- 2 pA Input Bias Current
- Characterized from $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C
- Available in MSOP (DGK) Package

D OR P PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



DGK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description

The TLV2772 dual CMOS operational amplifier combines high slew rate and bandwidth, rail-to-rail output swing, high output drive and excellent dc precision. The device provides 10.5 V/ μ s of slew rate and 5.1 MHz of bandwidth while only consuming 1 mA of supply current per channel. This ac performance is much higher than current competitive CMOS amplifiers. The rail-to-rail output swing and high output drive makes this device a good choice for driving the analog input or reference of analog-to-digital converters. The device also has low distortion while driving a 600- Ω load for use in telecom systems.

The amplifier has a 360 μ V input offset voltage, a 17 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ input noise voltage, and a 2 pA input bias current for measurement, medical, and industrial applications. The TLV2772 is also specified across an extended temperature range (-40°C to 125°C) making it useful for automotive systems.

The device operates from a 2.2 V to 5.5 V single supply voltage and is characterized at 2.7 V and 5 V. The single supply operation and low power consumption make this device a good solution for portable applications. It is available in an 8-pin PDIP, SOIC and ultra-low profile MSOP package.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T_A	V_{IOmax} AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES			CHIP FORM \ddagger (Y)
		SMALL OUTLINE \dagger (D)	MSOP (DGK)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	
0°C to 70°C	2.5	TLV2772CD	TLV2772CDGK	TLV2772CP	TLV2772Y
-40°C to 125°C	2.5	TLV2772ID	TLV2772IDGK	TLV2772IP	
	1.6	TLV2772AID	TLV2772AIDGK	TLV2772AIP	

\dagger The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TLV2772CDR).

\ddagger Chip forms are tested at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ only.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

This document contains information on products in more than one phase of development. The status of each device is indicated on the page(s) specifying its electrical characteristics.

 **TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

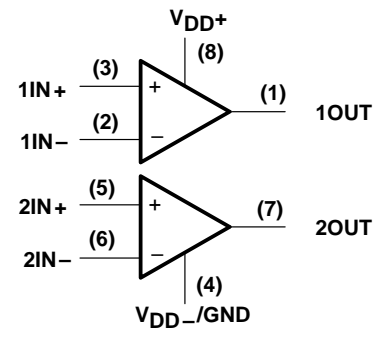
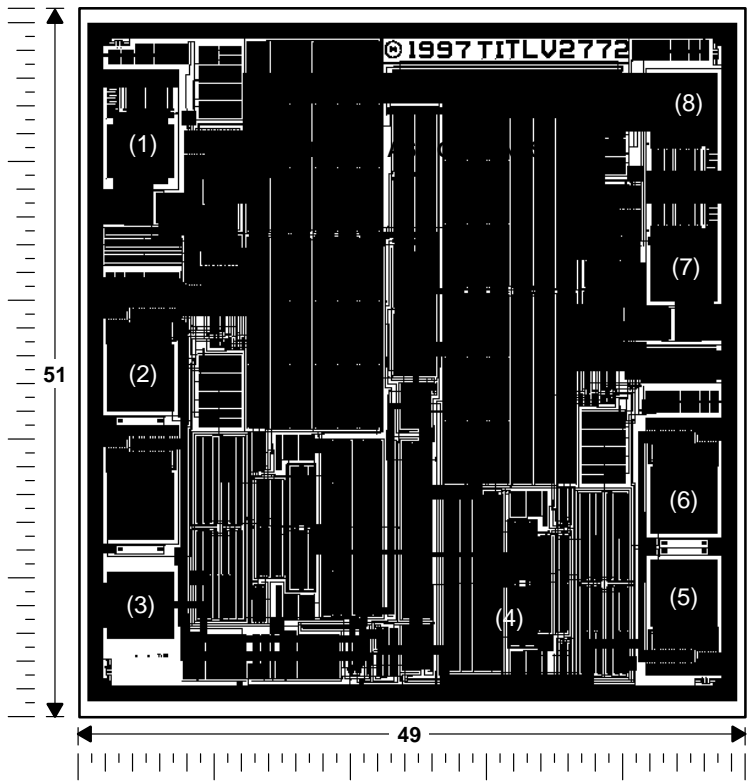
Copyright © 1998, Texas Instruments Incorporated

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TLV2772Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TLV2772. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



CHIP THICKNESS: 15 MILS TYPICAL
BONDING PADS: 4 × 4 MILS MINIMUM
T_{Jmax} = 150°C
TOLERANCES ARE ±10%.
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILS.

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y 2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD} (see Note 1)	7 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	$\pm V_{DD}$
Input voltage range, V_I (any input, see Note 1)	-0.3 V to V_{DD}
Input current, I_I (any input)	± 4 mA
Output current, I_O	± 50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+}	± 50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-}	± 50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current (at or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD-} .
 2. Differential voltages are at the noninverting input with respect to the inverting input. Excessive current flows when input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3$ V.
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW
DGK	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	200 mW

recommended operating conditions

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, V_{DD}	2.2	5.5	2.2	5.5	V
Input voltage range, V_I	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.3$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.3$	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.3$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.3$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0	70	–40	125	°C



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLV2772C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0.44	2.5	mV	
			Full range	0.47		2.7
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
		25°C	1	pA		
I_{IO} Input offset current		-40°C to 85°C	2		100	
		25°C	2	pA		
I_{IB} Input bias current		-40°C to 85°C	6		100	
		V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 70 dB, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0 to 1.4	-0.3 to 1.7
Full range	0 to 1.4			-0.3 to 1.7		
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.675\text{ mA}$	25°C	2.6		V	
		Full range	2.5			
	$I_{OH} = -2.2\text{ mA}$	25°C	2.4			
		Full range	2.1			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 0.675\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.1		V	
		Full range	0.2			
	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 2.2\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.21			
		Full range	0.6			
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0.6\text{ V to } 2.1\text{ V}$	25°C	20	380	V/mV	
		Full range	13			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		Ω	
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$	25°C	8		pF	
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	25		Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to } 1.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	84	dB	
		Full range	70	82		
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to } 5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	70	89	dB	
		Full range	70	84		
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	1	2	mA	
		Full range	2			

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A †	TLV2772C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$,	25°C	5	9	V/ μs	
				Full range	4.7	6		
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	147		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	21			
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.33		μV	
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz			0.86			
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	f = 100 Hz		25°C	1.5		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, f = 1 kHz		$A_V = 1$	25°C	0.0085%		
				$A_V = 10$		0.025%		
				$A_V = 100$		0.12%		
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$,	25°C	4.8		MHz	
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 0.85 V to 1.85 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$		0.1%	25°C	0.186		μs
				0.01%	25°C	3.92		
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$,	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	46°			
	Gain margin			25°C	12		dB	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A †	TLV2772I			TLV2772AI			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage			25°C	0.44	2.5		0.44	1.6	mV	
			Full range	0.47	2.7		0.47	1.9		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0,$		25°C to 125°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IO} Input offset current					25°C	1			1	
	-40°C to 85°C	2			100		2	100		
I_{IB} Input bias current			25°C	2			2			pA
			-40°C to 85°C	6	100		6	100		
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 70 dB, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$		25°C	0 to 1.4	-0.3 to 1.7		0 to 1.4	-0.3 to 1.7	V	
			Full range	0 to 1.4	-0.3 to 1.7		0 to 1.4	-0.3 to 1.7		
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.675\text{ mA}$		25°C	2.6			2.6			V
			Full range	2.5			2.5			
	$I_{OH} = -2.2\text{ mA}$		25°C	2.4			2.4			
			Full range	2.1			2.1			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 0.675\text{ mA}$		25°C	0.1			0.1			V
			Full range	0.2			0.2			
	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 2.2\text{ mA}$		25°C	0.21			0.21			
			Full range	0.6			0.6			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0.6\text{ V to } 2.1\text{ V}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	20	380		20	380	V/mV	
			Full range	13			13			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			25°C	1012			1012			Ω
$C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$		25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$ $A_V = 10$		25°C	25			25			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to } 1.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$		25°C	70	84		70	84	dB	
			Full range	70	82		70	82		
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to } 5\text{ V},$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load		25°C	70	89		70	89	dB	
			Full range	70	84		70	84		
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$ No load		25°C	1	2		1	2	mA	
			Full range	2			2			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLV2772I			TLV2772AI			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	5	9		5	9	V/ μ s	
			Full range	4.7	6		4.7	6		
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage		25°C	147			147			nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
			25°C	21			21			
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage		25°C	0.33			0.33			μ V
			25°C	0.86			0.86			μ V
I_n	Equivalent input noise current		25°C	1.5			1.5			pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	$A_V = 1$			0.0085%			
				$A_V = 10$			0.025%			
				$A_V = 100$			0.12%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, 25°C	4.8			4.8			MHz
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 0.85 V to 1.85 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	0.1%			0.186			μ s
			25°C	0.01%			3.92			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	46°			46°			
	Gain margin		25°C	12			12			dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C .

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLV2772C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0.36	2.5	mV	
			Full range	0.4		2.7
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	2	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
		25°C	1	pA		
I_{IO} Input offset current		-40°C to 85°C	2		100	
		25°C	2	pA		
I_{IB} Input bias current		-40°C to 85°C	6		100	
		V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 60 dB, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	0 to 3.7	-0.3 to 3.8
Full range	0 to 3.7			-0.3 to 3.8		
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1.3\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.9		V	
		Full range	4.8			
	$I_{OH} = -4.2\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.7			
		Full range	4.4			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 1.3\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.1		V	
		Full range	0.2			
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 4.2\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.21			
		Full range	0.6			
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	25°C	20	450	V/mV	
		Full range	13			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	10^{12}		Ω	
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$	25°C	8		pF	
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$ $A_V = 10$	25°C	20		Ω	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }3.7\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	60	96	dB	
		Full range	60	93		
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	70	89	dB	
		Full range	70	84		
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$ No load	25°C	1	2	mA	
		Full range	2			

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A †	TLV2772C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$,	25°C	5	10.5	V/ μs	
				Full range	4.7	6		
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage			25°C	147		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
				25°C	17			
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage			25°C	0.33		μV	
					0.86			
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	f = 100 Hz		25°C	0.2		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, f = 1 kHz		25°C	$A_V = 1$	0.005%		
					$A_V = 10$	0.016%		
					$A_V = 100$	0.095%		
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$,	25°C	5.1		MHz	
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$		25°C	0.134		μs	
				25°C	1.97			
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$,	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	46°			
	Gain margin			25°C	12		dB	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A †	TLV2772I			TLV2772AI			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage			25°C	0.36	2.5		0.36	1.6	mV	
			Full range	0.4	2.7		0.4	1.9		
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	2			2			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IO} Input offset current	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0,$		25°C	1			1			pA
			-40°C to 85°C	2	100		2	100		
I_{IB} Input bias current			25°C	2			2			pA
			-40°C to 85°C	6	100		6	100		
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 60 dB, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$		25°C	0 to 3.7	-0.3 to 3.8		0 to 3.7	-0.3 to 3.8	V	
			Full range	0 to 3.7	-0.3 to 3.8		0 to 3.7	-0.3 to 3.8		
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1.3\text{ mA}$		25°C	4.9			4.9			V
			Full range	4.8			4.8			
	$I_{OH} = -4.2\text{ mA}$		25°C	4.7			4.7			
			Full range	4.4			4.4			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 1.3\text{ mA}$		25°C	0.1			0.1			V
			Full range	0.2			0.2			
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 4.2\text{ mA}$		25°C	0.21			0.21			
			Full range	0.6			0.6			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	20	450		20	450	V/mV	
			Full range	13			13			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			25°C	1012			1012			Ω
$C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$		25°C	8			8			pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$ $A_V = 10$		25°C	20			20			Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }3.7\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 3.7\text{ V},$		25°C	60	96		60	96	dB	
			Full range	60	93		60	93		
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }5\text{ V},$ No load $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$		25°C	70	89		70	89	dB	
			Full range	70	84		70	84		
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$ No load		25°C	1	2		1	2	mA	
			Full range	2			2			

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLV2772I			TLV2772AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	5	10.5		5	10.5	V/ μs
			Full range	4.7	6		4.7	6	
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		147			147	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
			$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		17			17	
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$	25°C		0.33			0.33	μV
			$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		0.86			0.86	μV
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 100\text{ Hz}$	25°C		0.2			0.2	pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	$A_V = 1$		0.005%		0.005%	
				$A_V = 10$		0.016%		0.016%	
				$A_V = 100$		0.095%		0.095%	
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, 25°C		5.1			5.1	MHz
t_s	Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	0.1%	0.134			0.134	μs
			25°C	0.01%	1.97			1.97	
ϕ_m	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		46°			46°	
	Gain margin		25°C		12			12	dB

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C .

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y

2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLV2772Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_O = 0,$	0.44		mV
I_{IO} Input offset current			1		pA
I_{IB} Input bias current			2		pA
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 70 dB,	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$	-0.3 to 1.7		V
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.675\text{ mA}$		2.6		V
	$I_{OH} = -2.2\text{ mA}$		2.4		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 0.675\text{ mA}$	0.1		V
	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 2.2\text{ mA}$	0.21		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 1.35\text{ V},$ $V_O = 0.6\text{ V to }2.1\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$	380		V/mV
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$	$A_V = 10$	25		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }1.5\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$	84		dB
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }5\text{ V},$ No load	$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$	89		dB
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$	No load	1		mA

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLV2772Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 0.8\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF},$		9	V/ μs
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		147		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		21		
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		0.33		μV
	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		0.86		
I_n Equivalent input noise current	$f = 100\text{ Hz}$		1.5		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$A_V = 1$	0.0085%		
		$A_V = 10$	0.025%		
		$A_V = 100$	0.12%		
Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$	4.8		MHz
t_s Settling time	$A_V = -1,$ Step = 0.85 V to 1.85 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	0.1%	0.186		μs
		0.01%	3.92		
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	46°		
Gain margin			12		



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLV2772Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_O = 0,$	0.36		mV
I_{IO} Input offset current			1		pA
I_{IB} Input bias current			2		pA
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR > 60 dB,	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$	-0.3 to 3.8		V
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1.3\text{ mA}$		4.9		V
	$I_{OH} = -4.2\text{ mA}$		4.7		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 1.3\text{ mA}$	0.1		V
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 4.2\text{ mA}$	0.21		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega,$	450		V/mV
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance			10^{12}		Ω
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 100\text{ kHz},$	$A_V = 10$	20		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }3.7\text{ V},$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_O = 3.7\text{ V},$	96		dB
k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }5\text{ V},$ No load	$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$	89		dB
I_{DD} Supply current (per channel)	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$	No load	1		mA

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLV2772Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(PP)} = 1.5\text{ V},$ $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF},$	10.5		V/ μs
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		147		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		17		
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		0.33		μV
	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		0.86		
I_n Equivalent input noise current	$f = 100\text{ Hz}$		0.2		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$A_V = 1$	0.005%		
		$A_V = 10$	0.016%		
		$A_V = 100$	0.095%		
Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz},$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$	5.1		MHz
t_s Settling time	$A_V = -1,$ Step = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, $R_L = 600\ \Omega,$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	0.1%	0.134		μs
		0.01%	1.97		
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega,$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	46°		
Gain margin			12		dB



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	Distribution	1,2
		vs Common-mode input voltage	3,4
αV_{IO}	Temperature coefficient	Distribution	5,6
I_{IB}/I_{IO}	Input bias and input offset currents	vs Free-air temperature	7
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	8,9
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	10,11
$V_{O(PP)}$	Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	12,13
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	vs Supply voltage	14
		vs Free-air temperature	15
V_O	Output voltage	vs Differential input voltage	16
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency	17,18
A_{VD}	Differential voltage amplification	vs Load resistance	19
		vs Free-air temperature	20,21
z_o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	22,23
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	24
		vs Free-air temperature	25
kSVR	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Frequency	26,27
I_{DD}	Supply current (per channel)	vs Supply voltage	28
SR	Slew rate	vs Load capacitance	29
		vs Free-air temperature	30
V_O	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response	vs Time	31,32
V_O	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response	vs Time	33,34
V_O	Inverting small-signal pulse response	vs Time	35,36
V_O	Inverting large-signal pulse response	vs Time	37,38
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	39,40
		Noise voltage (referred to input)	Over a 10-second period
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	42,43
		Gain-bandwidth product	vs Supply voltage
B_1	Unity-gain bandwidth	vs Load capacitance	45
ϕ_m	Phase margin	vs Load capacitance	46
	Gain margin	vs Load capacitance	47



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2772
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

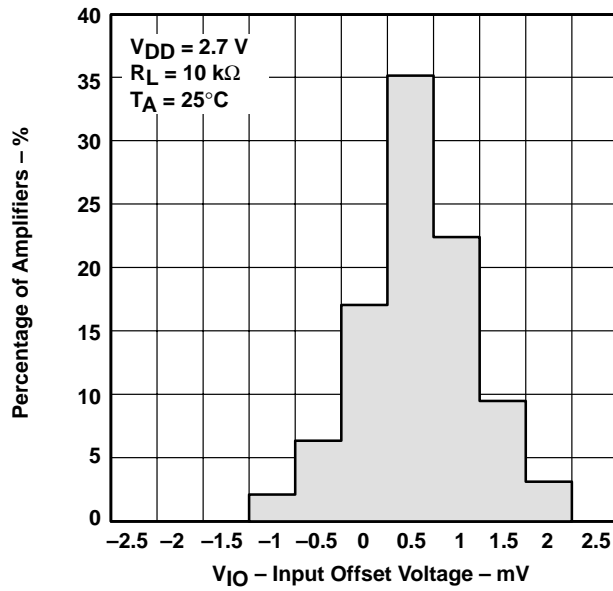


Figure 1

DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2772
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

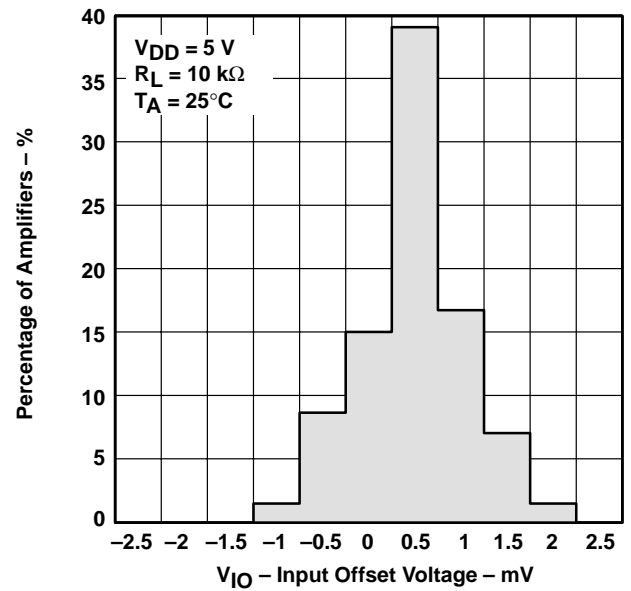


Figure 2

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 vs
 COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

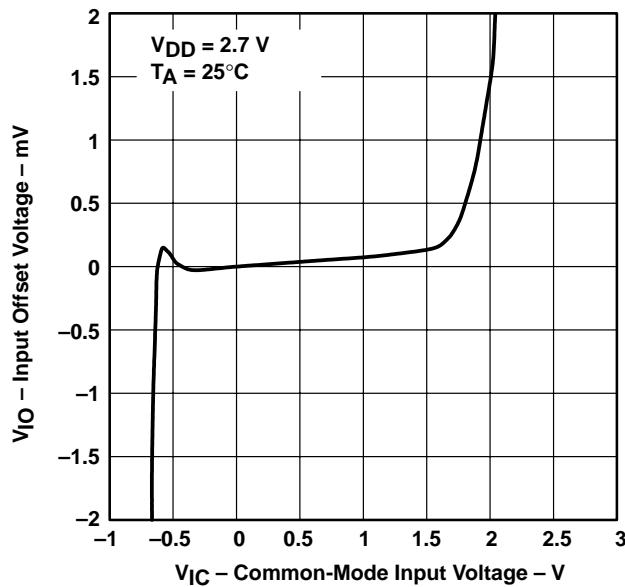


Figure 3

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 vs
 COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

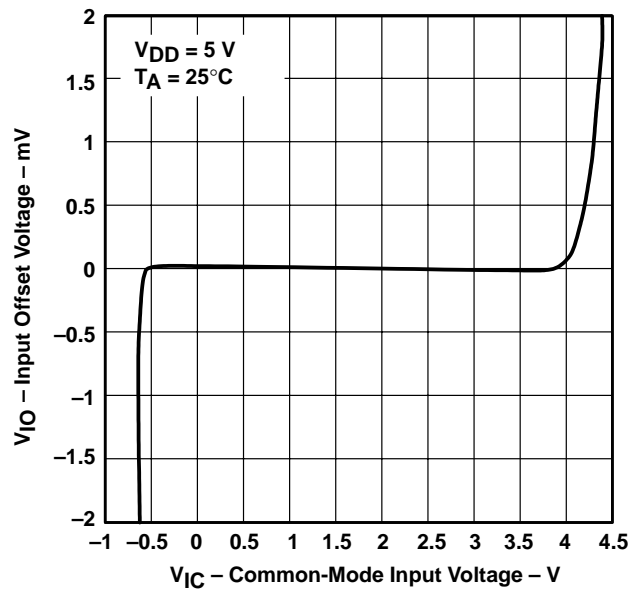


Figure 4

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2772
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

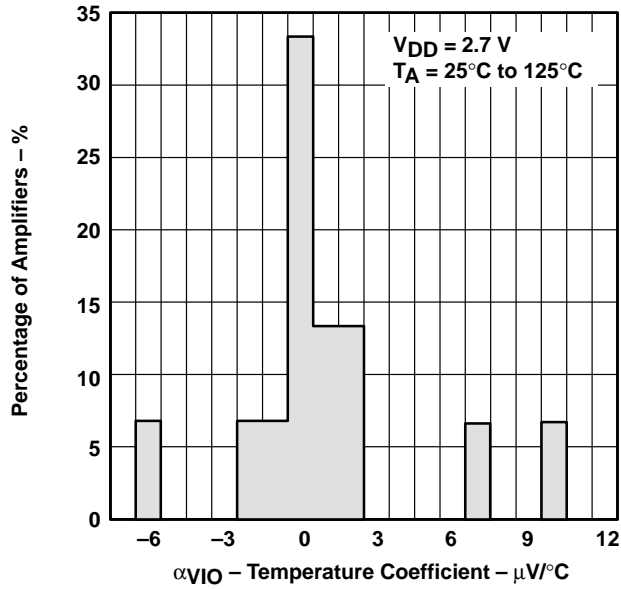


Figure 5

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2772
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

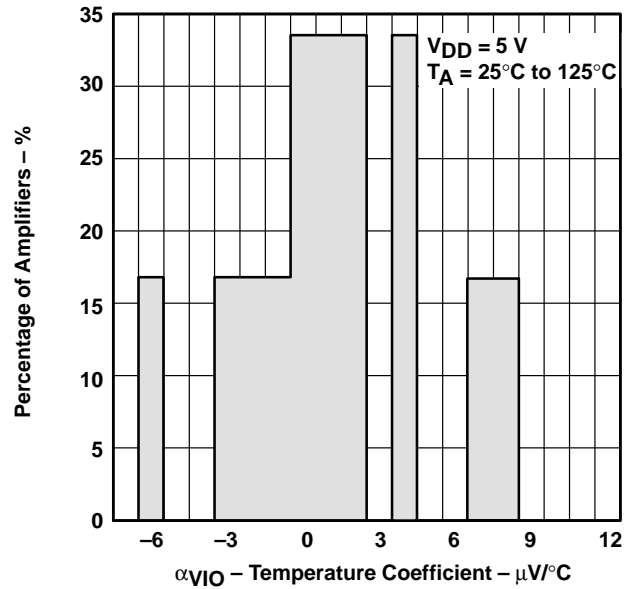


Figure 6

**INPUT BIAS AND OFFSET CURRENT
 vs
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**

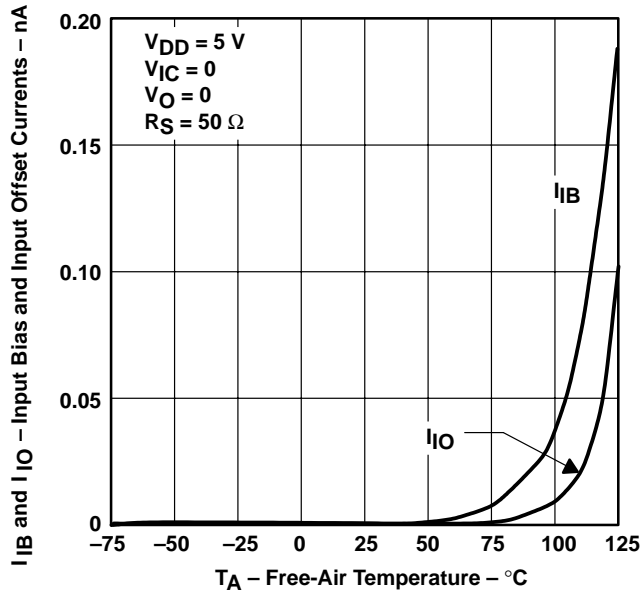


Figure 7

**HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT**

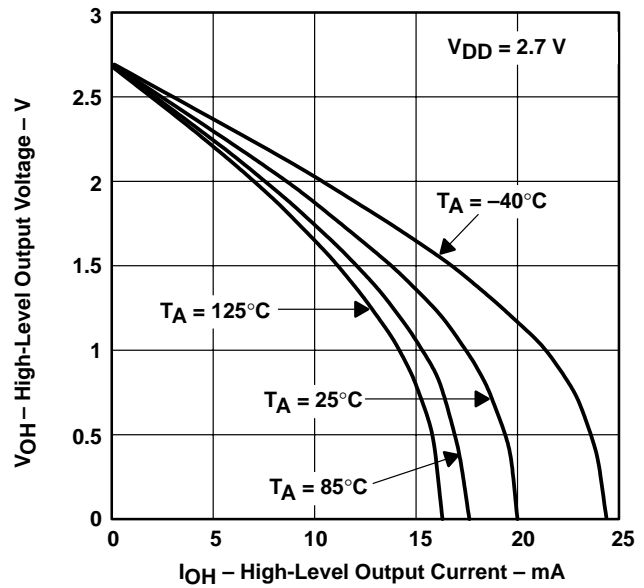


Figure 8



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

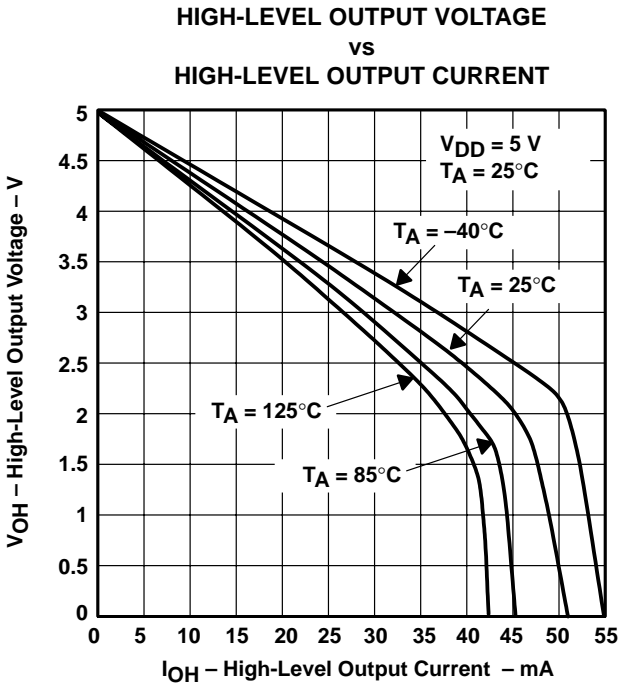


Figure 9

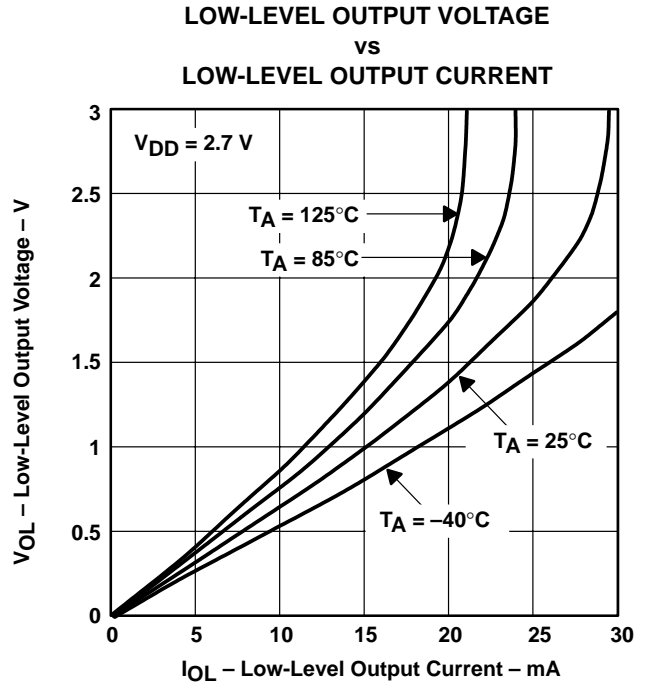


Figure 10

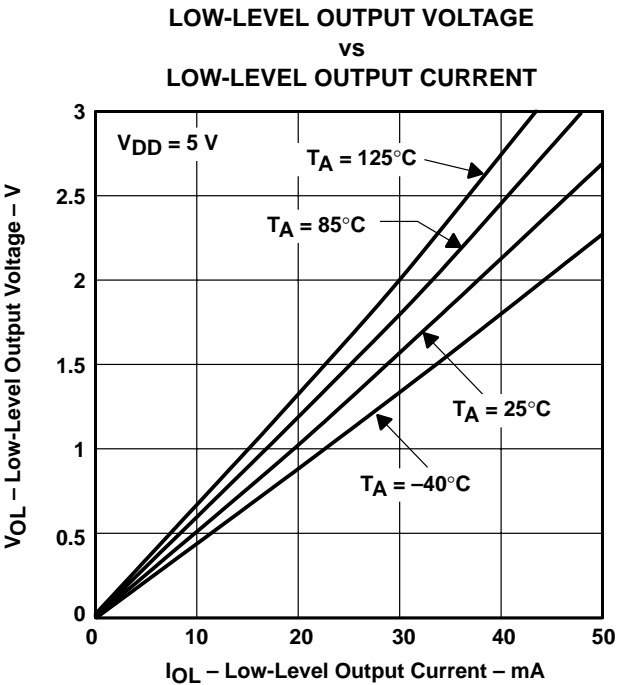


Figure 11

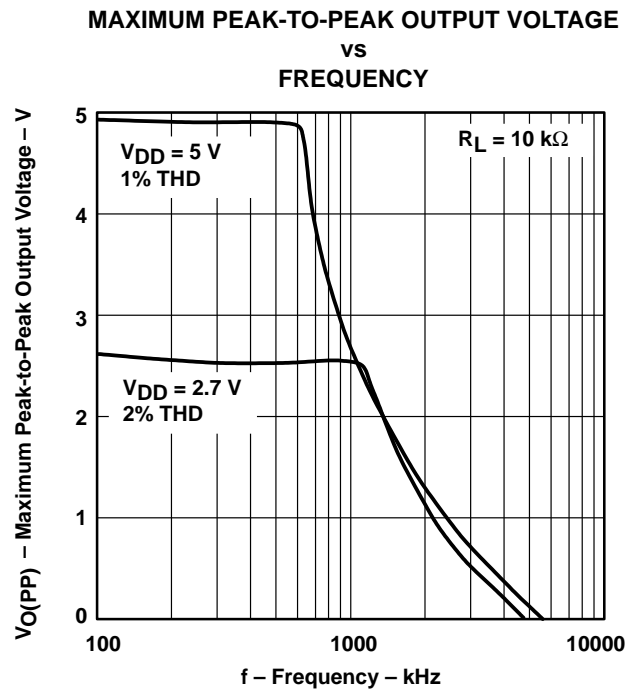


Figure 12

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREQUENCY

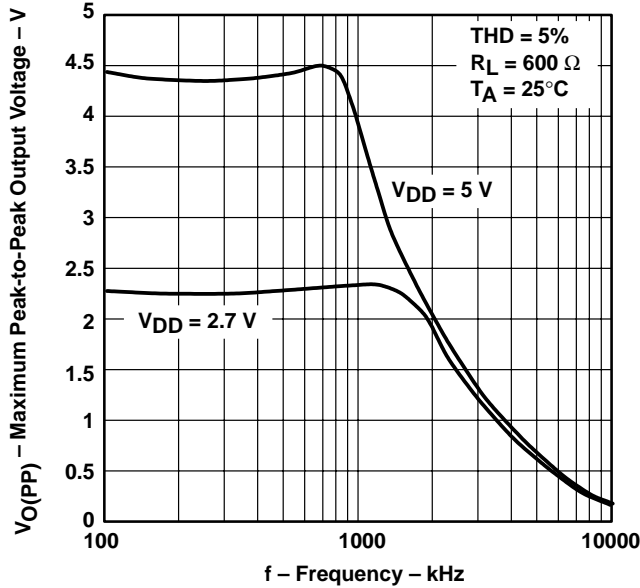


Figure 13

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

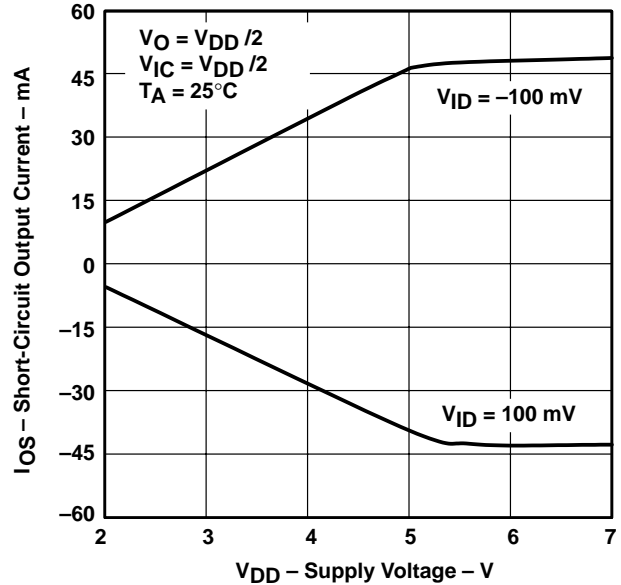


Figure 14

SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

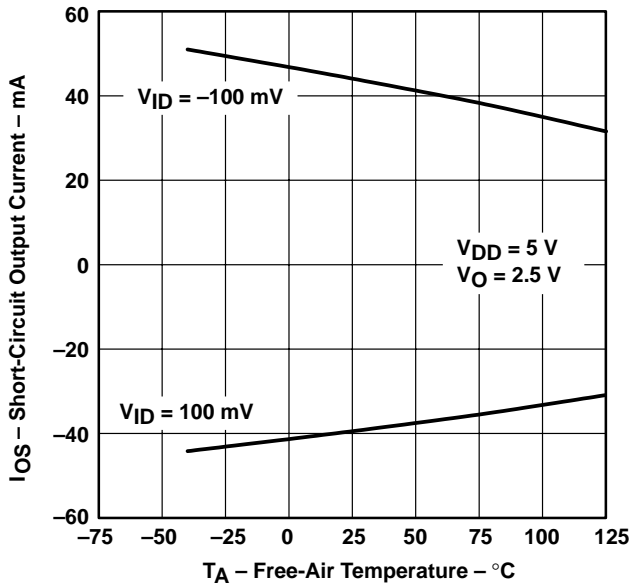


Figure 15

OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

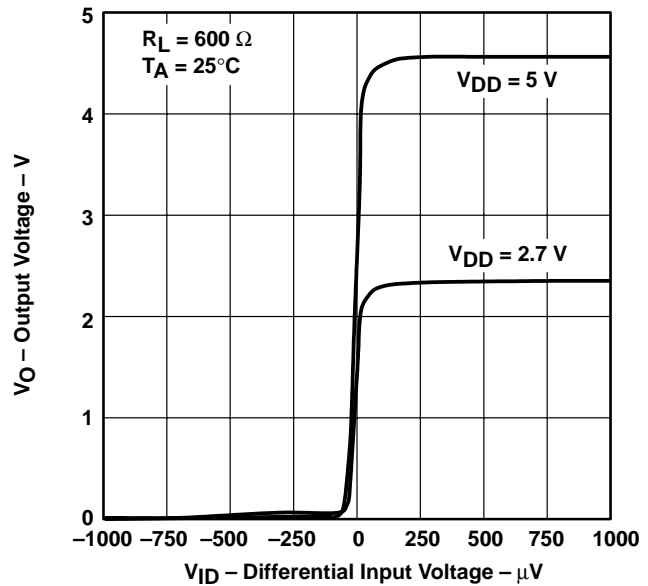


Figure 16



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
 AND PHASE MARGIN
 vs
 FREQUENCY

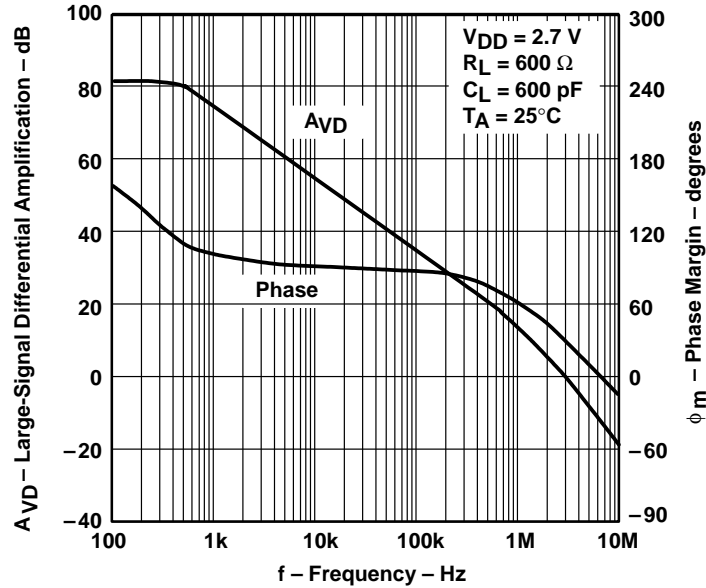


Figure 17

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
 AND PHASE MARGIN
 vs
 FREQUENCY

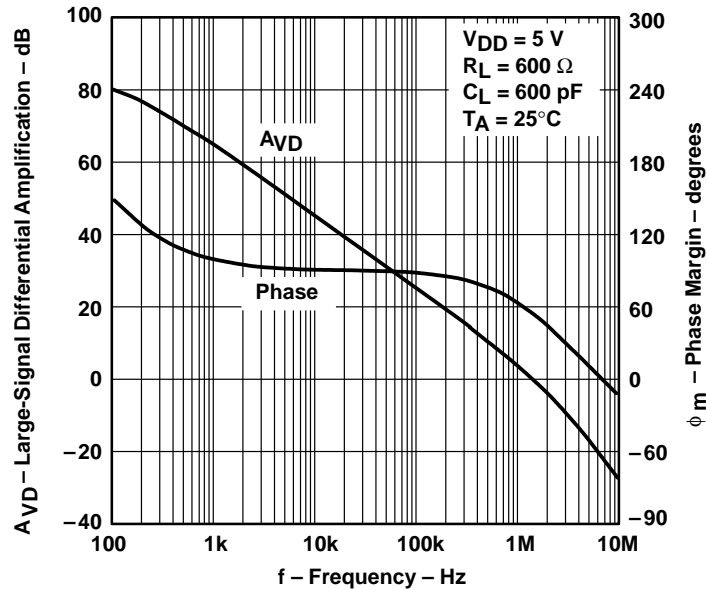


Figure 18

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
vs
LOAD RESISTANCE

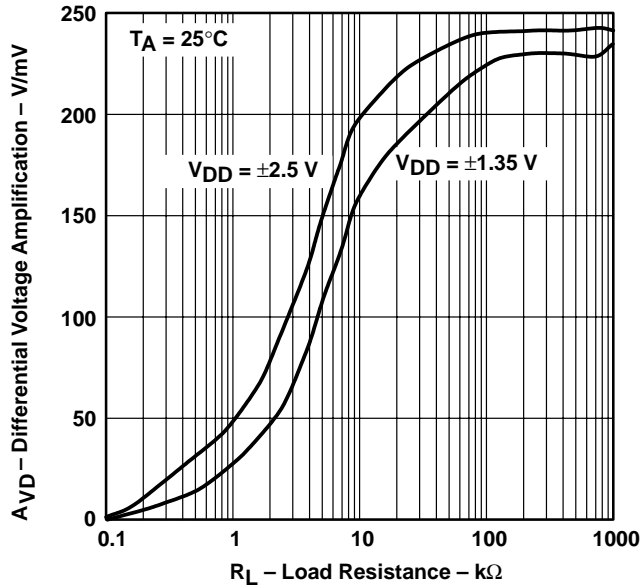


Figure 19

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

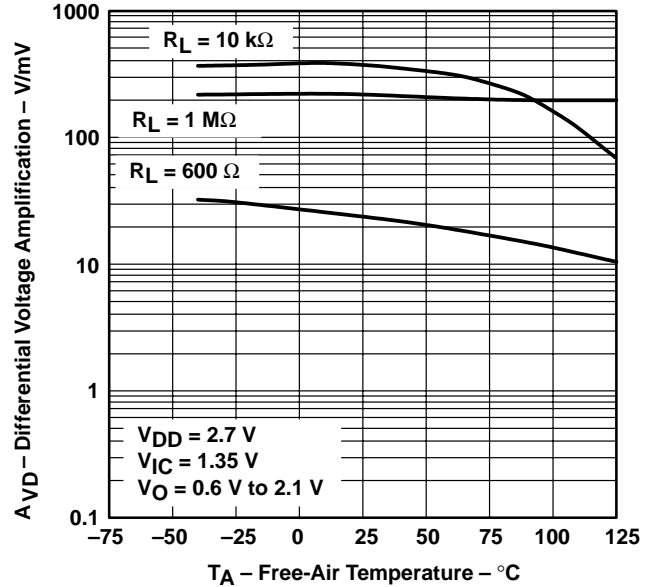


Figure 20

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

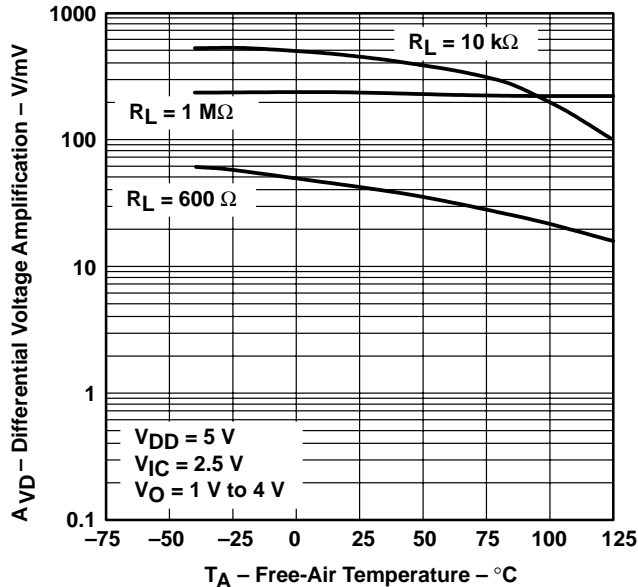


Figure 21

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

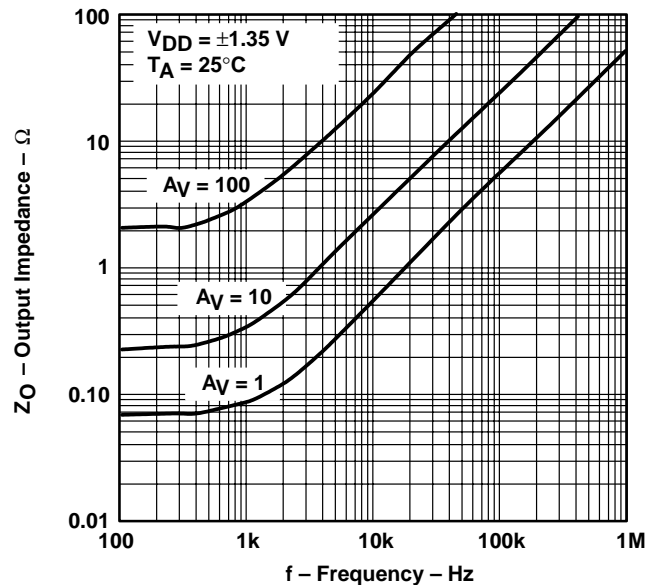


Figure 22



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

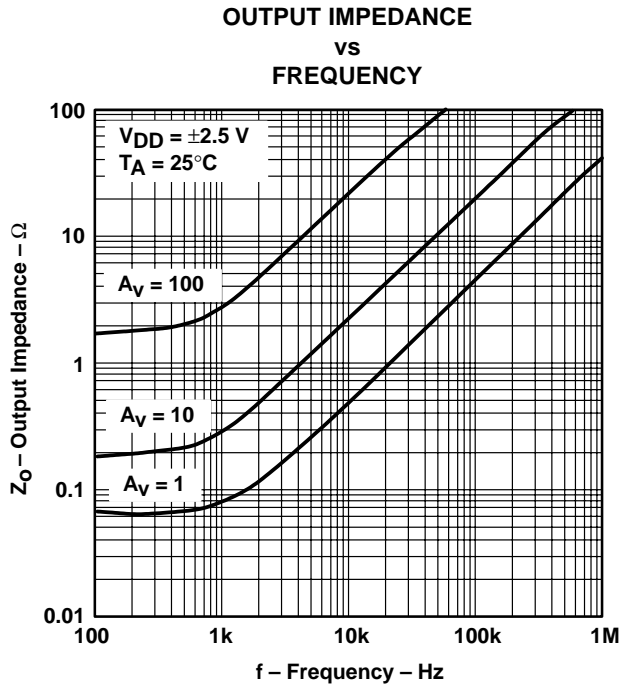


Figure 23

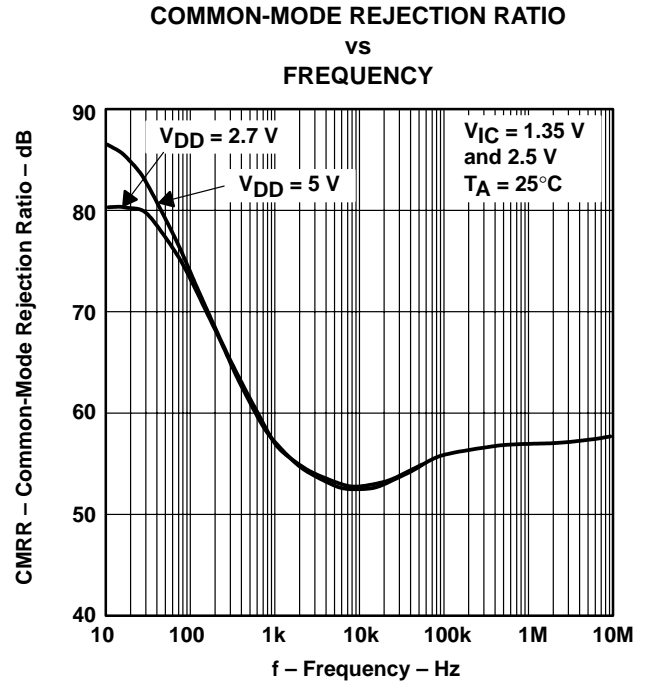


Figure 24

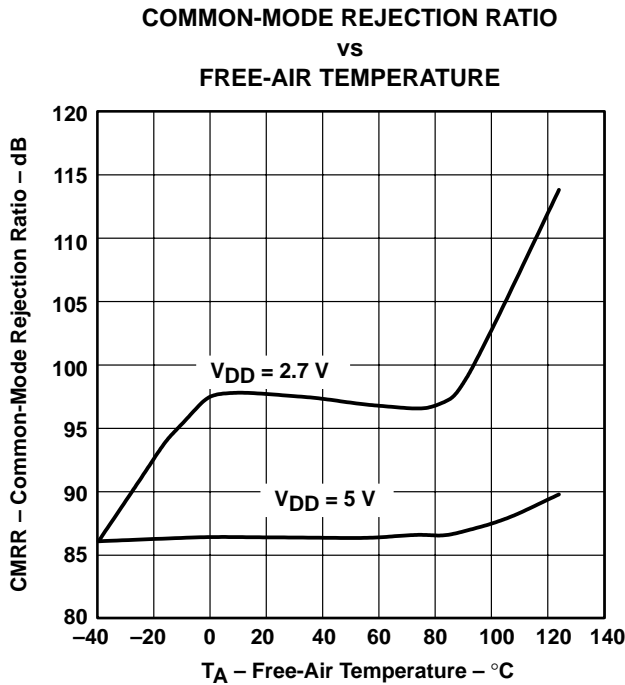


Figure 25

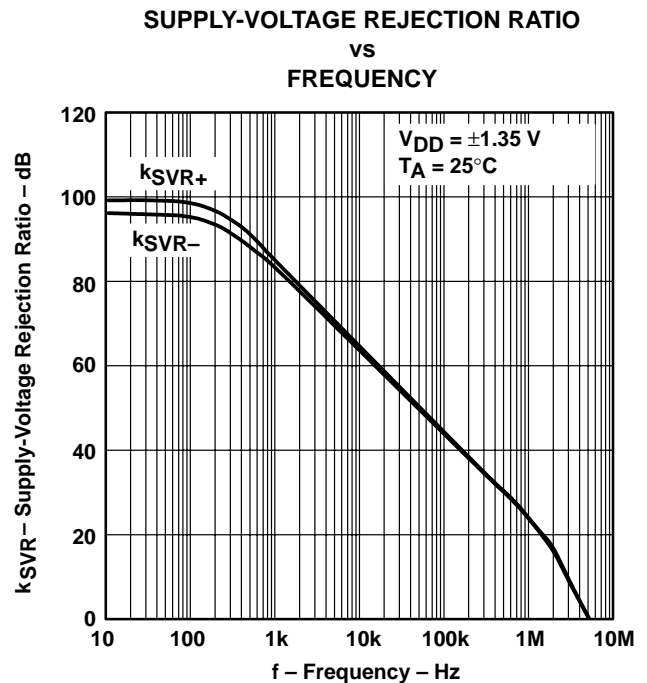


Figure 26

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO
vs
FREQUENCY

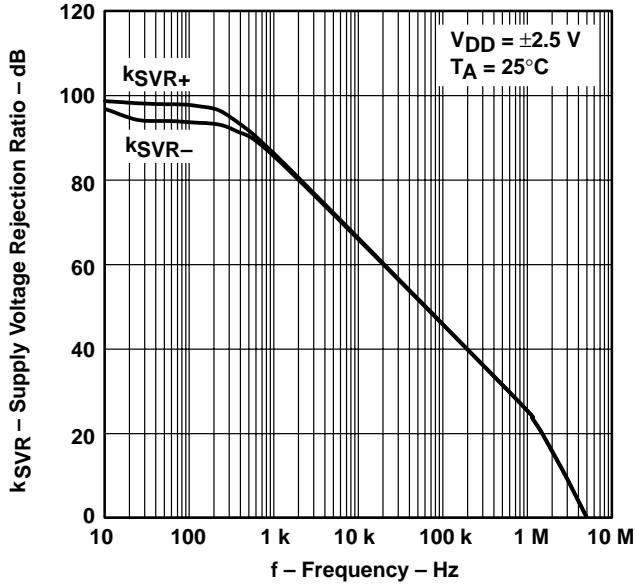


Figure 27

SUPPLY CURRENT (PER CHANNEL)
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

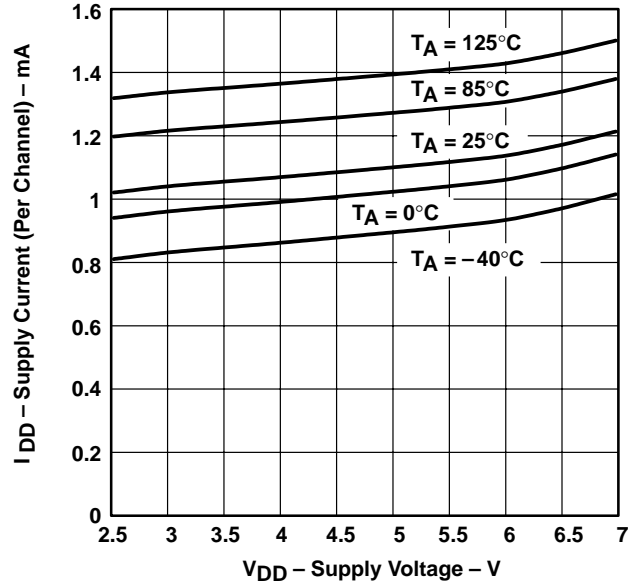


Figure 28

SLEW RATE
vs
LOAD CAPACITANCE

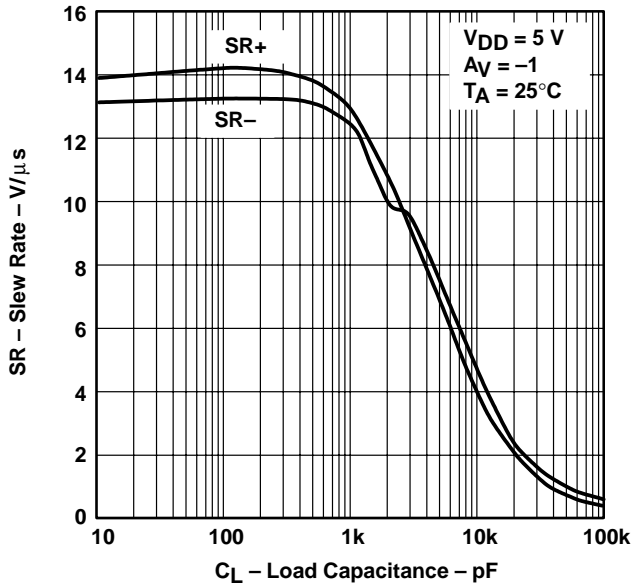


Figure 29

SLEW RATE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

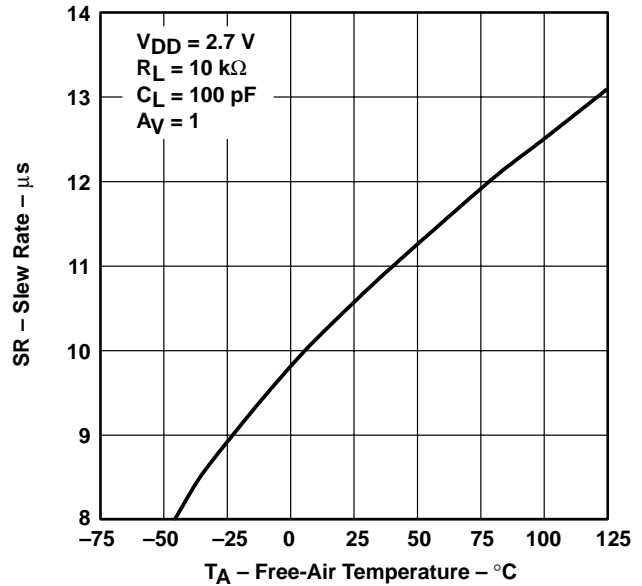


Figure 30



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

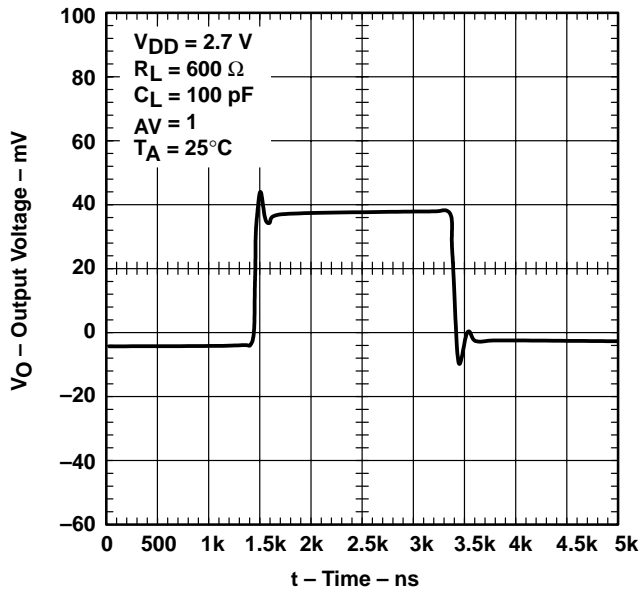


Figure 31

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

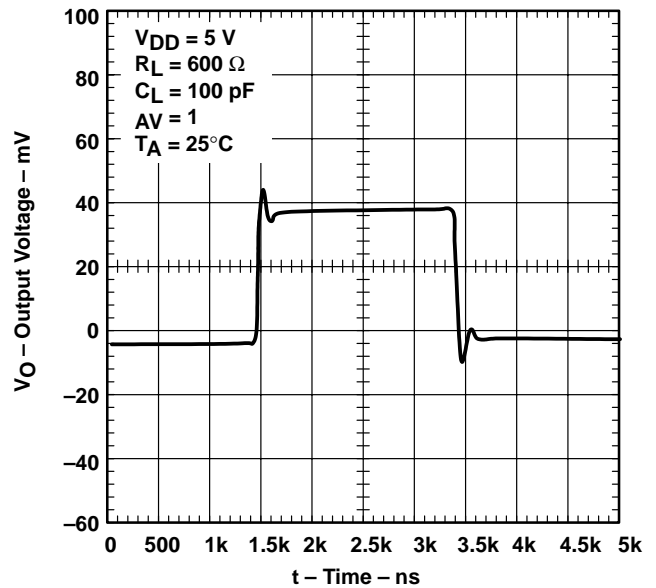


Figure 32

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

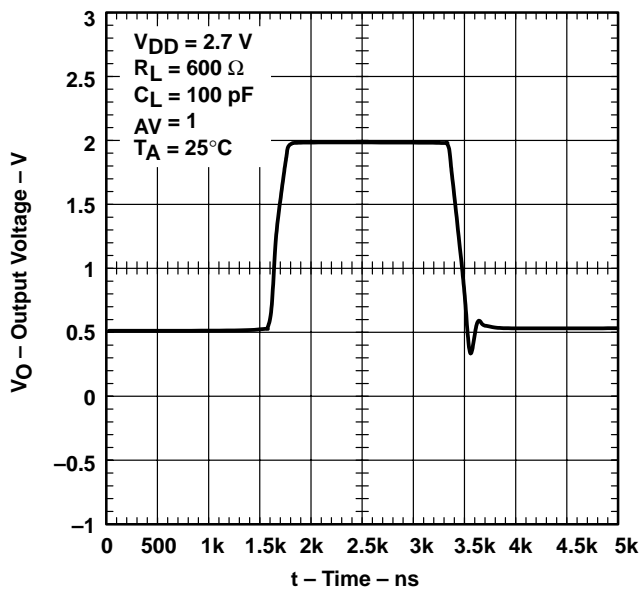


Figure 33

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
 LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

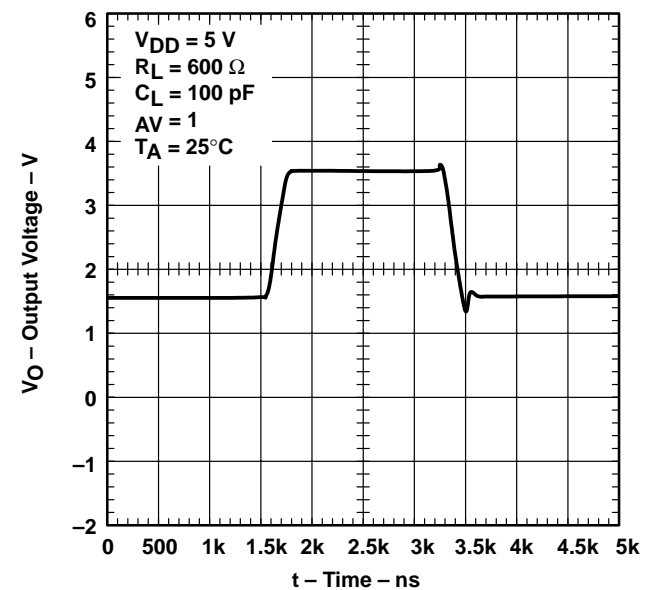


Figure 34

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

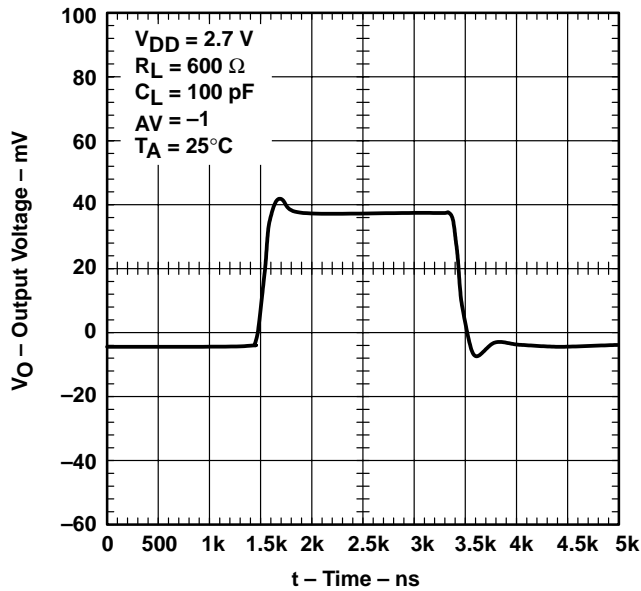


Figure 35

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

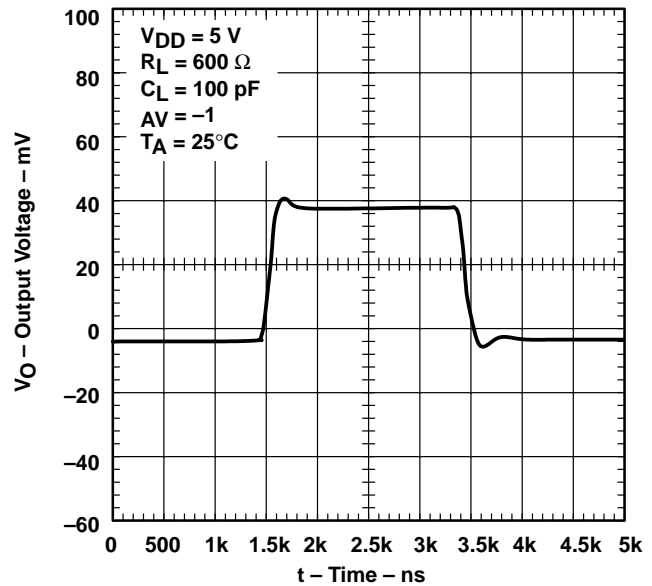


Figure 36

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

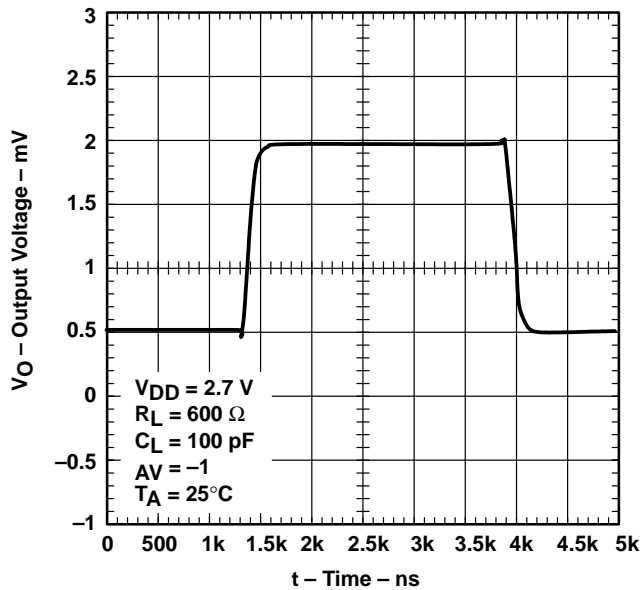


Figure 37

INVERTING LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

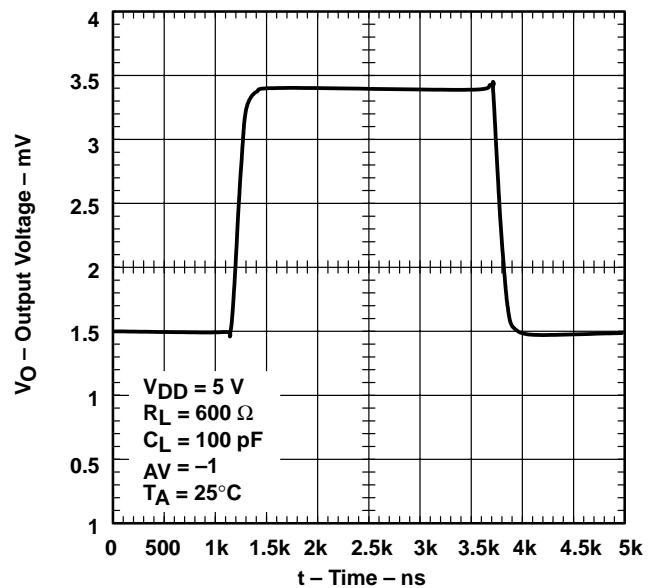


Figure 38



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
 VS
 FREQUENCY

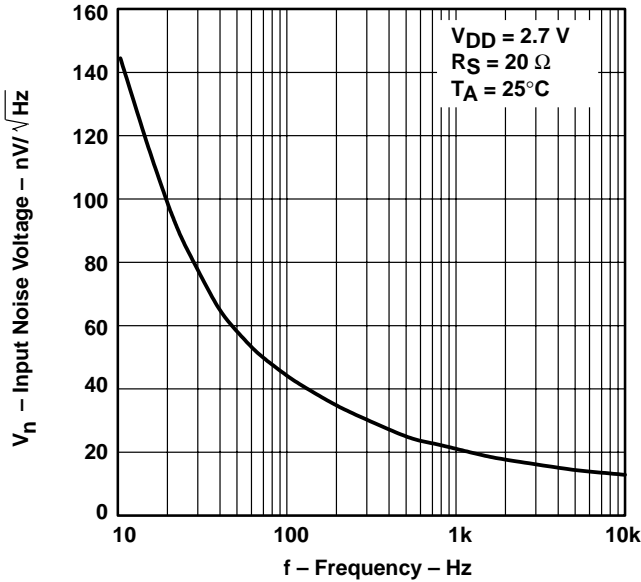


Figure 39

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
 VS
 FREQUENCY

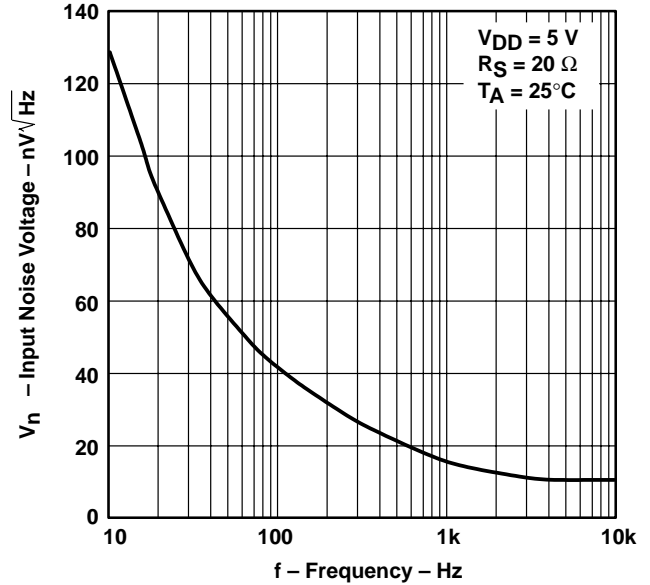


Figure 40

NOISE VOLTAGE
 OVER A 10 SECOND PERIOD

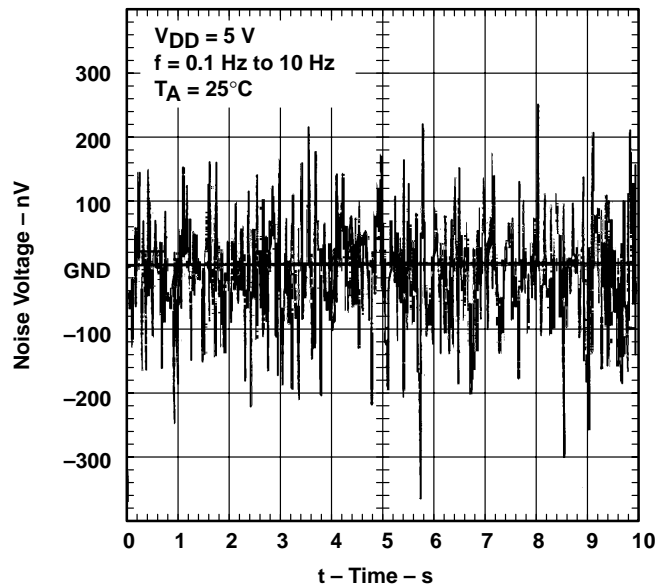


Figure 41

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE
VS
FREQUENCY

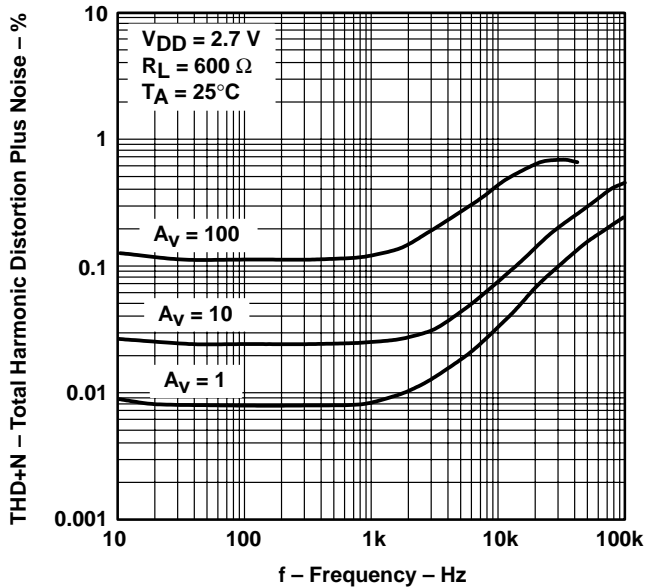


Figure 42

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE
VS
FREQUENCY

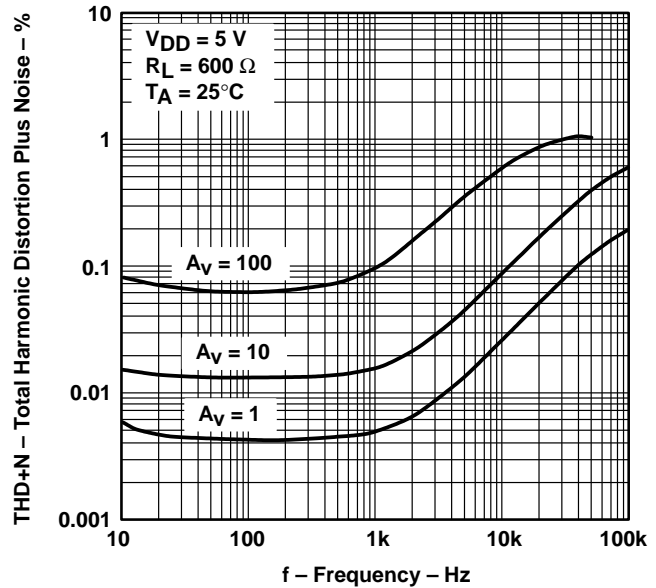


Figure 43

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT
VS
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

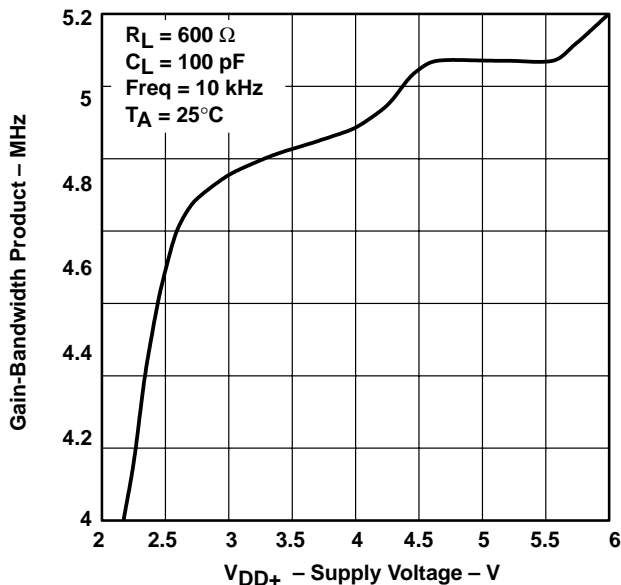


Figure 44

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH
VS
LOAD CAPACITANCE

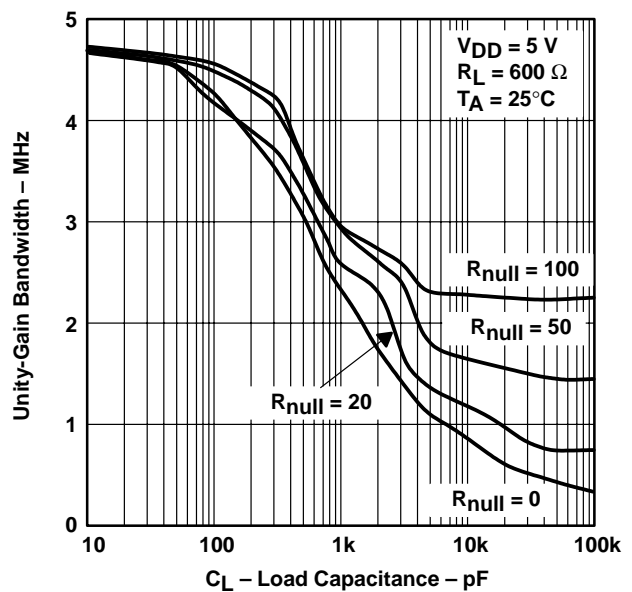
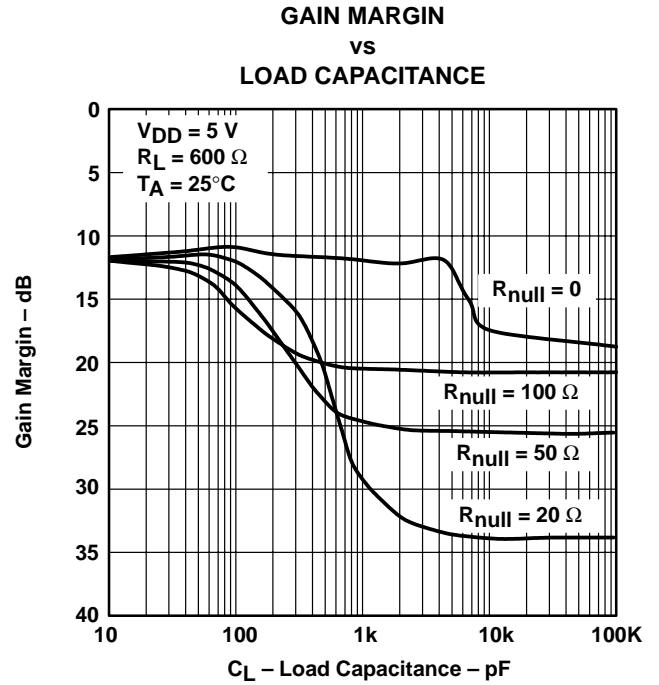
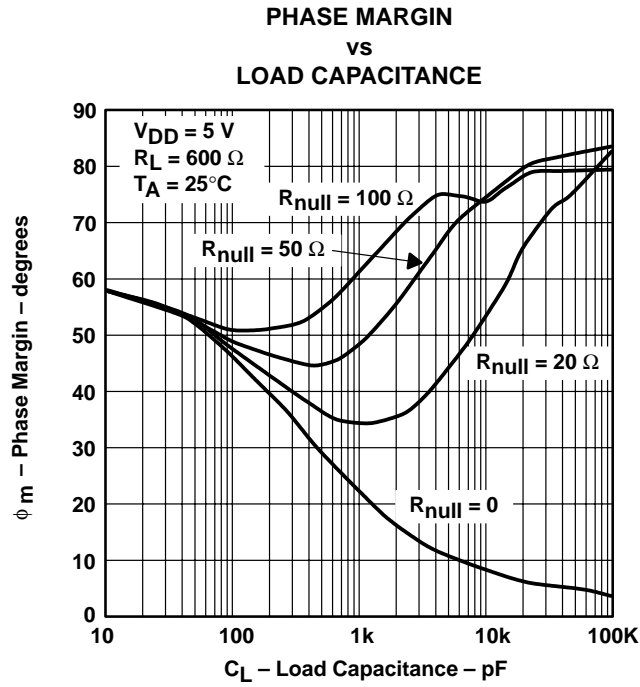


Figure 45



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y

2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™ Release 8, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 4) and subcircuit in Figure 48 are generated using the TLV2772 typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 4: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Intergrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

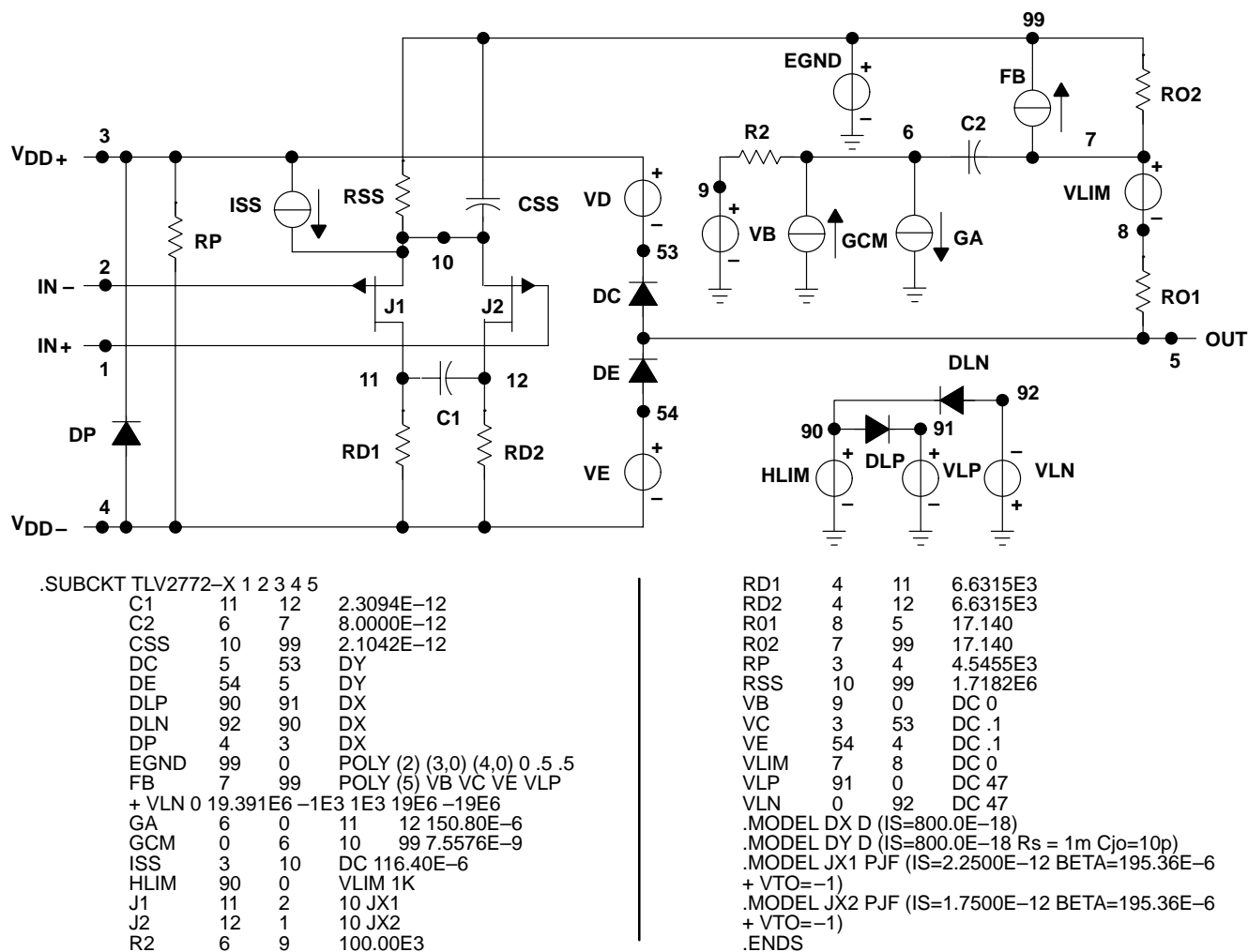


Figure 48. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

PSpice and *Parts* are trademarks of MicroSim Corporation.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y 2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

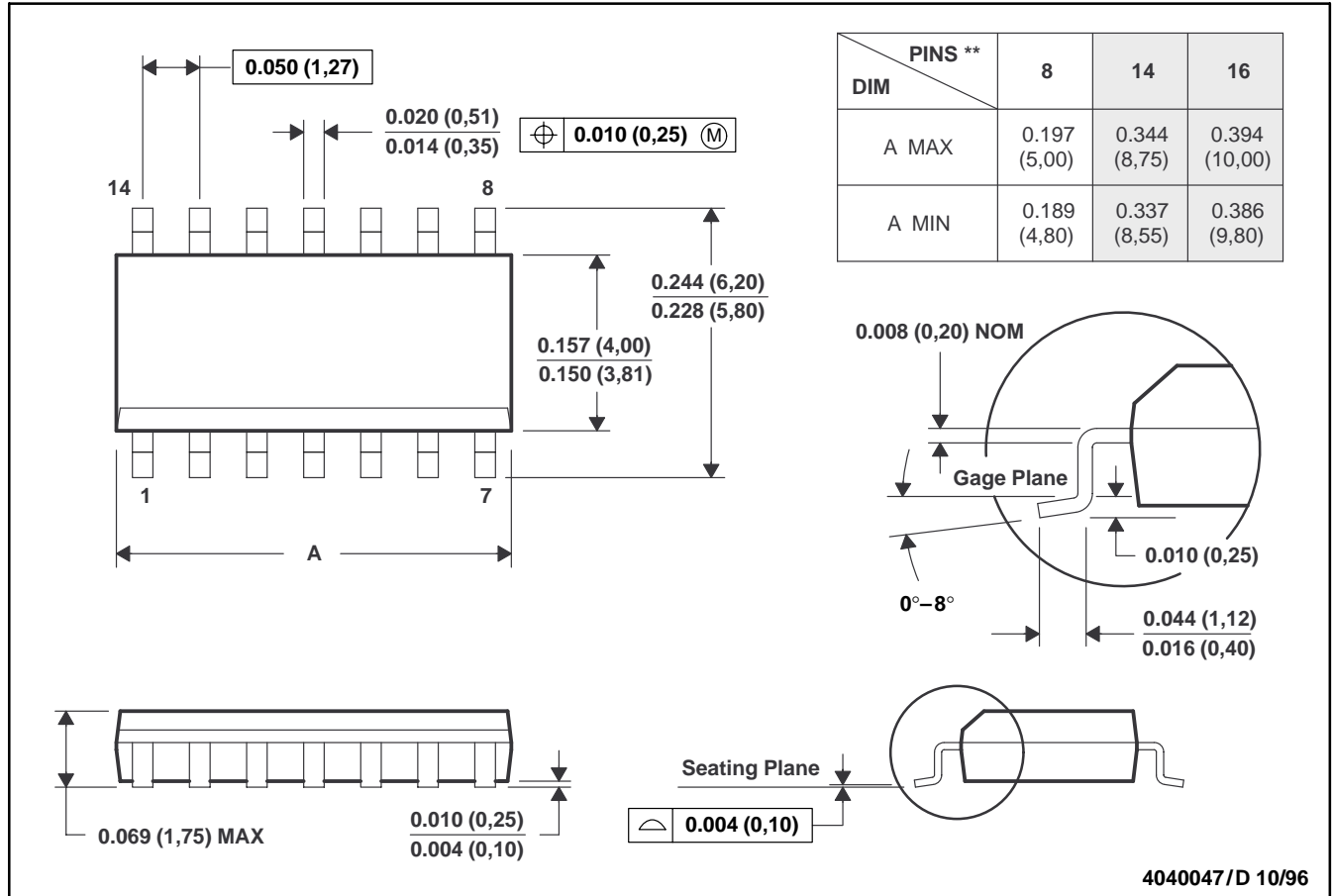
SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

D (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PIN SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

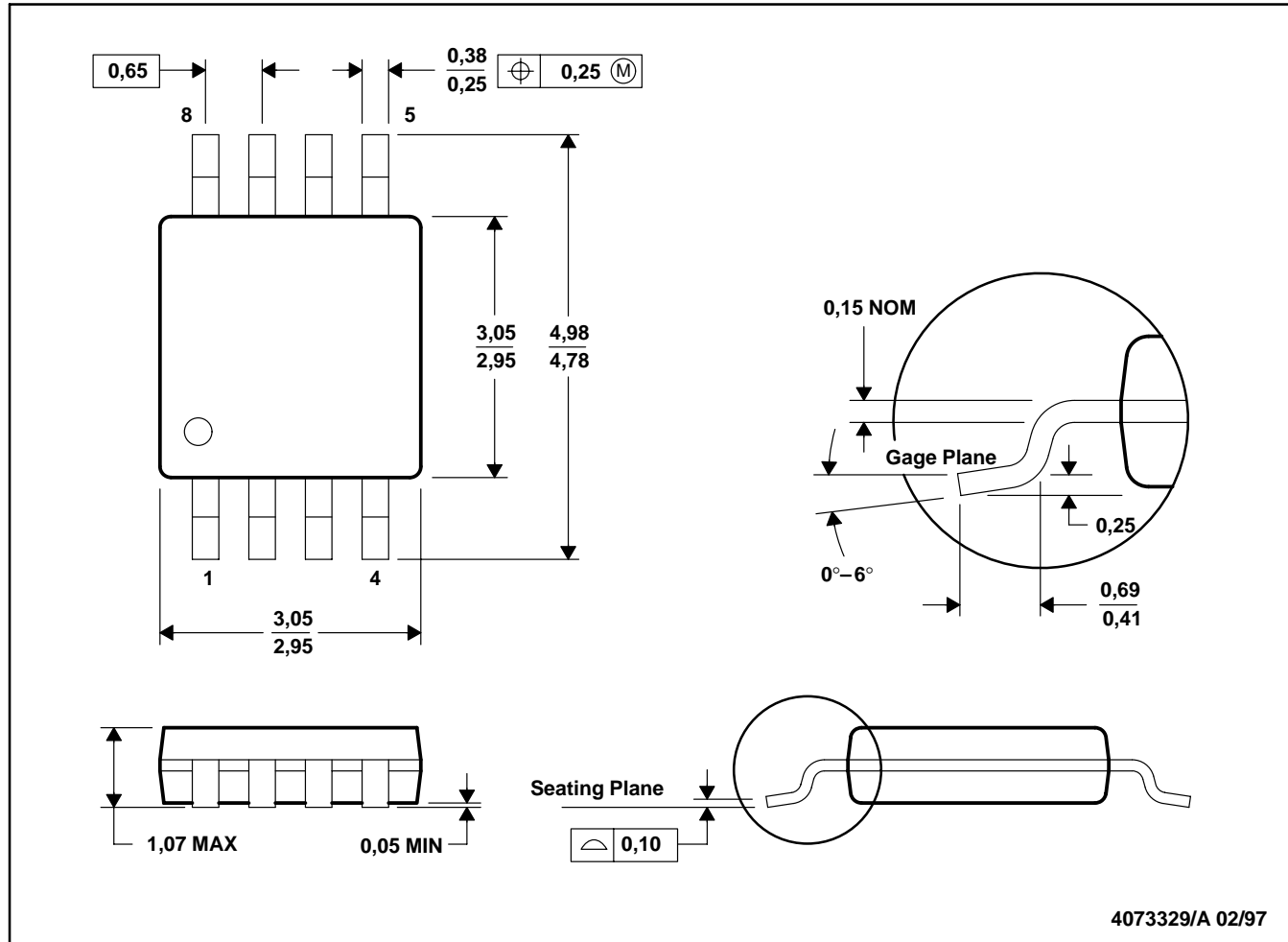
TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

DGK (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4073329/A 02/97

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.

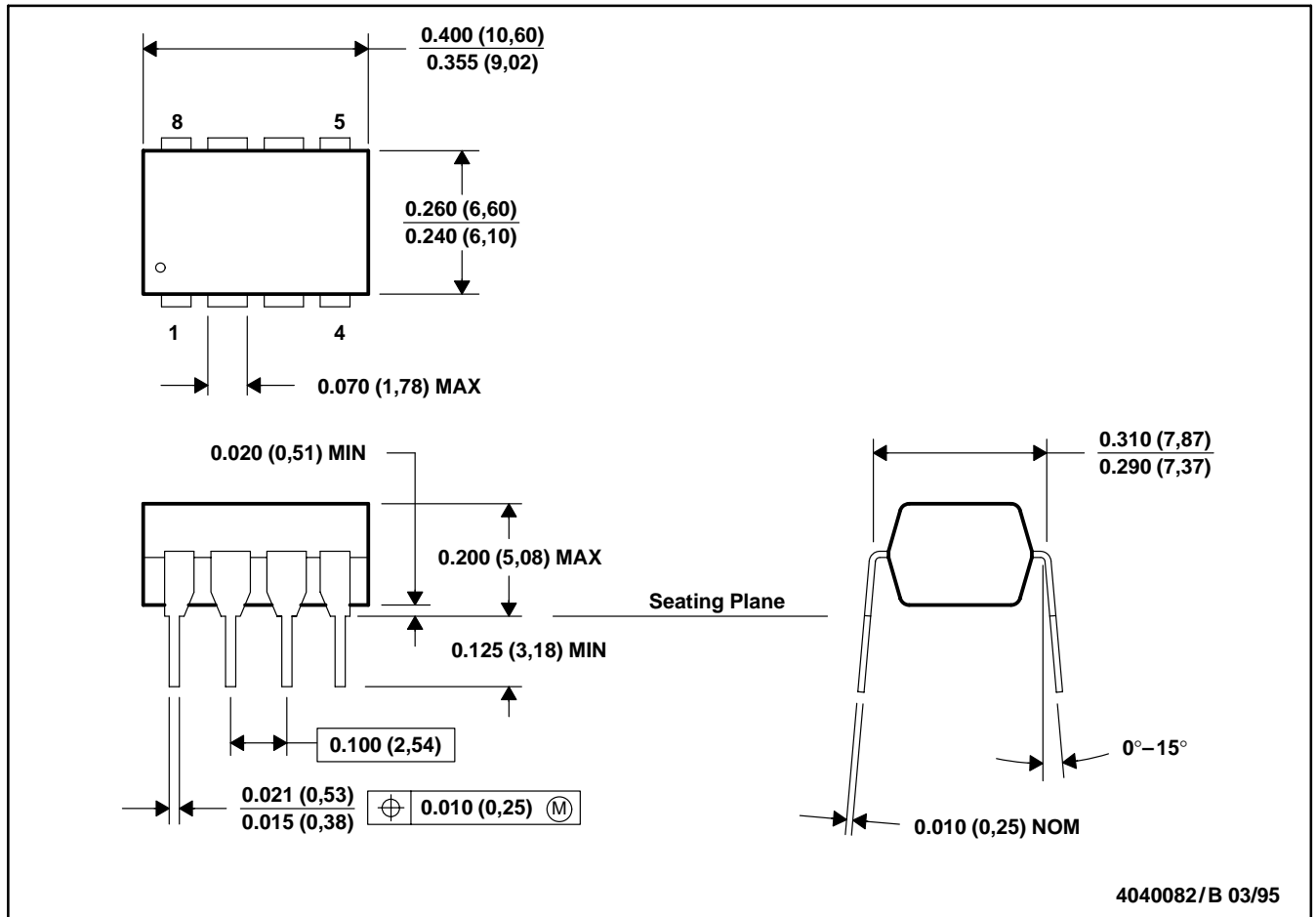
TLV2772, TLV2772A, TLV2772Y
 2.7-V HIGH-SLEW-RATE RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT
 DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS209 – JANUARY 1998

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments (TI) reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue any semiconductor product or service without notice, and advises its customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products and related software to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Certain applications using semiconductor products may involve potential risks of death, personal injury, or severe property or environmental damage ("Critical Applications").

TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, INTENDED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT APPLICATIONS, DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS.

Inclusion of TI products in such applications is understood to be fully at the risk of the customer. Use of TI products in such applications requires the written approval of an appropriate TI officer. Questions concerning potential risk applications should be directed to TI through a local SC sales office.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards should be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein. Nor does TI warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used.